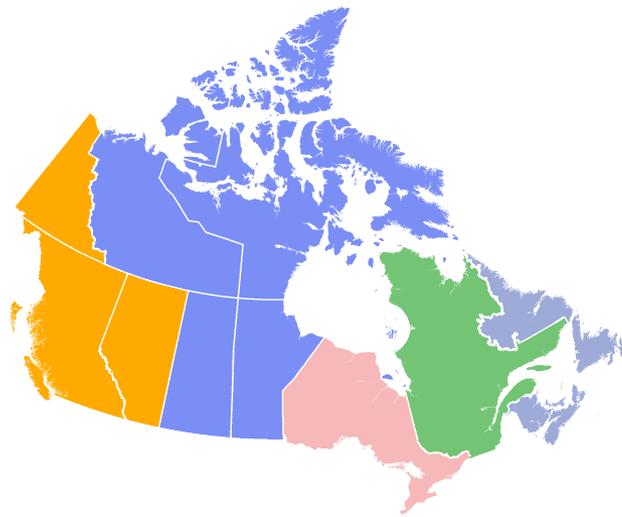


Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minority Communities Administration Regions, Quebec, 1996-2011



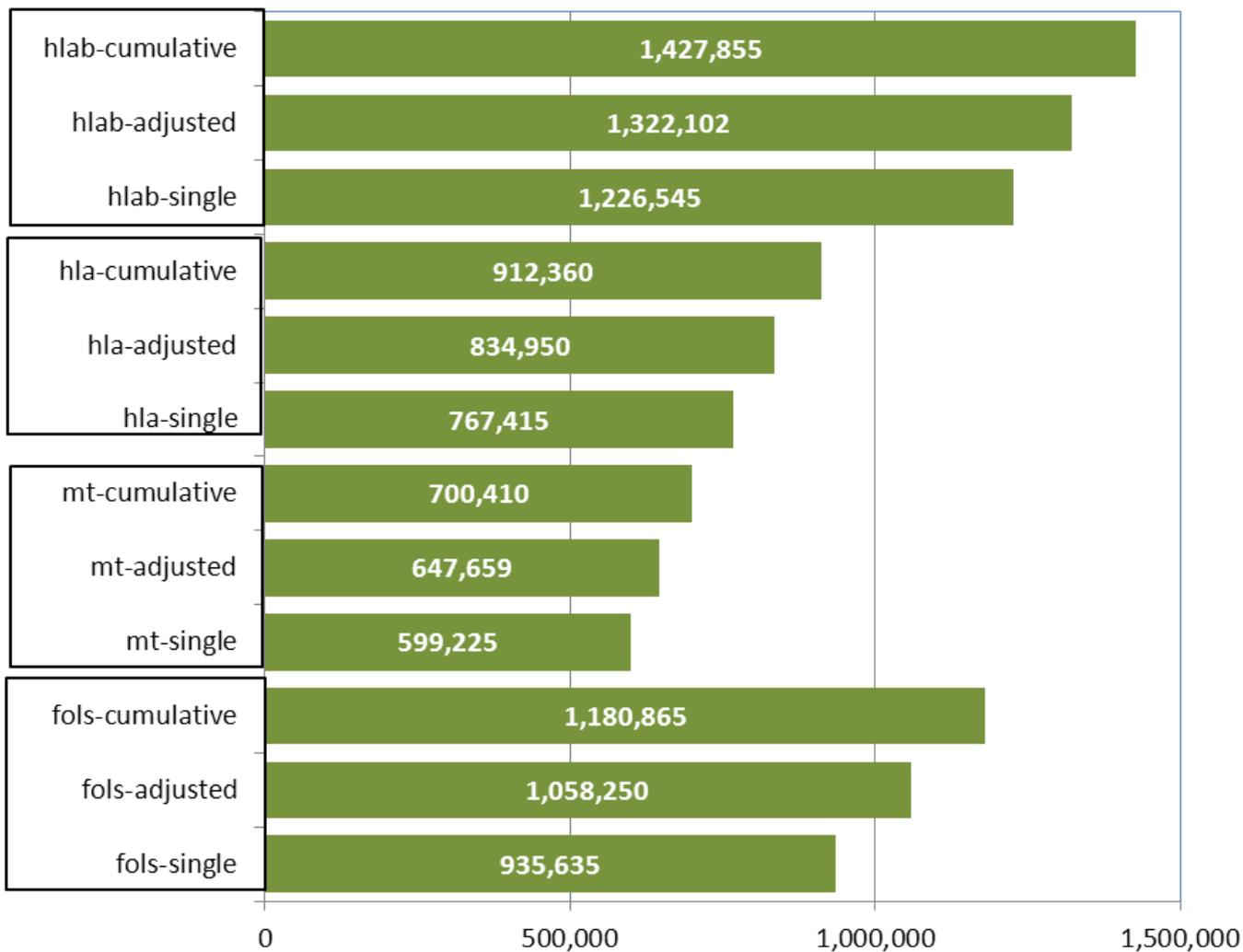
Research Team
Official Language Support Programs Branch
Department of Canadian Heritage
November, 2012, Gatineau

Content/Contenu

- **Methods of counting populations**
- **Size and proportion of OLMCs**
 - Map showing OLMC size, 2011
 - Map showing OLMC proportion, 2011
- **Population growth**
 - Change in size, 2001-2011, by province/territory
 - Relative population growth, 2001-2011, by province/territory
 - Change from 1996-2011 - Quebec
 - Change from 1996-2011 - Administrative Regions
- **Language retention rate**
 - Based on home language used most frequently
 - Based on home language used most frequently or regularly
- **Languages used at home**
 - Most frequently or regularly; alone or among others
 - Use of French as a home language
 - Use of English as a home language
 - Use of non-official languages at home

