# Demographic Summaries for English-speaking Populations Across Quebec's RTS Territories (2011)

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For the Community Health and Social Services Network

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## About this document

This document contains a series of one-page summaries highlighting the key demographic characteristics of the English-speaking populations for each of the new health territories established by the MSSS in 2015 as part of the re-organization of health services. The 25 health geographies in this series are the RTS which is the French-language acronym for the Réseau territoriale des services which correspond to the CISSS and CIUSSS territories.

This series is intended as a knowledge resource for the CHSSN NPI networks.

#### The CHSSN

- The Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) was formed in 2000 to support English-speaking communities in the province of Quebec in their efforts to redress health status inequalities and promote community vitality.
- Its aim is to contribute to the vitality of English-speaking communities of Quebec by building strategic relationships and partnerships within the health and social services system to improve access to services.

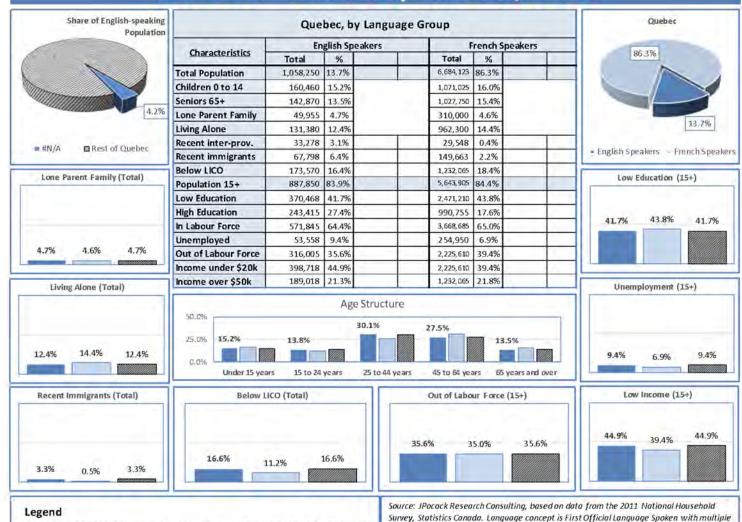
#### The NPI program

 The Networking and Partnership Initaitive (NPI) is a Quebec-wide initiative funded by Health Canada to contributes to the vitality of Quebec's English-speaking communities by developing partnerships with the public health and social service system to improve, develop, and maintain access to a full range of services for Quebec's Englishspeaking language minority

#### **One-page summaries**

- The series of one-page summaries in this report present demographic and socioeconomic data for the English-speaking and French-speaking populations.
- The data is drawn from the series of demographic profiles produced for CHSSN using the 2015 new Quebec health geographies.
- For each of the graphs in the one-pager, data is presented for the local or regional English-speaking and French-speaking population as well as for the provincial English-speaking population.
- A series of definitions is included and can accompany each one-page summary.

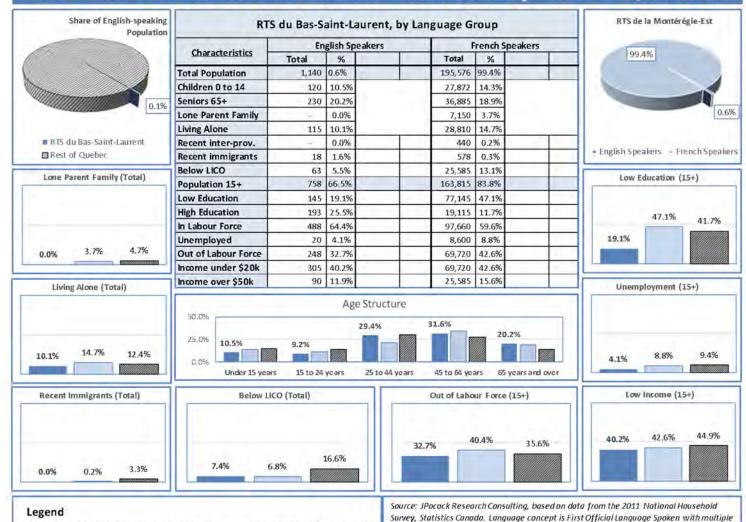
## Quebec - Total Population, 2011



responses distributed equally.

