Socio-demographic Profile of Children Aged 0 to 5 and their Parents

RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal

BASED ON THE 2016 CENSUS OF CANADA

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FOR THE

Community Health and Social Services Network



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Socio-demographic Profiles of Children aged 0-5 and their Parents Introduction

Early Child Development as a Social Determinant of Health

Early child development (ECD) is a cornerstone of human development and childhood is considered to be the most important developmental phase of the individual lifespan. The developmental outcomes of this early phase of life impact the level of health and well-being enjoyed by a population in its future. Early child development is a social determinant of the health of communities and it is a process that is particularly sensitive to social determinants like the socio-economic status of families with children aged 0-5 and their social environment, access to health and social services, communication competency and literacy and access to local social support networks.

Health organizations around the globe are promoting knowledge and fostering policy, programs and initiatives that aim to improve the situation of children experiencing disadvantaged conditions and who are thereby vulnerable to poor childhood development. In Québec, the 2017 study of the Institut de la statistique du Québec entitled *Québec Survey on Children's Development in Kindergarten/Enquète quebécoise sur le development des enfants à la maternelle* selected the following key areas for assessment of the quality of ECD: physical health and well-being; social competence; emotional maturity; cognitive and language development; as well as communication skills and general knowledge.

See the report at https://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/statistiques/sante/enfants-ados/developpement-enfants-maternelle-2017 an.html

The Community Health and Social Services Network: Bright Beginnings

The Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) supports the English-speaking communities of Québec in their efforts to redress health status inequalities and promote community vitality. It strengthens and mobilizes networks at the local, regional and provincial levels in order to address health determinants, influence public policy and develop services for English speakers who, too often are left out of the system. It's 65 member organizations from various sectors aim to improve vitality and health of individuals and families among Québec's minority language communities. Learn more at http://chssn.org/about-us/

CHSSN financially supports 21 local or regional community health and social services network organizations who mobilize citizens and multi-sectorial partners in all regions of Québec using a population health approach. They collectively address health determinants such as access to health services, healthy child development, education and literacy, and social environments or support networks. With their networks, CHSSN has developed a collective vision and an early childhood framework called *Bright Beginnings: an adapted approach to supporting English-speaking children (0-5) and families.* This approach is being implemented by networks to varying degrees in many regions in accordance with each network organization's capacity.

To explore their approach further go to http://chssn.org/pdf/ProvincialActionPlan-BB ENG.pdf

About These Profiles

These profiles draw from the 2016 Census of Canada to provide pertinent socio-demographic information on the children aged 0-5 of Québec's English-speaking communities and their families in

accordance with Québec's RTS (réseau territorial de services) territories. They include information on their numbers, where they live, family structures they are part of, socio-economic issues they face, their status as recent immigrants to Québec, aboriginal identity and their likelihood to be members of a visible minority. Each regional profile includes tables, graphs and information bullets that provide provincial and regional statistics for selected characteristics as well as comparisons between French-speaking majority and English-speaking minority populations within these administrative territories.

Please note that these profiles draw from two different census samples. Section 1 of each profile provides information drawn from the 2016 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. Section 2 provides information on the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

Definitions and Concepts

These profiles draw data from the Statistics Canada 2016 Census of Canada and are organized in accordance with its definitions and concepts. The census dictionary is available at, https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm

<u>First Official Language Spoken (FOLS)</u> The definitions of first official language spoken and official language minority are outlined in the Official Languages (Communications with and Services to the Public) Regulations issued pursuant to the Official Languages Act (1988). The official language minority is English in Québec and French in all other provinces and territories. First Official Language Spoken is derived from the census questions on knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Multiple responses are distributed equally among declared languages.

<u>Census Family households</u> are those with a married couple (with or without children), or a couple living common-law (with or without children), or a lone parent living with one or more children (lone-parent family).

<u>Census family</u> is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.

<u>Private household</u> refers to a person or group of persons who occupy the same dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada or abroad. For census purposes, households are classified into three groups: private households, collective households and households outside Canada. Unless otherwise specified, all data in census products are for private households only.

<u>Educational Attainment</u> – Persons with low educational attainment are those with only a high school graduation certificate or less while those with high educational attainment are those with a university bachelor's degree or higher.

 $^{^{1} \} For further information go to \ \underline{http://www.msss.gouv.qc.ca/professionnels/informations-geographiques-et-de-population/decoupage-territorial/}$

<u>Income</u> – Persons with low income are those with individual after-tax income less than \$20k while those with high income reported \$50k or more. This includes income from all sources.