Methods of Counting

**Count of Official-Language Minority
Using Various Language Concepts and Methods
Quebec, 2011**

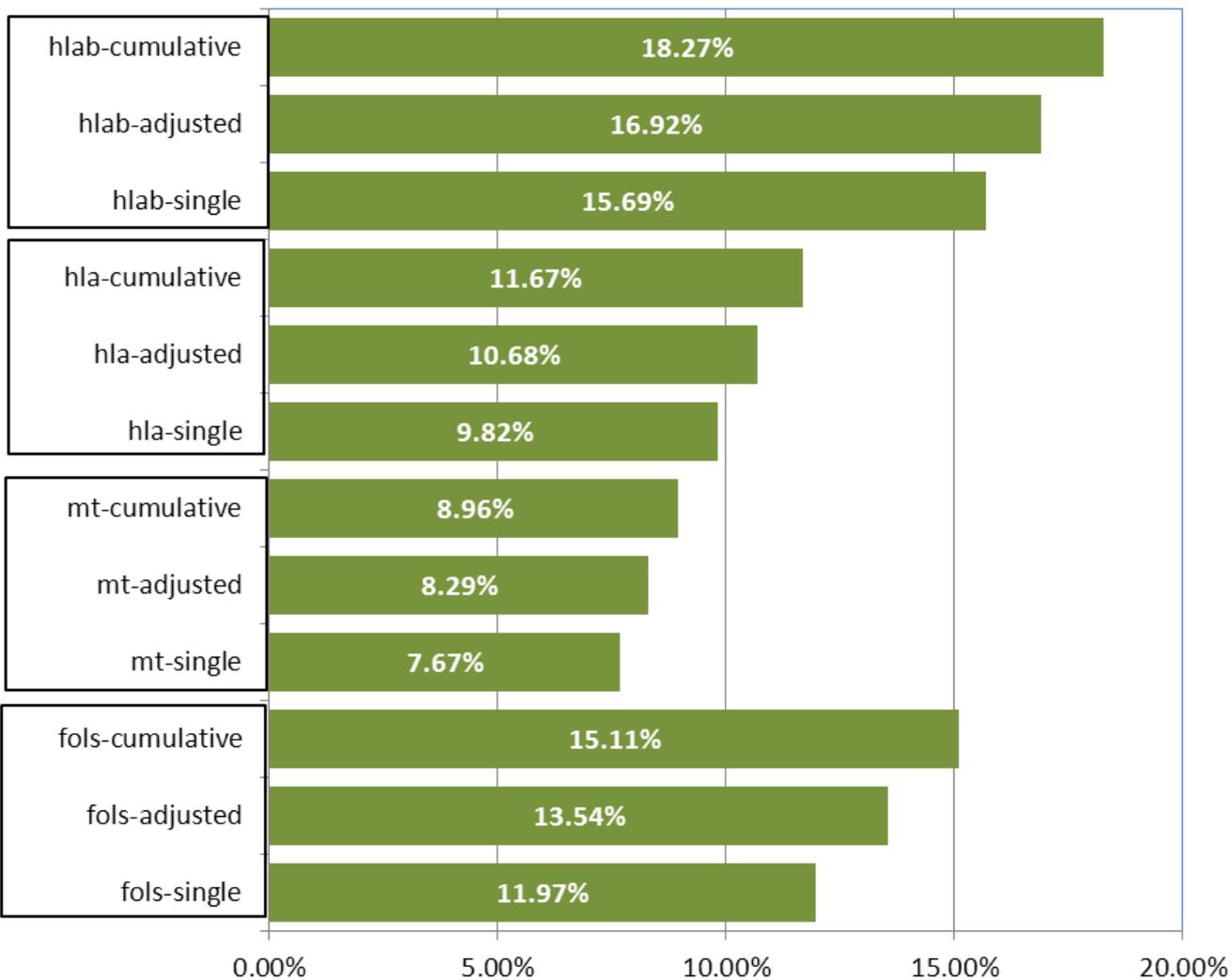


fols = first official language spoken
mt = mother tongue
hla = language used most frequently at home
hlab = language used most frequently or regularly at home

single = only language declared
adjusted = multiple responses distributed equally
cumulative = all mentions counted

- Depending on the choice of the language concept and the methodology for treating multiple responses, a wide variety of responses can be produced to answer the question: “how many members of official-language communities are there?”
- As the attached graphic illustrates, the English-speaking population living in Quebec could be seen to comprise as many as 1,427,855 persons when all those who speak English among their home languages are considered as compared to a low of 599,225 if we consider only those who have English as their sole home language are counted.
- The Government of Canada generally uses the FOLS-adjusted figure which would yield a population count of 1,058,250 in 2011.

**Proportion of Official-Language Minority
Using Various Language Concepts and Methods
Quebec, 2011**



*fols = first official language spoken
mt = mother tongue
hla = language used most frequently at home
hlab = language used most frequently or regularly at home*

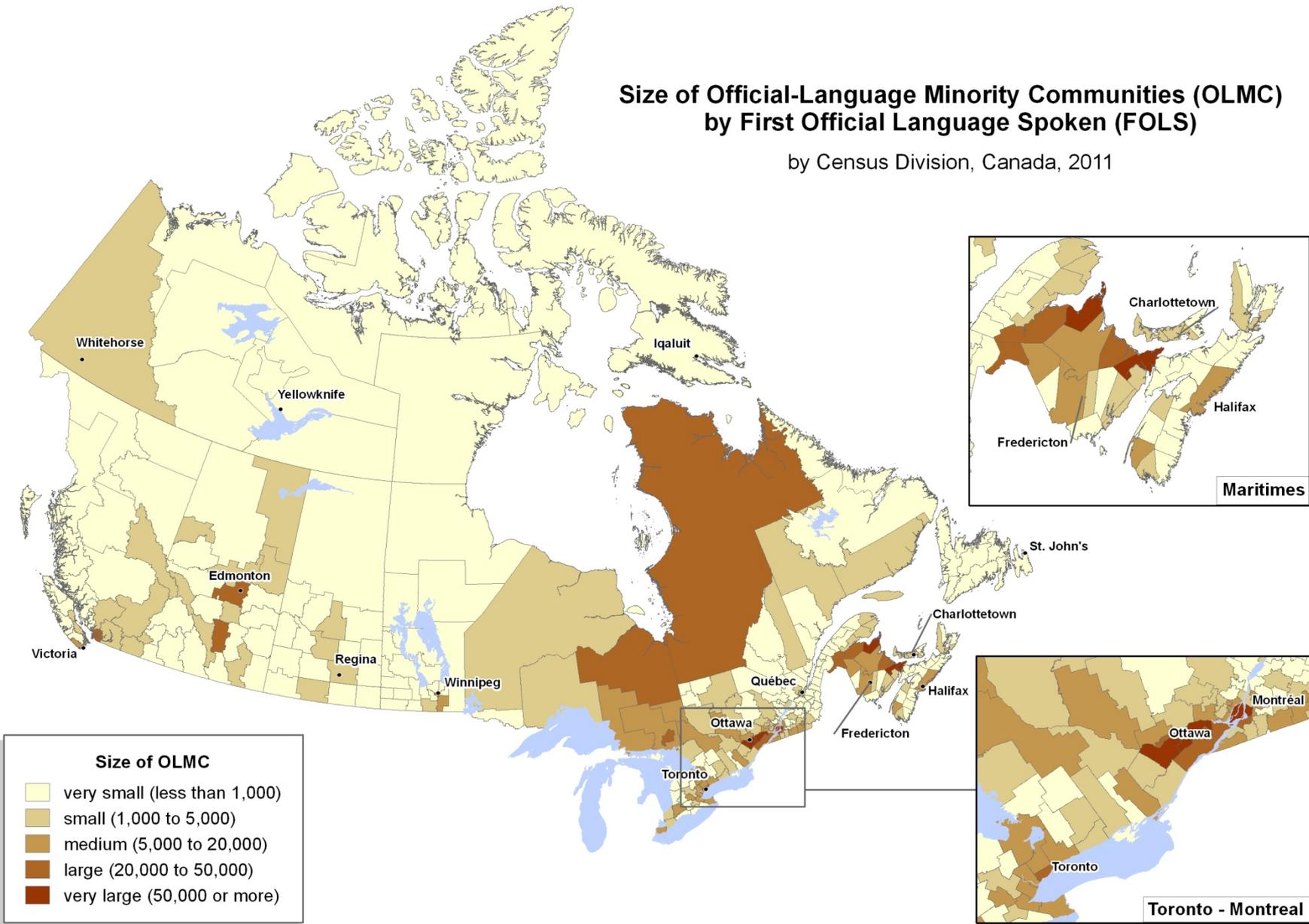
*single = only language declared
adjusted = multiple responses distributed equally
cumulative = all mentions counted*

- Depending on the choice of the language concept and the methodology for treating multiple responses, a wide variety of responses can be produced to answer the question: “how many members of official-language communities are there?”
- As the attached graphic illustrates, the English-speaking population living in Quebec could be seen to comprise as much as 18.27% of the population when all those who speak English among their home languages are considered as compared to a low of 7.67% if we consider only those who have English as their sole home language are counted.
- The Government of Canada generally uses the FOLS-adjusted figure which would yield a population share of 13.54%.