■ Local English speakers □ Local French speakers ☑ Quebec's English speakers

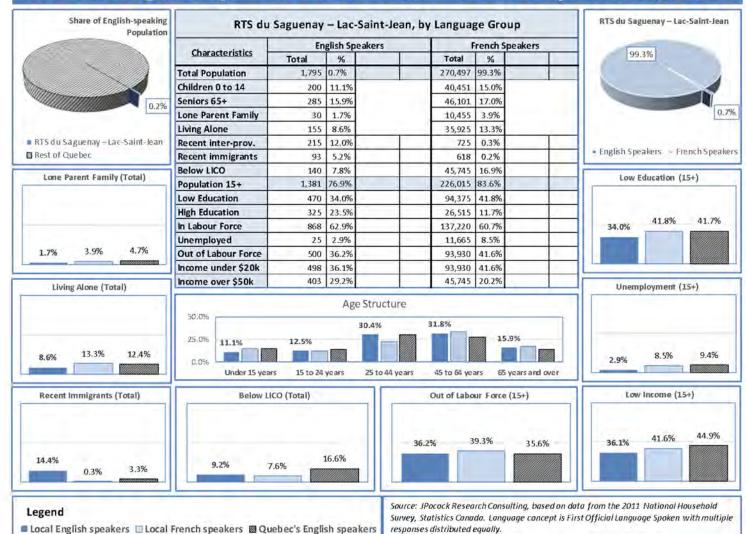
## RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent - Total Population, 2011



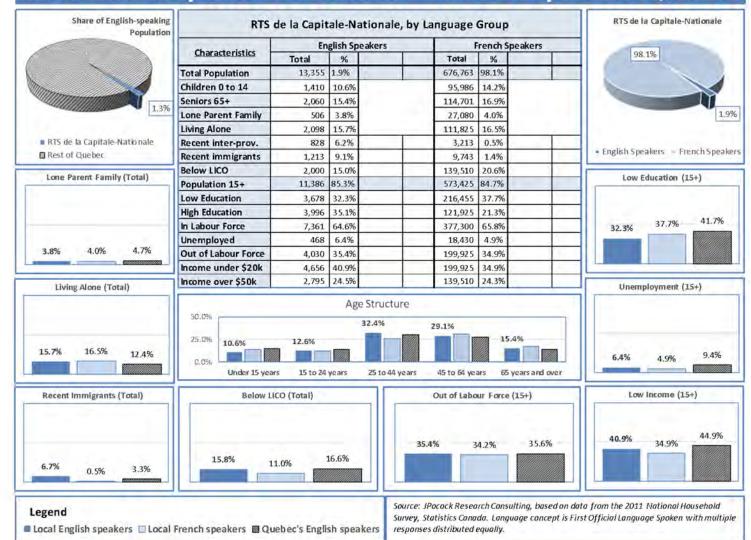
responses distributed equally.

■ Local English speakers Local French speakers Quebec's English speakers

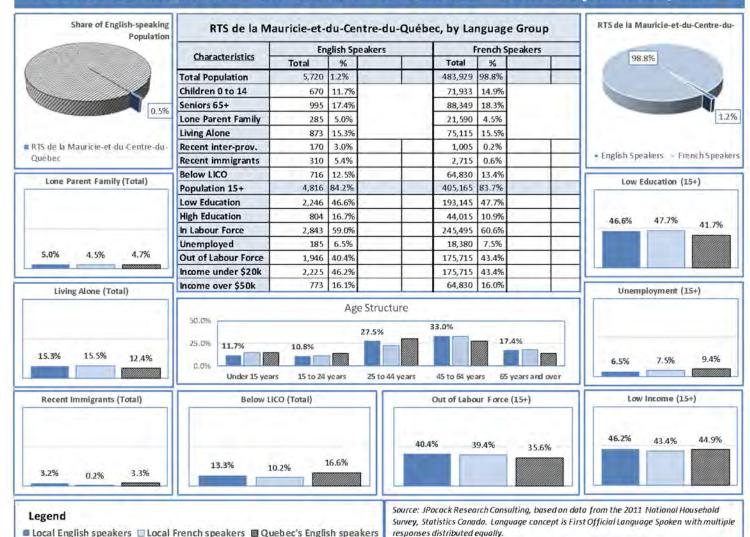
#### RTS du Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean - Total Population, 2011