<u>LICO</u> uses the income levels of a given family and considers how large a share of its income is spent on necessities such as food, shelter and clothing. If the amount a family spends is 20% higher than an average family in a year, it falls into the low income cut-off category. People who live below income cut-offs may be said to live in "straitened circumstances." (Human Resources and Skills Development Canada, August 2009.)

<u>Mobility status</u> – (Place of residence 5 years ago) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2011, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier.

Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers.

Movers include non-migrants and migrants.

Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve.

Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada.

External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date. External migrants are referred to as immigrants in this document.

Methodological Notes

Data Source

These profiles draw information from datasets developed by the Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) using the 2016 Census of Canada. Findings are provided for Québec's RTS territories in which there are at least 250 English speaking residents. **Please note that the profiles are divided into two sections. Section 1** provides information drawn from the 2016 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. **Section 2** provides information on the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

Linguistic definitions

There are numerous linguistic definitions that are used to identify the English-speaking population in Québec. The choice of linguistic indicator depends largely on the issue being examined. These profiles use the First Official Language Spoken (FOLS) definition with multiple responses proportionally distributed since it best reflects the total English-speaking health service users in the province. First Official Language Spoken is derived from three census questions: knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Dual responses are divided equally among English-speaking and French-speaking groups. Other definitions include Mother tongue which refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood. The language is used to designate the home language. Knowledge of official languages indicates the official language in which a person can carry on a conversation. The language indicates the language spoken most frequently at work.

Demographic and Socio-economic Characteristics

The demographic and socio-economic variables addressed in these profiles are:

- Population size
- Household living arrangements
- Income
- Low-income cut-off (LICO)
- Educational attainment
- Labour force activity
- Visible minority status
- Family Structure
- Aboriginal identity
- Recent Immigrant status

Section 1: Children 0-5

The statistics presented in this section of the profile are drawn from the 2016 census population living in private households in Québec.

Children 0 to 5 Across Québec Proportion of Children Across Québec

RTS de la Montérégie-Est

RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest

Size and Proportion English-speaking Children 0 to 5 and French-speaking Children 0 to 5 Québec and its RTS Territories, 2016 **English-speaking Population** French-speaking Population Total English-English-Total French-French-Geography Share of Share of speaking speaking Englishspeaking speaking French-Total Total speaking Children 0 Children 0 speaking Children 0 Children 0 to Population Population Population to 5 to 5 (%) Population to 5 5 (%) Québec 1.097.925 6.795.280 13.8% 61,400 5.6% 85% 456.615 6.7% RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent 1,080 0.6% 30 2.8% 188,850 99% 11,175 5.9% RTS du Saguenay – Lac-Saint-Jean 1,975 0.7% 130 6.6% 266,835 99% 16,945 6.4% RTS de la Capitale-Nationale 14,205 2.0% 560 3.9% 693,190 98% 45,500 6.6% RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec 5,800 230 4.0% 484,485 99% 29,750 1.2% 6.1% RTS de l'Estrie - CHU de Sherbrooke 8.1% 4.9% 420.845 92% 27.705 6.6% 37.010 1.805 RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 194,935 55.8% 10,900 5.6% 148,085 42% 8,970 6.1% RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 185,920 55.0% 10,180 5.5% 142,460 42% 8,915 6.3% RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 77,840 26.7% 4,070 5.2% 209,030 72% 11,965 5.7% RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 4.9% 8.1% 88,895 21.4% 4,380 314,375 76% 25,575 RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 14.9% 3,120 74,575 4.2% 415.110 31.330 7.5% 83% RTS de l'Outaouais 70,575 18.7% 4,670 6.6% 304,625 81% 22,120 7.3% RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue 5,155 3.6% 275 5.3% 137,920 96% 9.660 7.0% RTS de la Côte-Nord 5,175 5.7% 335 6.5% 85,085 94% 5,465 6.4% RTS du Nord-du-Québec 390 30 7.7% 13,265 1,005 7.6% RTS de la Gaspésie 8,090 10.7% 500 6.2% 67.840 89% 4.9% 3,345 RTS des Îles 695 5.7% 30 4.3% 11,495 94% 505 4.4% RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches 3.755 0.9% 175 4.7% 404.685 99% 28.020 6.9% RTS de Laval 91,115 22.2% 5,465 6.0% 311,535 76% 20,170 6.5% 2.9% 471,020 97% 7.0% RTS de Lanaudière 14,215 800 5.6% 33,155 6.5% 93% 35,590 RTS des Laurentides 37,555 2,030 5.4% 538,755 6.6% RTS de la Montérégie-Centre 53,570 13.7% 2,960 5.5% 332,790 85% 23,230 7.0%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting for CHSSN, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