Size and Proportion of OLMCs

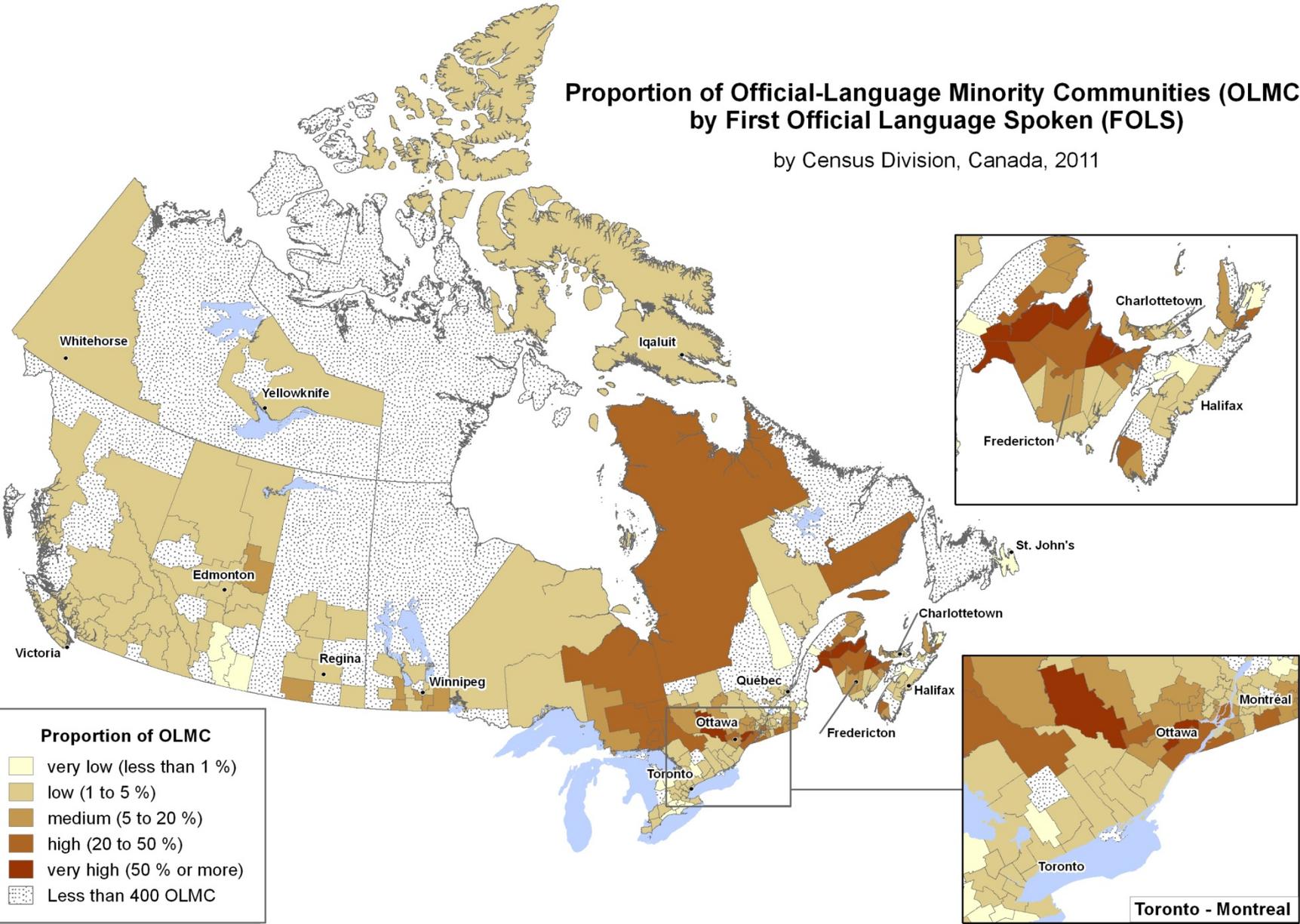
Size of Official-Language Minority Communities (OLMC) by First Official Language Spoken (FOLS)

by Census Division, Canada, 2011



Proportion of Official-Language Minority Communities (OLMC) by First Official Language Spoken (FOLS)