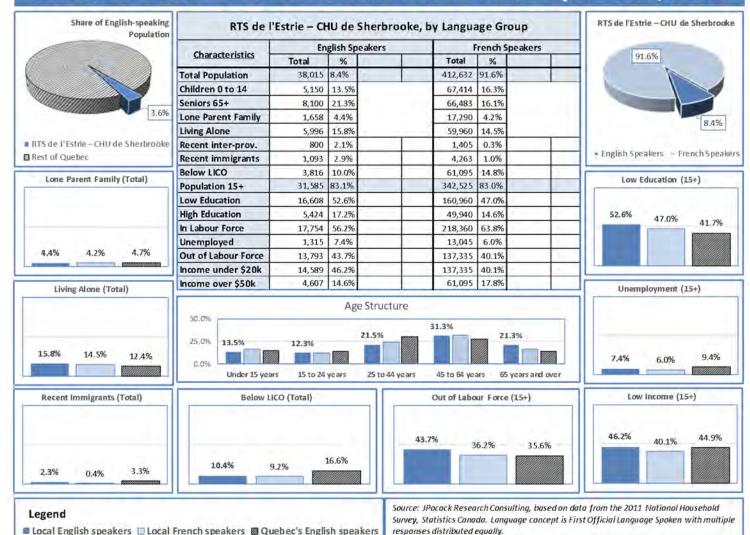
## RTS de la Capitale-Nationale - Total Population, 2011



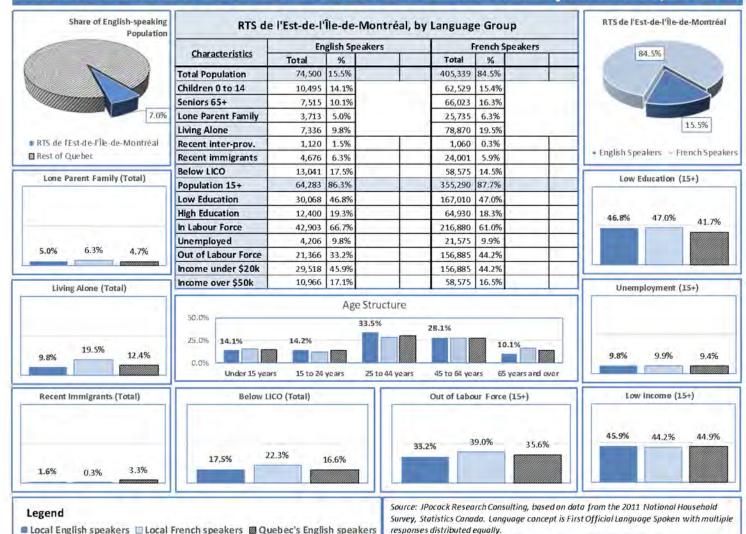
#### RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec - Total Population, 2011



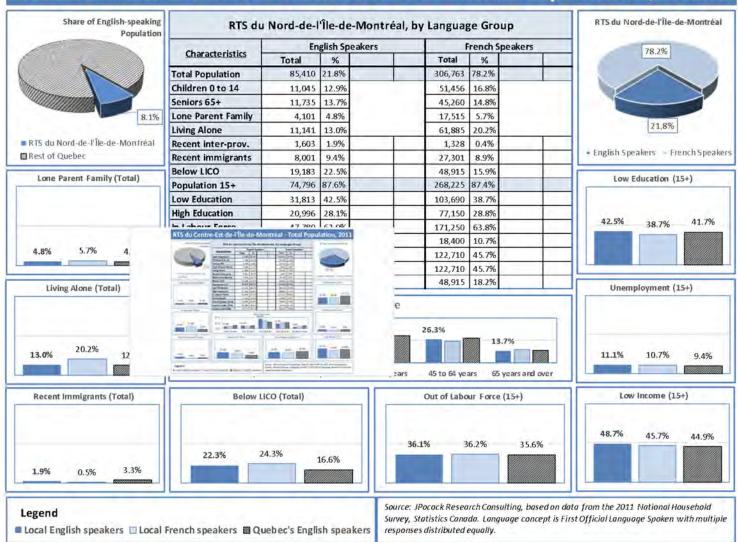
#### RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke - Total Population, 2011