780

5,920

4.1%

7.1%

484,805

343,710

96%

80%

32,445

23,890

6.7%

7.0%

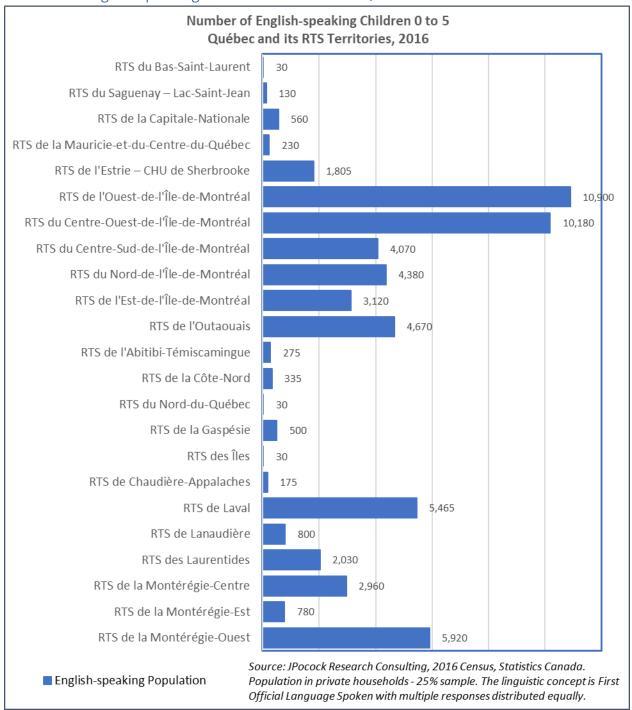
3.8%

19.4%

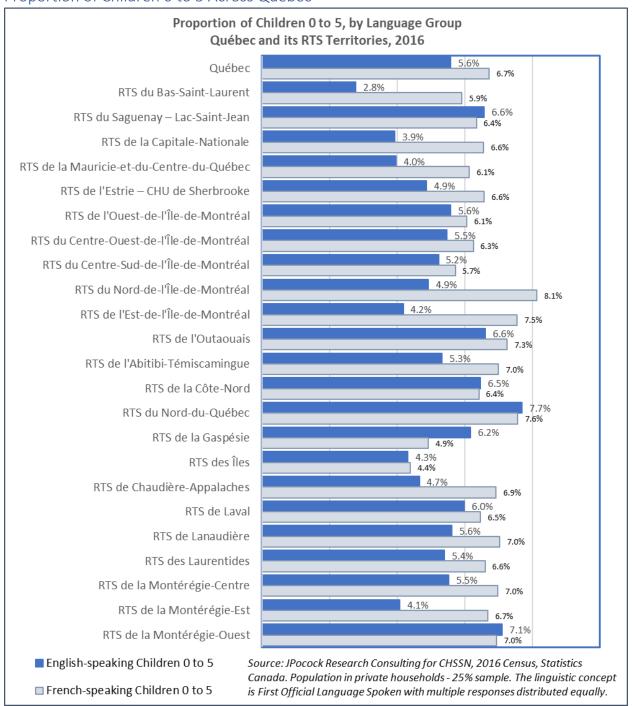
19,130

83,300

Number of English-Speaking Children 0 to 5 Across Québec



Proportion of Children 0 to 5 Across Québec



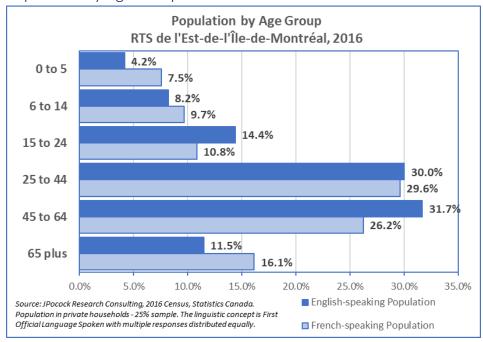
Children 0 to 5 in RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal Population by Age - Table

Age Groups
English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Age Group	English- speaking Population	French- speaking Population	speaking speaking	
Total	74,575	415,110	100.0%	100.0%
0 to 5	3,120	31,330	4.2%	7.5%
6 to 14	6,135	40,060	8.2%	9.7%
15 to 24	10,730	44,955	14.4%	10.8%
25 to 44	22,390	122,920	30.0%	29.6%
45 to 64	23,625	108,875	31.7%	26.2%
65 plus	8,570	66,970	11.5%	16.1%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Population by Age - Graph



- In 2016, there were 74,575 English-speaking persons in the RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal territory. Of these, 3,120 (4.2%) were in the 0 to 5 age group.
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 was lower in the English-speaking population than in the French-speaking population (7.5%).
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 in the English-speaking population of RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was much lower than the average for Quebec's English-speaking population (5.6%).