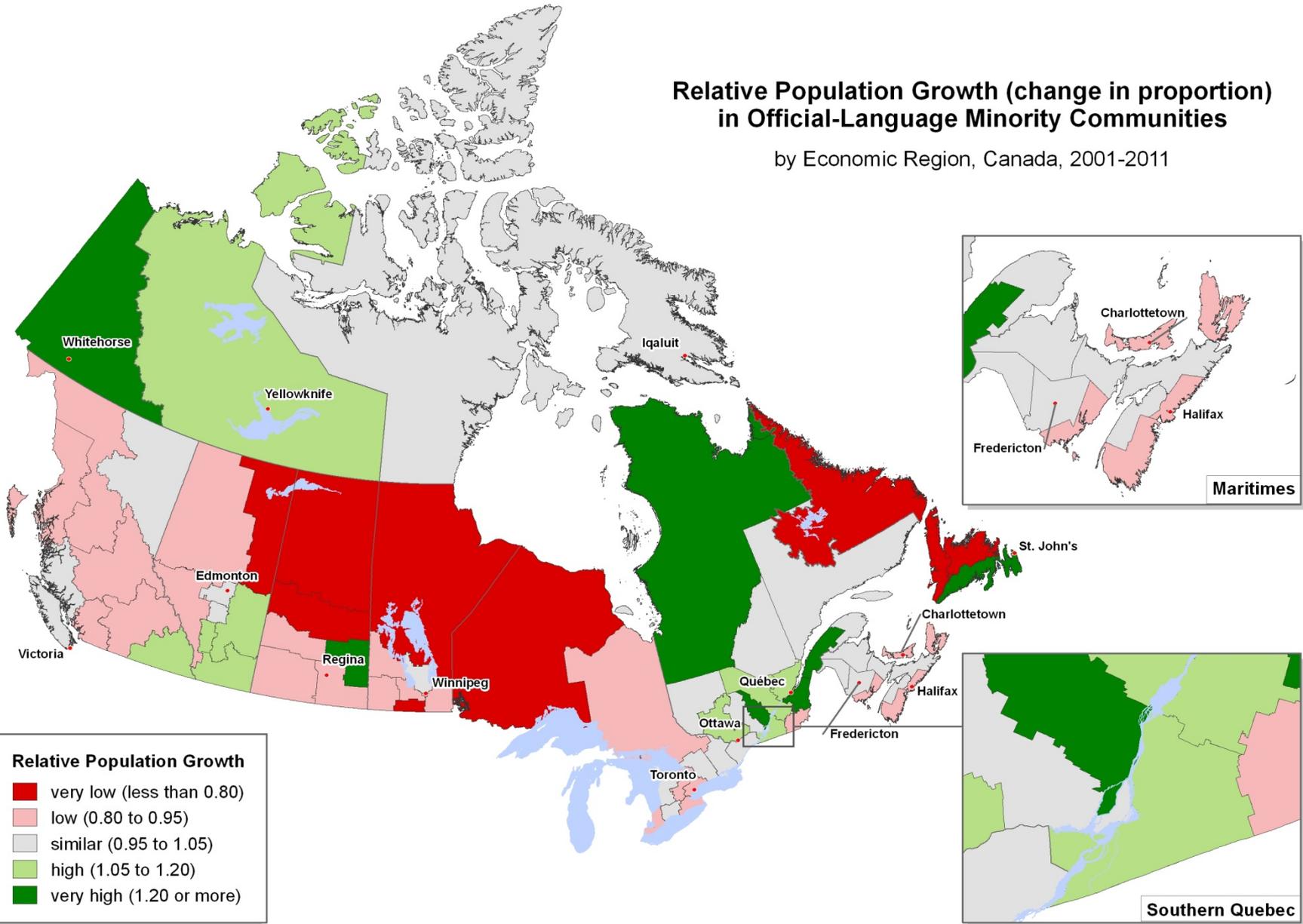
by Census Division, Canada, 2011



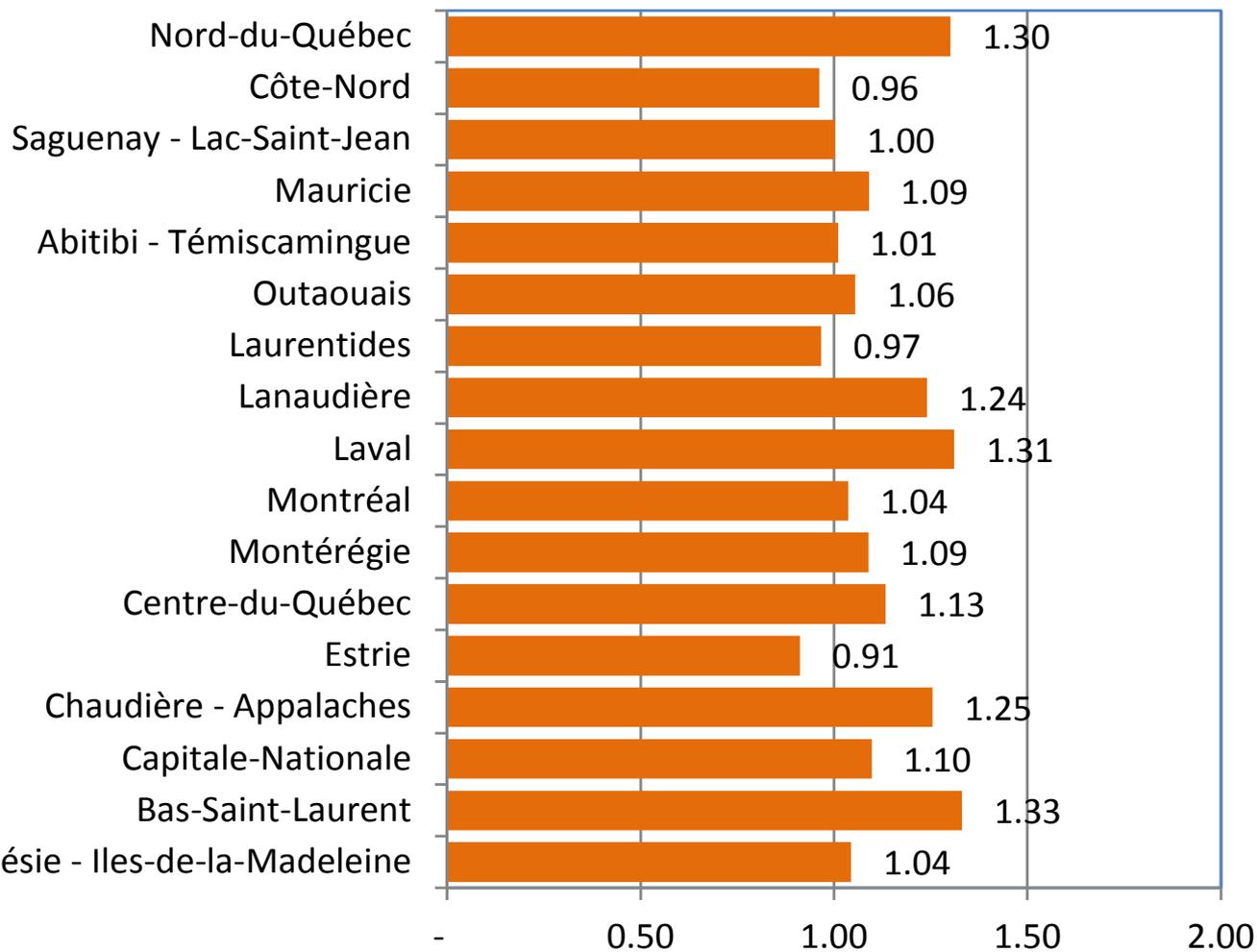
Population Growth

Relative Population Growth (change in proportion) in Official-Language Minority Communities

by Economic Region, Canada, 2001-2011



Relative Population Growth Official-Language Minority Communities Administrative Regions, Quebec 2001-2011



- Over the ten year period from 2001 to 2011, most of Quebec's administrative experienced faster growth in the OLMC populations than was observed for their majority counterparts as illustrated here with the Relative Population Growth (RPG) index.
- Relative to their majority, OLMCs in Bas Saint-Laurent (1.33), Laval (1.31), Nord-du-Québec (1.30), Chaudière-Appalaches (1.25) and Lanaudière (1.24) showed substantially higher rates of growth than did their Francophone neighbours.
- Estrie (0.91), Côte-Nord (0.96) and Laurentides (0.97) experienced slower growth rates than the Francophone populations in their regions.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Quebec, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Quebec's total population	7,045,080	7,125,560	7,435,905	7,815,955
Size of official-language minority	925,830	919,000	994,723	1,058,250
Share of Quebec's population	13.1%	12.9%	13.4%	13.5%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	48.8%	48.2%	49.9%	51.2%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-6,830	75,723	63,527	132,420
Growth (percentage)	-0.7%	8.2%	6.4%	14.3%
Relative Population Growth	0.98	1.04	1.02	1.05

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 1,058,250 Anglophones in Quebec who comprised 13.5% of the province's population, making it a very large OLMC in Canada, with a medium share of the provincial population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 132,420 which represents a net gain of 14.3%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Quebec grew by 63,527 from 994,723 to 1,058,250.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was fairly similar to that of the majority language group in Quebec, with an RPG of 1.05 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Quebec Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada decreased down to 51.2%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine - total population	104,175	95,480	93,120	93,215
Size of official-language minority	10,580	9,755	9,488	9,950
Share of Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine's population	10.2%	10.2%	10.2%	10.7%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.6%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-825	-267	462	-630
Growth (percentage)	-7.8%	-2.7%	4.9%	-6.0%
Relative Population Growth	1.01	1.00	1.05	1.04

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 9,950 Anglophones in Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine who comprised 10.7% of the region's population, making it a small OLMC in Quebec, with a medium share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones dropped by 630 which represents a net loss of 6.0%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine grew by 462 from 9,488 to 9,950.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was fairly similar to that of the majority language group in Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine, with an RPG of 1.04 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada remained relatively constant at 0.5%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Bas-Saint-Laurent, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Bas-Saint-Laurent - total population	202,110	195,520	195,855	196,740
Size of official-language minority	933	848	1,230	1,135
Share of Bas-Saint-Laurent's population	0.5%	0.4%	0.6%	0.6%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-85	382	-95	202
Growth (percentage)	-9.1%	45.0%	-7.7%	21.7%
Relative Population Growth	0.94	1.45	0.92	1.33

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 1,135 Anglophones in Bas-Saint-Laurent who comprised 0.6% of the region's population, making it a very small OLMC in Quebec, with a very low share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 202 which represents a net gain of 21.7%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Bas-Saint-Laurent decreased by -95 from 1,230 to 1,135.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was much higher than that of the majority language group in Bas-Saint-Laurent, with an RPG of 1.33 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Bas-Saint-Laurent Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada increased up to 0.1%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Capitale-Nationale, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Capitale-Nationale - total population	624,795	627,865	646,585	691,625
Size of official-language minority	12,745	11,055	11,395	13,350
Share of Capitale-Nationale's population	2.0%	1.8%	1.8%	1.9%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-1,690	340	1,955	605
Growth (percentage)	-13.3%	3.1%	17.2%	4.7%
Relative Population Growth	0.86	1.00	1.10	1.10

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 13,350 Anglophones in Capitale-Nationale who comprised 1.9% of the region's population, making it a small OLMC in Quebec, with a low share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 605 which represents a net gain of 4.7%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Capitale-Nationale grew by 1,955 from 11,395 to 13,350.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was higher than that of the majority language group in Capitale-Nationale, with an RPG of 1.10 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Capitale-Nationale Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada decreased down to 0.6%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Estrie, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Estrie - total population	273,335	279,150	293,220	306,920
Size of official-language minority	24,770	23,413	23,395	23,440
Share of Estrie's population	9.1%	8.4%	8.0%	7.6%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	1.3%	1.2%	1.2%	1.1%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-1,357	-18	45	-1,330
Growth (percentage)	-5.5%	-0.1%	0.2%	-5.4%
Relative Population Growth	0.93	0.95	0.96	0.91