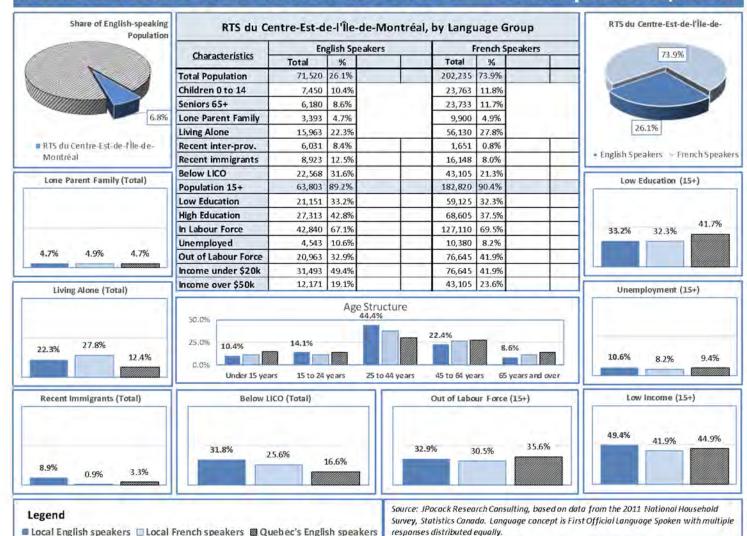
# RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal - Total Population, 2011



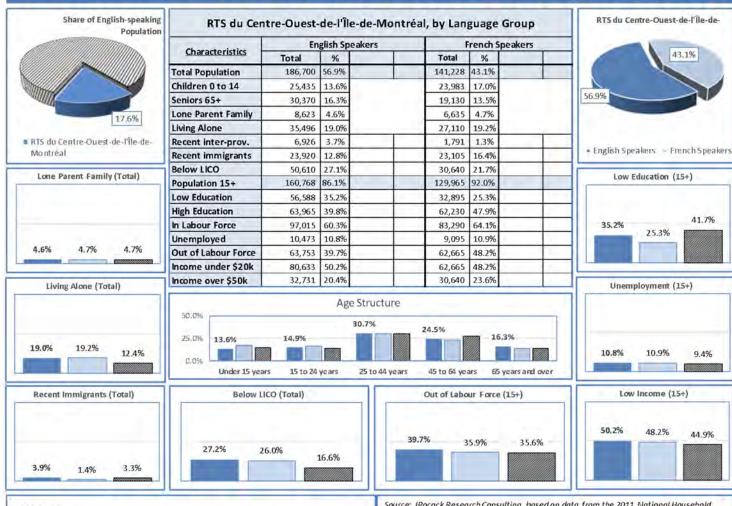
## RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal - Total Population, 2011



