

Dialogue McGill

Better Communication for Better Care

TRAINING AND RETENTION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONALS PROJECT

www.mcgill.ca/dialoguemcgill

Funded by Health Canada



Fall 2017 - Issue #7

Version française au verso

A name with impact

There is no denying it: the “McGill University Training and Retention of Health Professionals Project” is quite a mouthful. That’s why, since 2004, many of us – partners and team members alike – have adopted less cumbersome ways of referring to our project, including *Le Projet McGill* in French, and *TRHPP*, the *McGill Project* or even the *Health Canada Project*, in English. These terms are certainly easier to pronounce and quicker to write, but they don’t truly express the philosophy behind what we do.

With that in mind, and as we embark on the fourth phase of our project, we decided to change our name and image to something both simpler and stronger: **Dialogue McGill**.

In a sense, this new name is actually a return to our roots. Not only is Dialogue the name of our newsletter, but, in the past, Dialogue McGill was a name that was frequently used for our project in many administrative and other documents. It is concise, representative of what we do, and has the major advantage of working equally well in both French and English.

The official logo of Dialogue McGill has now become the header of this newsletter. We have produced a graphic norms guide that sets out the rules for using our new logo. All details relating to the use of our logo, as well as the different versions of the logo, will be made available on request. We hope that our recipient organizations find this tool helpful, as it will help them

identify, without any ambiguity, the Dialogue McGill related activities that they manage. For more details about using our new logo, please email Daksha Manek at daksha.manek@mcgill.ca. Please note that our website has also changed: <http://www.mcgill.ca/dialoguemcgill>. Anyone who visits our former URL address will be automatically redirected to the new one.

We are confident that our new name and new logo, coupled with our eloquent tagline,

***“better communication
for better care,”***

will create a stronger impact for the efforts that all of you make to ensure that English-speaking Quebecers have access to health and social services in their language. ☺

CONTENTS

- 01** Orientations for Phase 4 (2018 – 2023): A good balance between delivery and discovery
- 02** Anglais Santé receives an Award of Excellence for its innovative approach
- 03** Dialogue McGill’s language training program is highly appreciated, according to a recent poll
- 04** Dialogue McGill partner map

ORIENTATIONS FOR PHASE 4 (2018–2023)

A good balance between delivery and discovery

As Dialogue McGill prepares to enter Phase 4, our team is looking toward the future and formulating our new strategic orientations. Determined to maintain most of the initiatives we have in place

to improve access for English-speaking individuals to Quebec’s health and social services network, we are also planning to add a few new ones to our roster.

Continued on page 2.

Disclaimer: The views expressed herein do not necessarily represent the views of Health Canada or of McGill University. Excerpts may be reproduced for non-commercial purposes provided that the source is acknowledged. Partial reproduction must accurately represent the text used.

Continued from page 1.

"As far as language training goes, we will develop and implement a program component designed to transfer knowledge, skills and competence acquired in language training to daily working practice. Additional new orientations include evaluating the impact of the program on patient-provider communication in English and increasing the annual training target from 1500 learners to 1750. For both orientations, the MSSS plays a pivotal leadership role," explains Dialogue McGill Director, Mireille Marcil.

"Our aim is to ensure that the programs are delivered effectively and with the utmost accuracy."

Funding for internships in regional areas, for students studying in the health and social services sector outside their

home region, will be an important part of Phase 4. Funding for community leadership bursaries in health and social services will also be increased. In addition, Dialogue McGill plans to make online peda-



Mireille Marcil:
Director,
Dialogue McGill

gogical material, with an emphasis on professional workplace situations, available to CEGEP ESL professors who teach students in health and social services programs. Resources will be allocated to address urgent needs, such as the acute shortage of English-speaking health and social services professionals in Laval. And, finally, if the outcomes of a current study on the subject are conclusive, the limited number of spaces available in McGill University's Speech-Language Pathology program might be increased, with the help of additional funding from Dialogue McGill.

One of the many key indicators of Dialogue McGill's success to date has been the number of recent healthcare graduates from outlying and remote areas able to express themselves fluently in both French and English, who happily return to their home towns to serve their communities. Their contribution to improving access to healthcare and social services in the regions is much appreciated, and their professional integration has yielded optimal results.

Phase 4 of Dialogue McGill will see significant investments in research, always with the view to breaking down language barriers and eliminating obstacles that get in the way of proper access to services. Research allows us to better understand the needs that exist in our society and is essential to advancing our knowledge in this area. "One of the most fascinating aspects of this project has got to be the symbiotic relationship that exists between the 'delivery' side - the programs



Nancy Ross:
Associate Vice-
Principal, Research
and Innovation,
McGill University

that are delivered in the regions - and the 'discovery' side, which is generated by research," explains Professor Nancy Ross, Associate Vice-Principal, Research and Innovation, at McGill University.