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 23,440 Anglophones in Estrie who comprised 7.6% of the region's population, making it a medium-sized OLMC in Quebec, with a medium share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones dropped by 1,330 which represents a net loss of 5.4%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Estrie grew by 45 from 23,395 to 23,440.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was lower than that of the majority language group in Estrie, with an RPG of 0.91 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Estrie Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada remained relatively constant at 1.1%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Centre-du-Québec, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Centre-du-Québec - total population	210,240	213,245	219,585	230,950
Size of official-language minority	2,650	2,148	2,428	2,635
Share of Centre-du-Québec's population	1.3%	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-502	280	207	-15
Growth (percentage)	-18.9%	13.0%	8.5%	-0.6%
Relative Population Growth	0.80	1.10	1.03	1.13

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 2,635 Anglophones in Centre-du-Québec who comprised 1.1% of the region's population, making it a very small OLMC in Quebec, with a low share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones dropped by 15 which represents a net loss of 0.6%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Centre-du-Québec grew by 207 from 2,428 to 2,635.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was higher than that of the majority language group in Centre-du-Québec, with an RPG of 1.13 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Centre-du-Québec Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada remained relatively constant at 0.1%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Montréal, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Montréal - total population	1,243,360	1,257,080	1,339,600	1,429,735
Size of official-language minority	135,653	129,095	143,583	159,515
Share of Montréal's population	10.9%	10.3%	10.7%	11.2%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	7.2%	6.8%	7.2%	7.7%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-6,558	14,488	15,932	23,862
Growth (percentage)	-4.8%	11.2%	11.1%	17.6%
Relative Population Growth	0.94	1.04	1.04	1.09

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 159,515 Anglophones in Montréal who comprised 11.2% of the region's population, making it a very large OLMC in Quebec, with a medium share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 23,862 which represents a net gain of 17.6%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Montréal grew by 15,932 from 143,583 to 159,515.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was higher than that of the majority language group in Montréal, with an RPG of 1.09 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Montréal Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada increased up to 7.7%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Montréal, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Montréal - total population	1,749,515	1,742,305	1,823,880	1,862,195
Size of official-language minority	560,813	563,948	595,910	611,005
Share of Montréal's population	32.1%	32.4%	32.7%	32.8%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	29.6%	29.6%	29.9%	29.6%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	3,135	31,962	15,095	50,192
Growth (percentage)	0.6%	5.7%	2.5%	8.9%
Relative Population Growth	1.01	1.01	1.00	1.01

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 611,005 Anglophones in Montréal who comprised 32.8% of the region's population, making it a very large OLMC in Quebec, with a high share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 50,192 which represents a net gain of 8.9%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Montréal grew by 15,095 from 595,910 to 611,005.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was fairly similar to that of the majority language group in Montréal, with an RPG of 1.01 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Montréal Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada decreased down to 29.6%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Laval, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Laval - total population	326,610	334,990	364,620	397,565
Size of official-language minority	50,713	53,390	68,460	82,078
Share of Laval's population	15.5%	15.9%	18.8%	20.6%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	2.7%	2.8%	3.4%	4.0%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	2,677	15,070	13,618	31,365
Growth (percentage)	5.3%	28.2%	19.9%	61.8%
Relative Population Growth	1.03	1.18	1.10	1.30

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 82,078 Anglophones in Laval who comprised 20.6% of the region's population, making it a large OLMC in Quebec, with a high share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 31,365 which represents a net gain of 61.8%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Laval grew by 13,618 from 68,460 to 82,078.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was much higher than that of the majority language group in Laval, with an RPG of 1.30 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Laval Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada increased substantially up to 4.0%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Lanaudière, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Lanaudière - total population	371,065	382,700	425,095	468,355
Size of official-language minority	8,850	8,183	10,065	12,400
Share of Lanaudière's population	2.4%	2.1%	2.4%	2.6%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.5%	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-667	1,882	2,335	3,550
Growth (percentage)	-7.5%	23.0%	23.2%	40.1%
Relative Population Growth	0.90	1.11	1.12	1.24

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 12,400 Anglophones in Lanaudière who comprised 2.6% of the region's population, making it a small OLMC in Quebec, with a low share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 3,550 which represents a net gain of 40.1%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Lanaudière grew by 2,335 from 10,065 to 12,400.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was much higher than that of the majority language group in Lanaudière, with an RPG of 1.24 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Lanaudière Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada increased substantially up to 0.6%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Laurentides, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Laurentides - total population	426,295	453,910	505,995	554,825
Size of official-language minority	31,213	30,543	33,148	36,055
Share of Laurentides's population	7.3%	6.7%	6.6%	6.5%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	1.6%	1.6%	1.7%	1.7%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-670	2,605	2,907	4,842
Growth (percentage)	-2.1%	8.5%	8.8%	15.5%
Relative Population Growth	0.92	0.97	0.99	0.97

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 36,055 Anglophones in Laurentides who comprised 6.5% of the region's population, making it a medium-sized OLMC in Quebec, with a medium share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 4,842 which represents a net gain of 15.5%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Laurentides grew by 2,907 from 33,148 to 36,055.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was fairly similar to that of the majority language group in Laurentides, with an RPG of 0.97 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Laurentides Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada increased up to 1.7%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Outaouais, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Outaouais - total population	305,355	311,625	337,450	366,430
Size of official-language minority	53,863	53,920	58,493	66,643
Share of Outaouais's population	17.6%	17.3%	17.3%	18.2%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	2.8%	2.8%	2.9%	3.2%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	57	4,573	8,150	12,780
Growth (percentage)	0.1%	8.5%	13.9%	23.7%
Relative Population Growth	0.98	1.00	1.05	1.05

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 66,643 Anglophones in Outaouais who comprised 18.2% of the region's population, making it a large OLMC in Quebec, with a medium share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 12,780 which represents a net gain of 23.7%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Outaouais grew by 8,150 from 58,493 to 66,643.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was higher than that of the majority language group in Outaouais, with an RPG of 1.05 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Outaouais Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada increased up to 3.2%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Abitibi - Témiscamingue, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Abitibi - Témiscamingue - total population	152,550	144,235	141,530	143,870
Size of official-language minority	6,363	5,338	5,288	5,378
Share of Abitibi - Témiscamingue's population	4.2%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-1,025	-50	90	-985
Growth (percentage)	-16.1%	-0.9%	1.7%	-15.5%
Relative Population Growth	0.89	1.01	1.00	1.01

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 5,378 Anglophones in Abitibi - Témiscamingue who comprised 3.7% of the region's population, making it a small OLMC in Quebec, with a low share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones dropped by 985 which represents a net loss of 15.5%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Abitibi - Témiscamingue grew by 90 from 5,288 to 5,378.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was fairly similar to that of the majority language group in Abitibi - Témiscamingue, with an RPG of 1.01 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Abitibi - Témiscamingue Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada remained relatively constant at 0.3%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Mauricie, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Mauricie - total population	256,750	248,985	252,915	259,710
Size of official-language minority	3,383	2,730	2,583	3,095
Share of Mauricie's population	1.3%	1.1%	1.0%	1.2%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-653	-147	512	-288
Growth (percentage)	-19.3%	-5.4%	19.8%	-8.5%
Relative Population Growth	0.83	0.93	1.17	1.09