## RTS du Centre-Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal - Total Population, 2011



#### RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal - Total Population, 2011

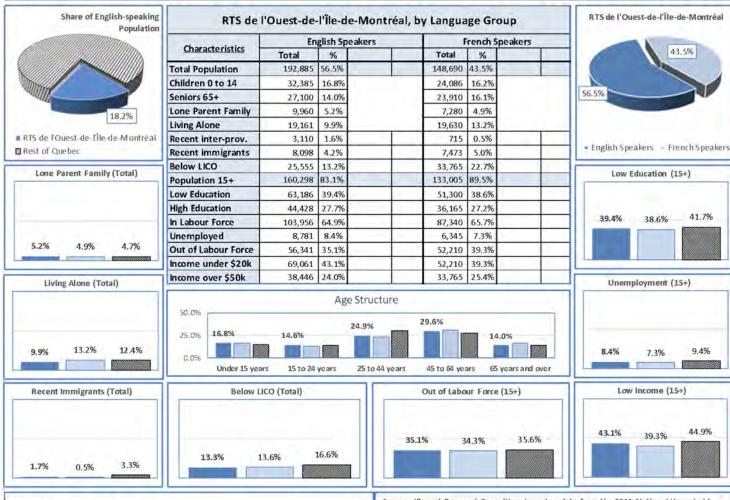


#### Legend

■ Local English speakers
□ Local French speakers
☑ Quebec's English speakers

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, based on data from the 2011 National Household Survey, Statistics Canada. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

#### RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal - Total Population, 2011

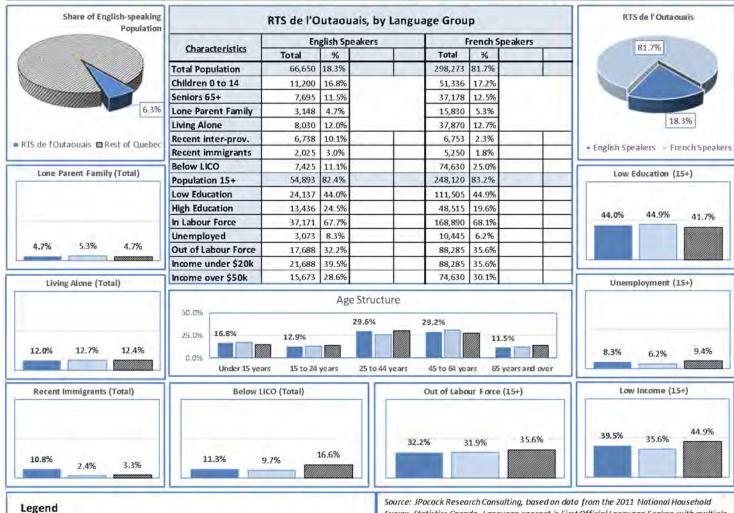


#### Legend

■ Local English speakers
□ Local French speakers
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Source: JPocock Research Consulting, based on data from the 2011 National Household Survey, Statistics Canada. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

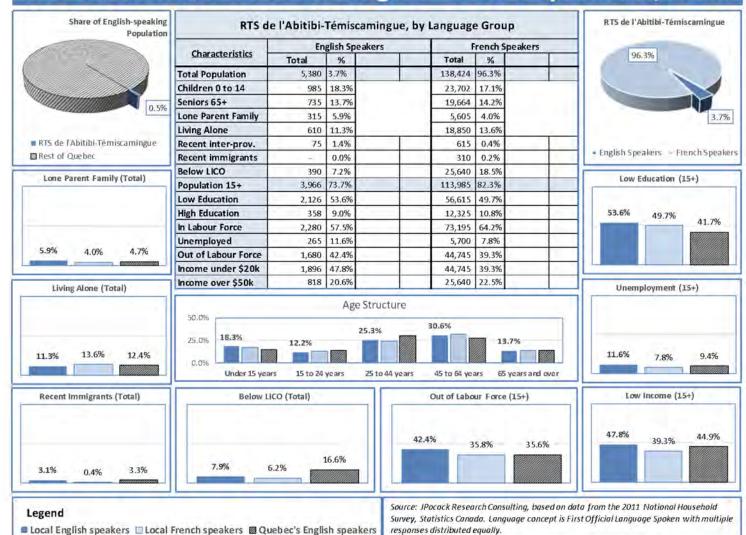
## RTS de l'Outaouais - Total Population, 2011