"Establishing more international research partnerships in the area of linguistic minority access to health care is another avenue being explored,"

adds Professor Ross.

With all of this in store, the future of Dialogue McGill will be a very interesting one, indeed! ☺

Anglais Santé receives an Award of Excellence for its innovative approach

On June 14, 2017, the Anglais Santé program team at McGill University's School of Continuing Studies received an Award of Excellence, in the "Establishment" category, from the Association canadienne d'éducation des adultes des universités de langue française (ACDEAULF). This award honours

the exceptional contribution that McGill University has made in the promotion and development of continuing education.

McGill owes its award to the custom-made ESL training program its team developed for professionals working in the health and social services sector in Quebec: *Anglais Santé*. The program's innovative approach combines two complementary components: online courses, which allow for self-instruction, and in-person courses, which can be taken either

in a classroom or remotely, in a virtual classroom.

The program has received a lot of positive feedback from students, who claim that its flexible, dual-platform approach helped them learn and kept them motivated.

Congratulations to the entire *Anglais Santé* team! ☺



School of
Continuing Studies
Language and
Intercultural
Communication

anglais[®]santé

École
d'éducation permanente
Langues et
communication
interculturelle

UN NOUVEL OUTIL DE PERFECTIONNEMENT LINGUISTIQUE :

Le 1^{er} webinaire de la série **Anglais Santé** a été lancé en juillet et tous les intervenants ayant suivi des cours y ont accès! Un outil de plus pour les aider à parfaire leurs connaissances, en tout temps. Plus de détails à anglaissante.mcgill.ca/fr



Effie Dracopoulos, directrice adjointe, Langues et communication interculturelle, et Jean-Paul Rémillieux, directeur, Services aux enseignants et technologies pédagogiques, faisant tous deux partie de l'École d'éducation permanente de l'Université McGill, reçoivent le Prix d'Excellence 2017 de Jasmine Paradis-Laroche, présidente de l'ACDEAULF. (*Voir article à la page 2*)

Selon un sondage récent, le Programme de formation linguistique de Dialogue McGill est grandement apprécié

Avant de déterminer ses priorités pour la période 2018-2023, l'équipe de Dialogue McGill a tenu à sonder les acteurs du milieu concernant son offre de formation linguistique.

Elle a ainsi mené des entrevues auprès de 13 répondants des centres intégrés de services de santé et de services sociaux (CISSS) et des centres intégrés universitaires de santé et de services sociaux (CIUSSS).

Un rapport synthèse sera distribué aux répondants, mais voici déjà quelques-uns des points qui ressortent de ce sondage :

- Le taux de satisfaction général envers le programme, son format et l'équipe responsable à l'Université McGill est très élevé;
- Tous souhaitent la poursuite du programme, démontrent un très grand engagement et intérêt;
- Parmi les points à améliorer ou difficultés rencontrées : le processus d'inscription relativement complexe, le taux élevé de roulement du personnel à la suite de la réorganisation du système de santé, le manque de temps compte

tenu d'une grande charge de travail, et certaines difficultés techniques;

- Quelques suggestions proposées : un calendrier des inscriptions comprenant toutes les étapes du processus et une boucle d'information avec suivis aux différentes étapes;
- Les retraites et visioconférences seraient les bienvenues selon la plupart des répondants pour permettre les contacts entre collègues de différentes régions, l'échange quant aux meilleures pratiques et le partage d'informations aux étapes charnières.

Autre fait à noter : une baisse

significative du nombre d'inscriptions ainsi que du nombre d'intervenants ayant terminé les cours. Les entrevues avec les répondants ont fait ressortir que la réforme de la santé qui est entrée en vigueur le 1^{er} avril 2015 a eu un impact déterminant sur la baisse des inscriptions au programme de formation linguistique au cours des deux années qui ont suivi. La fusion des établissements et la réduction du nombre de niveaux hiérarchiques dans les nouvelles structures ont créé un climat d'incertitude tant au niveau du personnel que chez les gestionnaires, faisant en sorte que la formation linguistique en a souffert. D'autres facteurs ont assurément contribué à cette diminution, d'où la nécessité d'une évaluation plus approfondie afin de bien en cerner les causes et de rectifier cette situation.

Des résultats fort éclairants qui guideront l'équipe dans ses décisions à venir.