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 3,095 Anglophones in Mauricie who comprised 1.2% of the region's population, making it a very small OLMC in Quebec, with a low share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones dropped by 288 which represents a net loss of 8.5%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Mauricie grew by 512 from 2,583 to 3,095.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was higher than that of the majority language group in Mauricie, with an RPG of 1.09 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Mauricie Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada remained relatively constant at 0.1%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean - total population	283,365	274,275	269,220	272,350
Size of official-language minority	1,795	1,805	1,875	1,798
Share of Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean's population	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	10	70	-77	3
Growth (percentage)	0.6%	3.9%	-4.1%	0.2%
Relative Population Growth	1.04	1.06	0.95	1.00

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 1,798 Anglophones in Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean who comprised 0.7% of the region's population, making it a very small OLMC in Quebec, with a very low share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 3 which represents a net gain of 0.2%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean decreased by -77 from 1,875 to 1,798.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was fairly similar to that of the majority language group in Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean, with an RPG of 1.00 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada remained relatively constant at 0.1%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Côte-Nord, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Côte-Nord - total population	102,420	96,140	94,390	93,820
Size of official-language minority	6,100	5,728	5,608	5,335
Share of Côte-Nord's population	6.0%	6.0%	5.9%	5.7%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	-372	-120	-273	-765
Growth (percentage)	-6.1%	-2.1%	-4.9%	-12.5%
Relative Population Growth	1.00	1.00	0.96	0.95

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 5,335 Anglophones in Côte-Nord who comprised 5.7% of the region's population, making it a small OLMC in Quebec, with a medium share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones dropped by 765 which represents a net loss of 12.5%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Côte-Nord decreased by -273 from 5,608 to 5,335.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was fairly similar to that of the majority language group in Côte-Nord, with an RPG of 0.95 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Côte-Nord Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada remained relatively constant at 0.3%.

Demographic Evolution of Official-Language Minorities (OLM)

Nord-du-Québec, 1996-2011

Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996	2001	2006	2011
Nord-du-Québec - total population	38,350	34,155	39,545	42,450
Size of official-language minority	12,080	14,380	16,945	20,645
Share of Nord-du-Québec's population	31.5%	42.1%	42.8%	48.6%
Share of OL minority population in Canada	0.6%	0.8%	0.9%	1.0%
Change in Size and Proportion Official-Language Minority Communities	1996-2001	2001-2006	2006-2011	1996-2011
Growth (numbers)	2,300	2,565	3,700	8,565
Growth (percentage)	19.0%	17.8%	21.8%	70.9%
Relative Population Growth	1.34	1.02	1.13	1.16

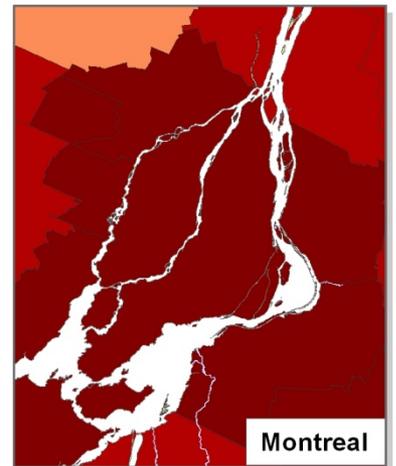
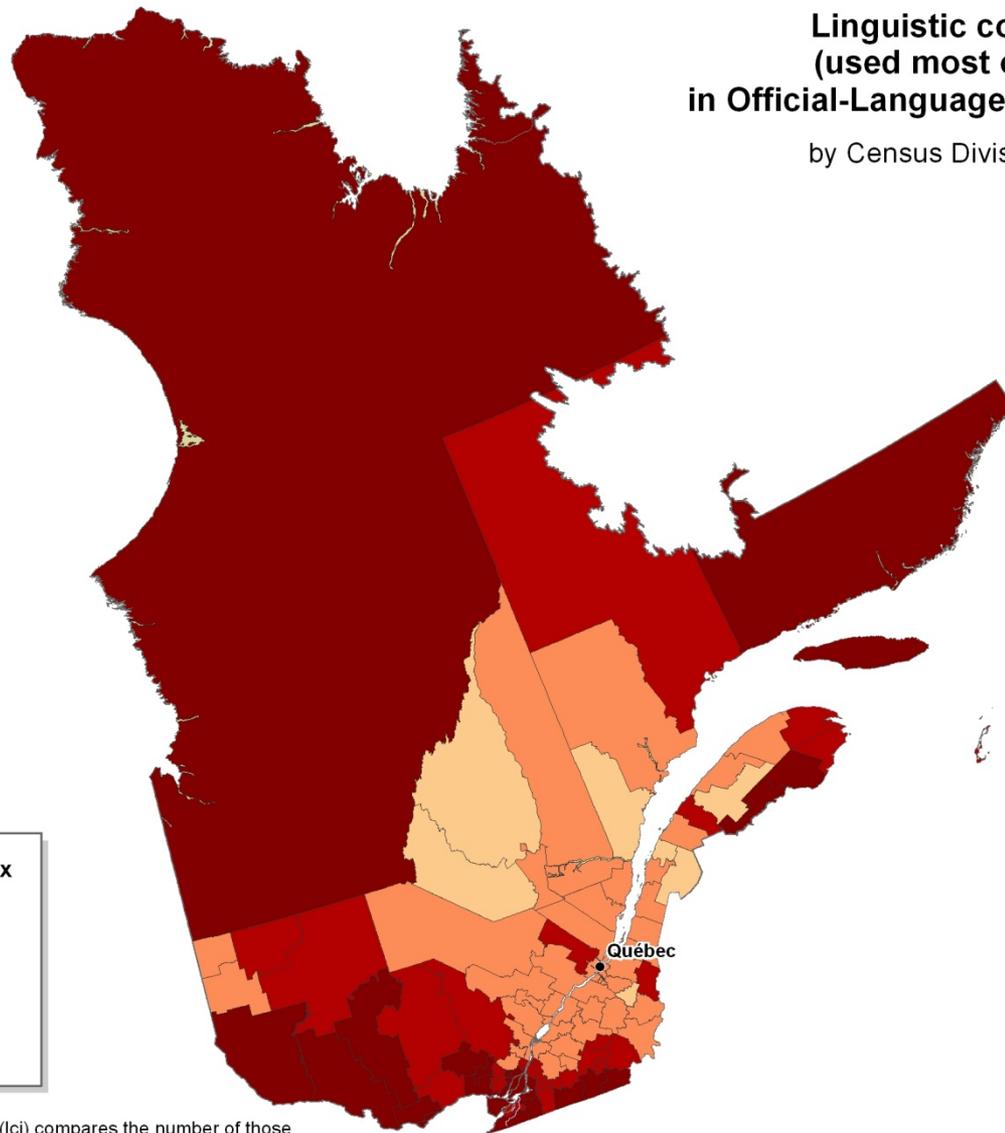
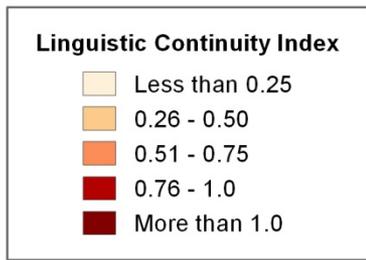
Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 20% sample. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken which is derived from three census questions on language. The relative population growth illustrates the increase/decrease of a sub-population relative to the total population over a given period of time.

- In 2011, there were 20,645 Anglophones in Nord-du-Québec who comprised 48.6% of the region's population, making it a medium-sized OLMC in Quebec, with a high share of the regional population.
- Between 1996 and 2011, the number of Anglophones grew by 8,565 which represents a net gain of 70.9%.
- For the most recent census period (2006-2011), the Anglophone population of Nord-du-Québec grew by 3,700 from 16,945 to 20,645.
- In relative terms, the Relative Population Growth (RPG) of the Anglophone community was higher than that of the majority language group in Nord-du-Québec, with an RPG of 1.16 for the 1996-2011 period.
- Over this period, the Nord-du-Québec Anglophone population's share of the Official-Language Minority population across Canada increased substantially up to 1.0%.