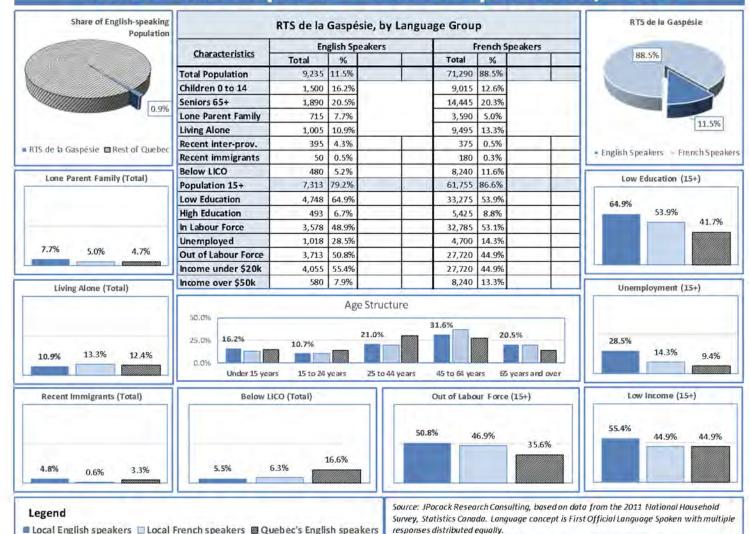
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Survey, Statistics Canada. Language concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

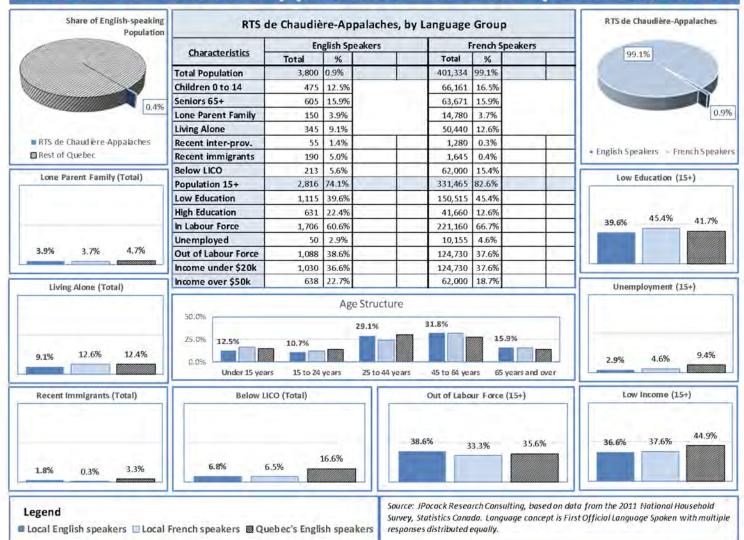
#### RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue - Total Population, 2011



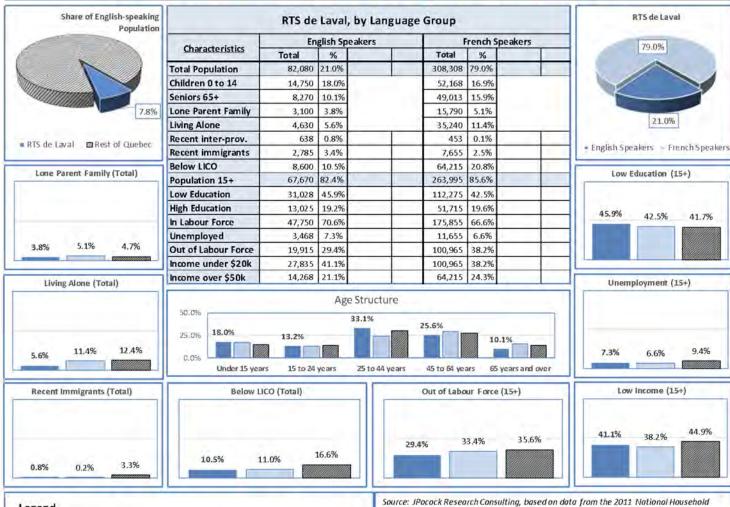
## RTS de la Gaspésie - Total Population, 2011



## RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches - Total Population, 2011



## RTS de Laval - Total Population, 2011

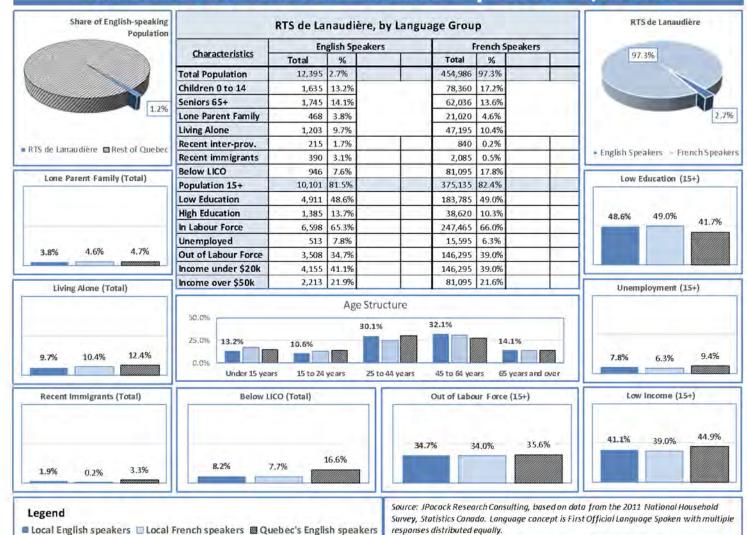


#### Legend

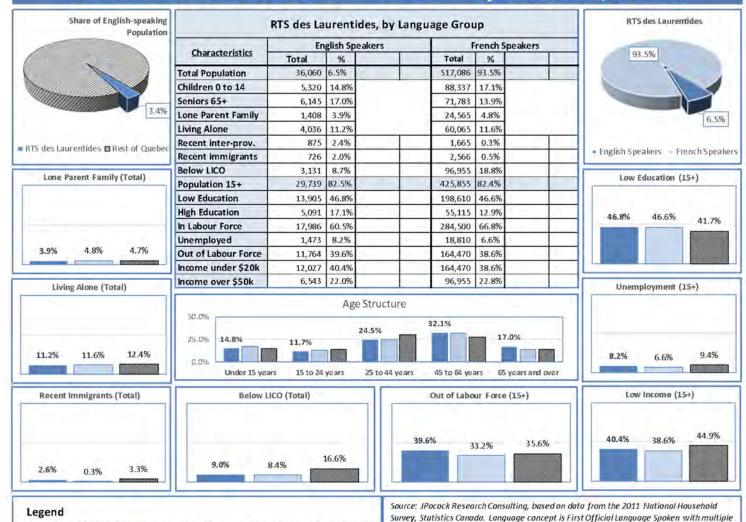
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# RTS de Lanaudière - Total Population, 2011



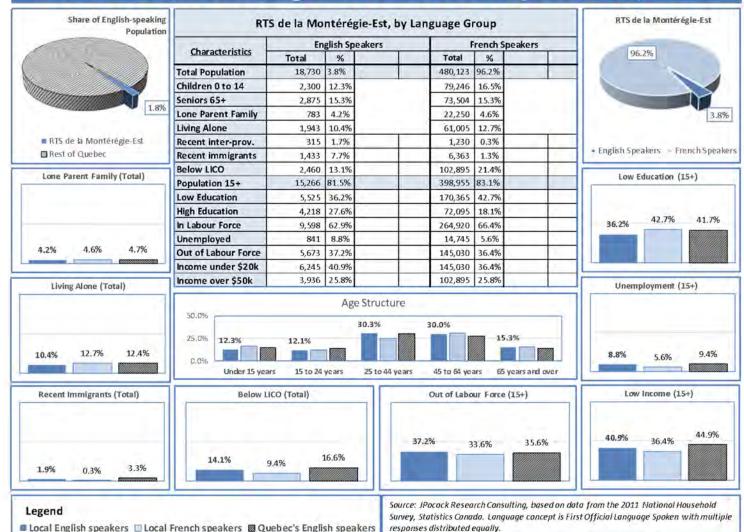
## RTS des Laurentides - Total Population, 2011