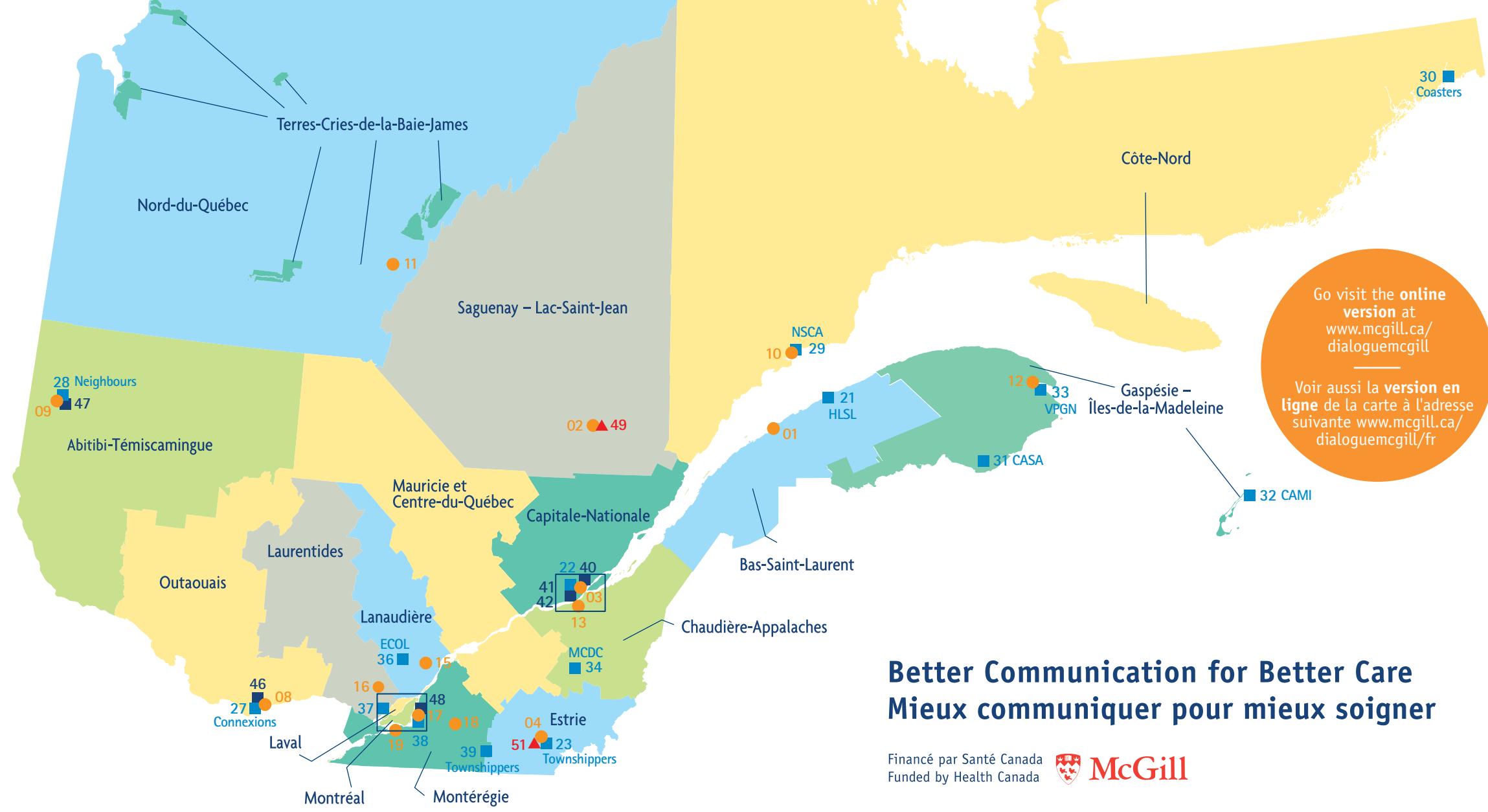
Un grand merci à tous les répondants qui ont pris le temps de nous fournir leurs commentaires et opinions! À suivre. ☺

CARTE DES PARTENAIRES DIALOGUE MCGILL

Nous avons le plaisir de vous présenter la carte de nos partenaires, à l'échelle du Québec. Le travail accompli par Dialogue McGill se fait grâce à une précieuse collaboration avec chacun d'entre eux. Il s'agit de la première d'une série de cartes qui permettront de saisir l'étendue et le degré de pénétration de cet ambitieux projet entrepris en 2004.