Home language and linguistic continuity index

Linguistic continuity index (used most often at home) in Official-Language Minority Communities

by Census Division, Quebec, 2011



Note : The Linguistic Continuity Index (Ici) compares the number of those who use a given language as their home language with the number who had that language as a mother tongue. Multiple responses have been distributed equally among declared languages. Regions with less than 500 OLMC have been excluded from the map and showed as n.d.

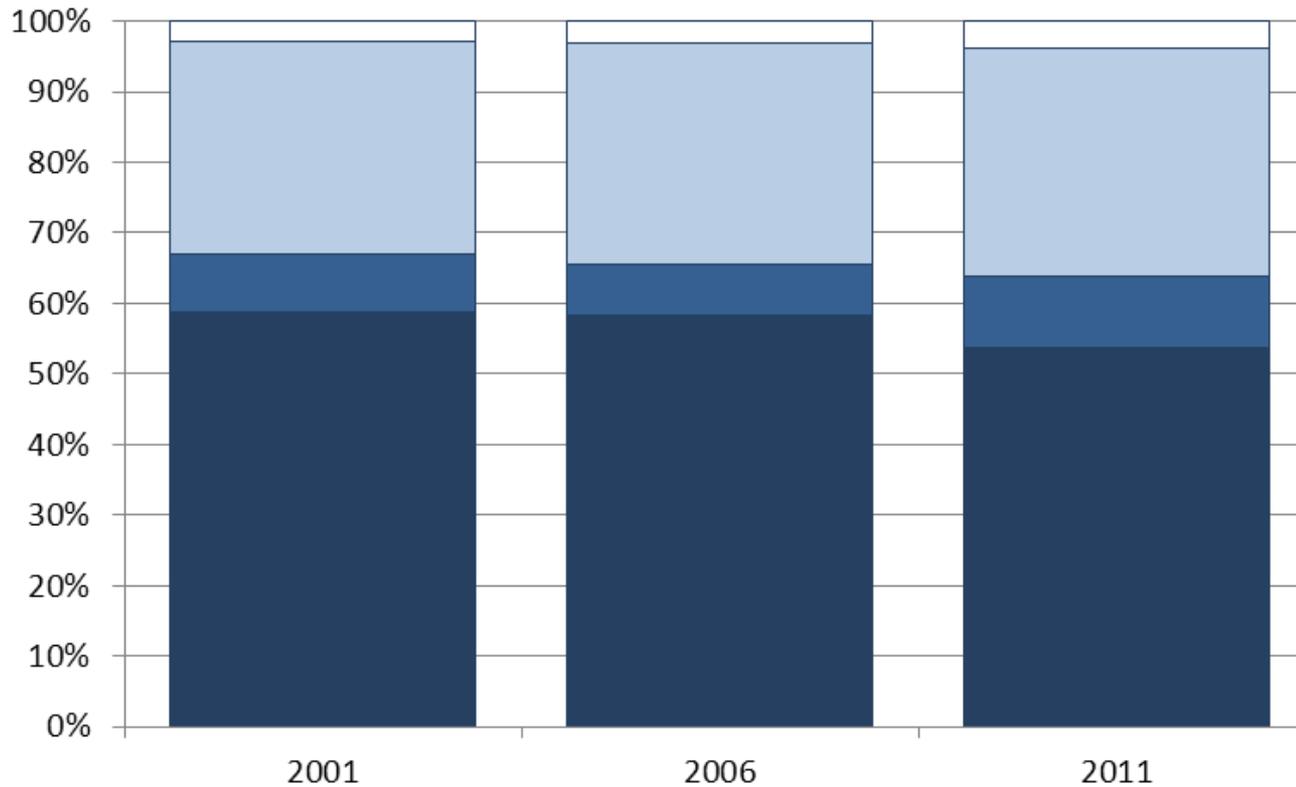
Languages Used at Home Quebec, 2001-2011

Use of English at home	2001	2006	2011
Total population of Quebec	7,125,580	7,435,905	7,815,955
Most frequent - English only	700,885	744,435	767,415
Most frequent - English among others	95,970	90,925	144,945
Regularly - English only	359,105	400,505	459,130
Regularly - English among others	34,475	38,750	56,365
English used at home - total	1,190,435	1,274,615	1,427,855
English used at home - proportion	16.7%	17.1%	18.3%
Use of French at home	2001	2006	2011
Most frequent - French only	5,862,120	6,027,735	6,249,080
Most frequent - French among others	116,495	118,855	201,290
Regularly - French only	222,855	281,095	298,090
Regularly - French among others	34,475	37,305	53,430
French used at home - total	6,235,945	6,464,990	6,801,890
French used at home - proportion	87.5%	86.9%	87.0%
Use of non-official languages at home	2001	2006	2011
Most frequent - non-official languages only	421,475	518,320	554,400
Most frequent - non-official languages among others	81,600	93,085	173,500
Regularly - non-official languages only	161,230	204,535	289,365
Regularly - non-official languages among others	27,405	30,640	47,620
Non-official languages used at home - total	691,710	846,580	1,064,885
Non-official languages used at home - proportion	9.7%	11.4%	13.6%

Source: Research Team, Official Languages Support Programs, Canadian Heritage, based on data from the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census of Canada, Statistics Canada, 100% sample. The home language questions measure the languages used most frequently or on a regular basis in the home.

- This table shows the various ways that given languages (English French and non-official) are used in the home.
- In 2011, English was used as the most frequent, and only, home language for 700,845 persons living in Quebec.
- Another 95,940 persons used English their most frequent home language, along with 1 or more other languages.
- Another 359,125 persons used English on a regular basis.
- A further 34,380 persons used English on a regular basis, in combination with one or more other languages.
- Overall, there were more than 1.2 million Canadians living in Quebec who used English among their home languages in 2011.