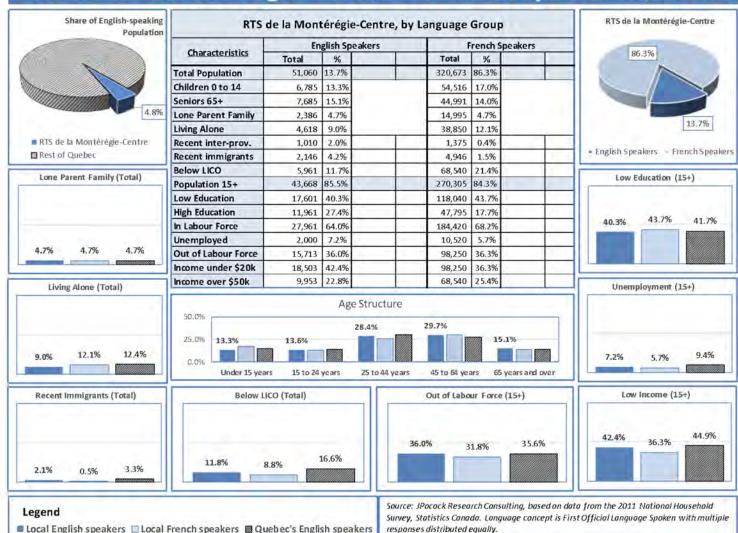
responses distributed equally.

■ Local English speakers
□ Local French speakers
☑ Quebec's English speakers

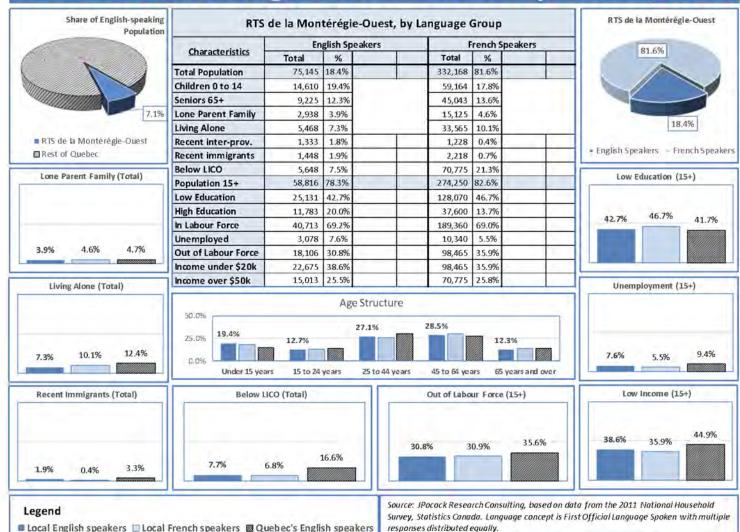
## RTS de la Montérégie-Est - Total Population, 2011



## RTS de la Montérégie-Centre - Total Population, 2011



## RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest - Total Population, 2011



## **Definitions**

<u>Educational Attainment</u> – Persons with low educational attainment are those with only a high school graduation certificate or less while those with high educational attainment are those with a university bachelor's degree or higher.

<u>Income</u> – Persons with low income are those with individual income less than \$20k while those with high income reported \$50k or more. This includes income from all sources.

<u>Low Income Cut-off (LICO)</u> uses the income levels of a given family and considers how large a share of its income is spent on necessities such as food, shelter and clothing. If the amount a family spends is 20% higher than an average family in a year, it falls into the low income cut-off category. People who live below income cut-offs may be said to live in "straitened circumstances." (Human Resources and Skills Development Canada, August 2009.) Low-income after-tax cut-offs (LICO-AT) is used in this report.

<u>Recent Inter-provincial Migrants</u> – are persons who have moved into Quebec from another Canadian province between 2006 and 2011

<u>Recent Immigrants</u> – are persons who have moved into Quebec from outside Canada between 2006 and 2011. <u>Out of the Labour Force</u> Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the reference week, were unwilling or unable to offer or supply labour services under conditions existing in their labour markets (this includes persons who were full-time students currently attending school).