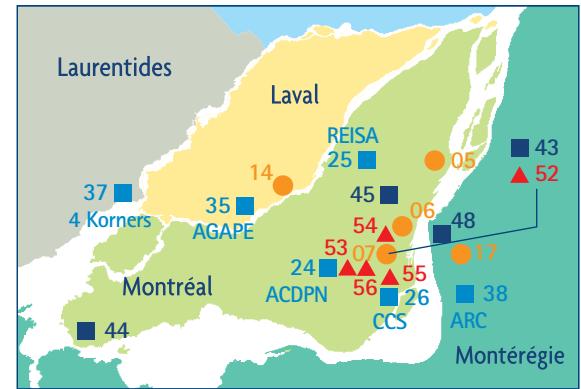
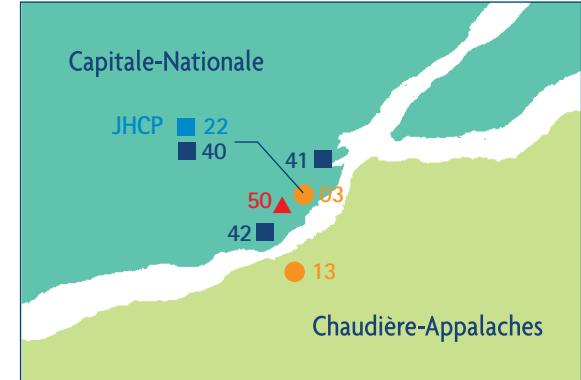
[Voir la carte à la page suivante.](#)

Dialogue McGill



Better Communication for Better Care Mieux communiquer pour mieux soigner

Financé par Santé Canada
Funded by Health Canada



MEASURE 1 ● Language Training Program (CISSS, CIUSSS, RRSSS)
MEASURE 1 Programme de formation linguistique (CISSS, CIUSSS, RRSSS)

BAS-SAINT-LAURENT	01. CISSS du Bas-Saint-Laurent
SAGUENAY-LAC-SAINT-JEAN	02. CIUSSS du Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean
CAPITALE-NATIONALE	03. CIUSSS de la Capitale-Nationale
ESTRIE	04. CIUSSS de l'Estrie - Centre hospitalier universitaire de Sherbrooke
MONTRÉAL	05. CIUSSS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de Montréal
	06. CIUSSS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de Montréal
ABITIBI-TÉMISCAMINGUE	09. CISSS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue
CÔTE-NORD	10. CISSS de la Côte-Nord
NORD-DU-QUÉBEC	11. CRSSS de la Baie-James
GASPÉSIE	12. CISSS de la Gaspésie
CHAUDIÈRE-APPALACHES	13. CISSS de Chaudière-Appalaches
LAURENTIDES	14. CISSS de Laval
MONTRÉAL	15. CISSS de Lanaudière
OUTAOUAIS	16. CISSS des Laurentides
MONTRÉAL	17. CISSS de la Montérégie-Centre
MONTRÉAL	18. CISSS de la Montérégie-Est
MONTRÉAL	19. CISSS de la Montérégie-Ouest
MONTRÉAL	20. RRSSS Nunavik
LAVAL	21. Heritage Lower Saint Lawrence
LAURENTIDES	22. Jeffery Hale Community Partners
ESTRIE	23. Townshipers' Association (Estrie Network)
MONTRÉAL	24. African Canadian Development and Prevention Network
MONTRÉAL	25. The East Island Network for English Language Services
MONTRÉAL	26. Collective Community Services
MONTRÉAL	27. Connexions Resource Centre
MONTRÉAL	28. Neighbours Regional Association of Rouyn-Noranda
MONTRÉAL	29. North Shore Community Association
MONTRÉAL	30. Coasters' Association of the Lower North Shore
MONTRÉAL	31. Committee for Anglophone Social Action
MONTRÉAL	32. Council for Anglophone Magdalen Islanders
MONTRÉAL	33. Vision Gaspé-Percé Now
MONTRÉAL	34. Megantic English-speaking Community Development Corporation
MONTRÉAL	35. Youth and Parents AGAPE Association Inc.
MONTRÉAL	36. English Community Organization of Lanaudière
MONTRÉAL	37. 4 Korners Family Resource Center
MONTRÉAL	38. Assistance and Referral Centre
MONTRÉAL	39. Townshipers' Association (Montérégie-East Network)
MONTRÉAL	40. Place aux jeunes
MONTRÉAL	41. Cégep Limoges
MONTRÉAL	42. Central Quebec School Board
MONTRÉAL	43. McGill University
MONTRÉAL	44. John Abbott College
MONTRÉAL	45. Cégep à distance (Collège de Rosemont)
MONTRÉAL	46. Cégep Heritage College
MONTRÉAL	47. Université du Québec en Abitibi-Témiscamingue (UQAT)
MONTRÉAL	48. Champlain College Saint-Lambert
MONTRÉAL	49. Université du Québec à Chicoutimi (UQAC)
MONTRÉAL	50. McGill University
MONTRÉAL	51. Bishop's University
MONTRÉAL	52. Concordia University
MONTRÉAL	53. Centre hospitalier universitaire Sainte-Justine
MONTRÉAL	54. Centre hospitalier de l'Université de Montréal (CHUM)
MONTRÉAL	55. Université de Montréal
MONTRÉAL	56. Université de Montréal