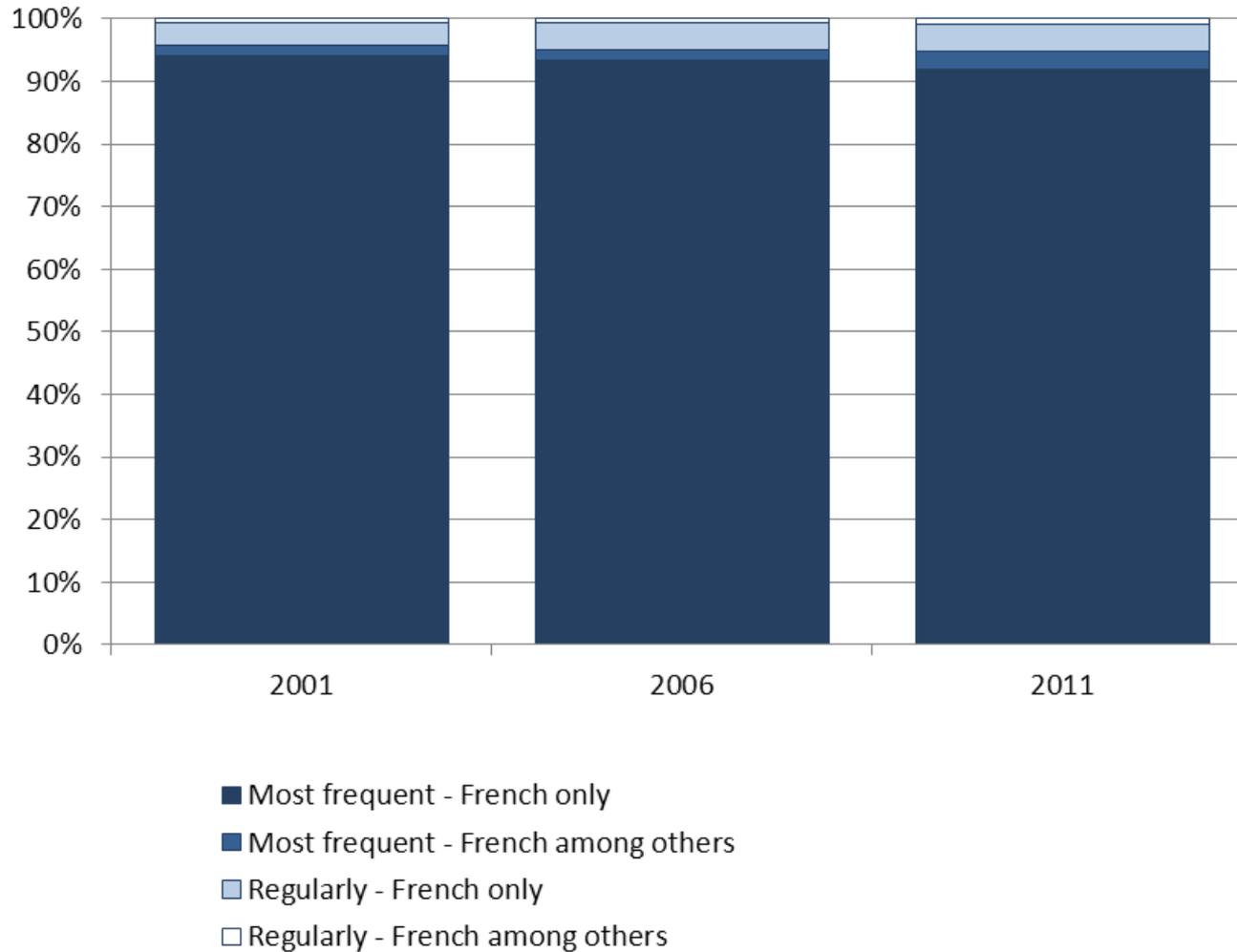
Use of English as a Home Language, Quebec, 2001-2011



- Most frequent - English only
- Most frequent - English among others
- Regularly - English only
- Regularly - English among others

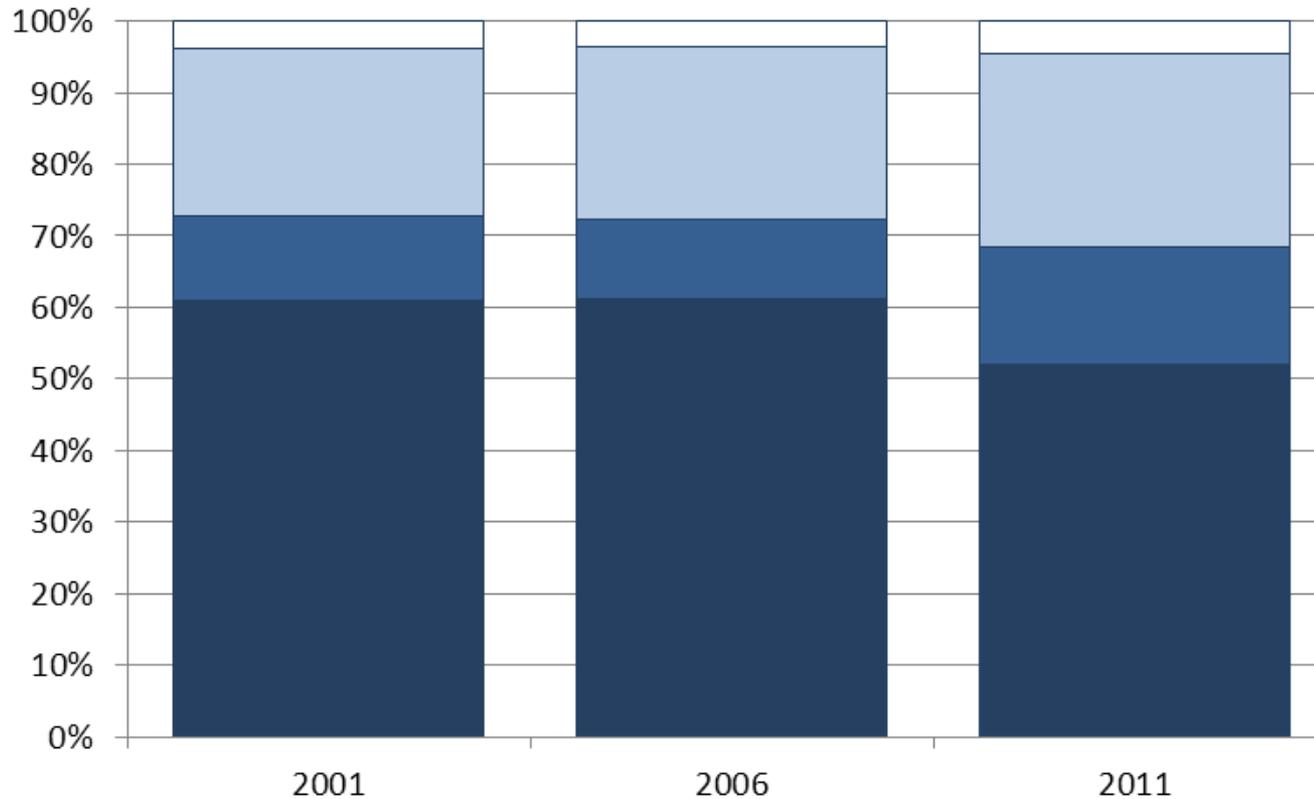
- For English used as a home language in Quebec, its use occurs in varied circumstances. Barely half of this population used English as their sole home language in 2011.
- Many used English in combination with other languages as their most frequent home language while many others used other languages at least regularly at home.

Use of French as a Home Language, Quebec, 2001-2011



- For persons with French their home language in Quebec, French is generally the only language used at home.
- While the use of other languages either used regularly in addition to French or in combination with French as the most frequent language used at home has grown in recent census periods, it remains that French as the sole home language for Francophones is the normative experience.

Use of Non-Official Languages as Home Languages, Quebec, 2001-2011



- Regularly - non-official languages among others
- Regularly - non-official languages only
- Most frequent - non-official languages among others
- Most frequent - non-official languages only

- For persons using with non-official languages among their home languages in Quebec, there is a mixed set of situations for the use of these languages.
- Barely half of such persons use their non-official languages as the sole home language while other languages (mainly French and/or English) are used in combination with the non-official language as the most frequent home language. French and/English are also highly present as languages used regularly in the home.

Methodology

Language concept is **First Official Language Spoken (FOLS)**, with dual responses distributed equally. **FOLS** is a linguistic concept derived from three census questions: knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language.

A series of relative indices are utilized to place the OLMC communities in context. The indices which may be used here are:

- Minority-majority index which compares the OLMC in a given territory with the majority population with whom it shares a territory
- Relative geographic index which compares a local OLMC population with the OLMC population at a higher level of geography (ex. census division to province)
- Relative to national index which compares the OLMC group with the total Canadian population (in the same age group)
- Gender index which compares the females in the OLMC group with the males
- Generational index which compares the values for the senior population with the general population.

Contact:

William Floch (william.floch@pch.gc.ca)

Martin Durand (martin.durand@pch.gc.ca)

Elias Abou-Rjeili (elias.abou-rjeili@pch.gc.ca)

Équipe de recherche

Programmes d'appui aux langues officielles

Patrimoine canadien

15-7, rue Eddy

Gatineau (Québec) K1A 0M5