MEASURE 2 ■ Retention Program (Community Networks)
MEASURE 2 Programme de maintien en poste (Réseaux communautaires)

BAS-SAINT-LAURENT	21. Heritage Lower Saint Lawrence
OUTAOUAIS	27. Connexions Resource Centre
ABITIBI-TÉMISCAMINGUE	28. Neighbours Regional Association of Rouyn-Noranda
CAPITALE-NATIONALE	34. Megantic English-speaking Community Development Corporation
ESTRIE	35. Youth and Parents AGAPE Association Inc.
MONTRÉAL	36. English Community Organization of Lanaudière
MONTRÉAL	37. 4 Korners Family Resource Center
MONTRÉAL	38. Assistance and Referral Centre
MONTRÉAL	39. Townshipers' Association (Montérégie-East Network)
CÔTE-NORD	40. Place aux jeunes
MONTRÉAL	41. Cégep Limoges
MONTRÉAL	42. Central Quebec School Board
MONTRÉAL	43. McGill University
MONTRÉAL	44. John Abbott College
MONTRÉAL	45. Cégep à distance (Collège de Rosemont)
MONTRÉAL	46. Cégep Heritage College
MONTRÉAL	47. Université du Québec en Abitibi-Témiscamingue (UQAT)
MONTRÉAL	48. Champlain College Saint-Lambert
MONTRÉAL	49. Université du Québec à Chicoutimi (UQAC)
MONTRÉAL	50. McGill University
MONTRÉAL	51. Bishop's University
MONTRÉAL	52. Concordia University
MONTRÉAL	53. Centre hospitalier universitaire Sainte-Justine
MONTRÉAL	54. Centre hospitalier de l'Université de Montréal (CHUM)
MONTRÉAL	55. Université de Montréal
MONTRÉAL	56. Université de Montréal

MEASURE 2 ■ Retention Program (Education Institutions)
MEASURE 2 Programme de maintien en poste (Maisons d'enseignement)

CAPITALE-NATIONALE	40. Place aux jeunes
OUTAOUAIS	41. Cégep Limoges
MONTRÉAL	42. Central Quebec School Board
MONTRÉAL	43. McGill University
MONTRÉAL	44. John Abbott College
MONTRÉAL	45. Cégep à distance (Collège de Rosemont)
MONTRÉAL	46. Cégep Heritage College
ABITIBI-TÉMISCAMINGUE	47. Université du Québec en Abitibi-Témiscamingue (UQAT)
MONTÉRÉGIE	48. Champlain College Saint-Lambert
SAGUENAY-LAC-SAINT-JEAN	49. Université du Québec à Chicoutimi (UQAC)
ESTRIE	50. McGill University
MONTRÉAL	51. Bishop's University
MONTRÉAL	52. Concordia University
MONTRÉAL	53. Centre hospitalier universitaire Sainte-Justine
MONTRÉAL	54. Centre hospitalier de l'Université de Montréal (CHUM)
MONTRÉAL	55. Université de Montréal
MONTRÉAL	56. Université de Montréal

MEASURE 3 ▲ Research Development Program (Universities and CHU)
MEASURE 3 Programme de développement de la recherche (Universités et CHU)

SAGUENAY-LAC-SAINT-JEAN	49. Université du Québec à Chicoutimi (UQAC)
ESTRIE	50. McGill University
MONTRÉAL	51. Bishop's University
MONTRÉAL	52. Concordia University
MONTRÉAL	53. Centre hospitalier universitaire Sainte-Justine
CAPITALE-NATIONALE	54. Centre hospitalier de l'Université de Montréal (CHUM)
CAPITALE-NATIONALE	55. Université de Montréal
CAPITALE-NATIONALE	56. Université de Montréal