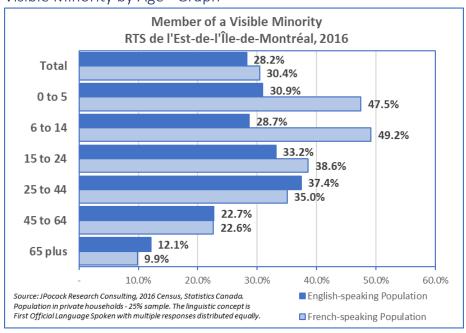
Visible Minority by Age - Table

Visible Minority Status
English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

	English-speaking Population			French-speaking Population			
Age Group	Total	Visible minority population	Proportion of Visible Minorities	Total	Visible minority population	Proportion of Visible Minorities	
Total	74,575	21,065	28.2%	415,110	126,235	30.4%	
0 to 5	3,120	965	30.9%	31,330	14,875	47.5%	
6 to 14	6,135	1,760	28.7%	40,060	19,695	49.2%	
15 to 24	10,730	3,560	33.2%	44,955	17,345	38.6%	
25 to 44	22,390	8,375	37.4%	122,920	43,065	35.0%	
45 to 64	23,625	5,365	22.7%	108,875	24,640	22.6%	
65 plus	8,570	1,035	12.1%	66,970	6,615	9.9%	

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Visible Minority by Age - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 965 (30.9%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were members of a visible minority. This proportion was much lower than that displayed by the French-speaking population (47.5%).
- In 2016, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were members of a visible minority was higher than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (28.2%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 326,815 persons who were members of a visible minority, representing 29.8% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was lower than the provincial average.

Aboriginal Identity by Age - Table

The number of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 with an aboriginal identity living in RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was too low to reliably report.

Household Living Arrangements by Age – English Speakers

Household Living Arrangements English-speaking Population RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Age Group	Total	Total persons in Census families	Spouses, common-law partners and children	Lone parents and children	Total persons in non-Census families	Living with relatives
Total	74,575	62,630	52,090	10,540	11,945	1,325
0 to 5	3,120	3,110	2,655	455	10	10
6 to 14	6,135	6,130	4,765	1,365	-	-
15 to 24	10,730	9,765	7,210	2,560	960	155
25 to 44	22,390	18,540	15,995	2,535	3,855	320
45 to 64	23,625	19,145	16,120	3,025	4,485	490
65 plus	8,570	5,940	5,340	600	2,630	345
Total	100.0%	84.0%	69.8%	14.1%	16.0%	1.8%
0 to 5	100.0%	99.7%	85.1%	14.6%	-	-
6 to 14	100.0%	99.9%	77.7%	22.2%	-	-
15 to 24	100.0%	91.0%	67.2%	23.9%	8.9%	1.4%
25 to 44	100.0%	82.8%	71.4%	11.3%	17.2%	1.4%
45 to 64	100.0%	81.0%	68.2%	12.8%	19.0%	2.1%
65 plus	100.0%	69.3%	62.3%	7.0%	30.7%	4.0%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

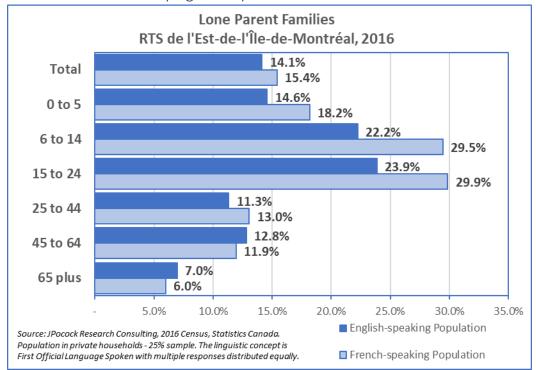
Household Living Arrangements by Age – French Speakers

Household Living Arrangements French-speaking Population RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Age Group	Total	Total persons in Census families	Spouses, common-law partners and children	Lone parents and children	Total persons in non-Census families	Living with relatives
Total	415,110	307,000	243,015	63,985	108,110	9,740
0 to 5	31,330	31,180	25,485	5,695	155	150
6 to 14	40,060	39,705	27,910	11,800	350	350
15 to 24	44,955	36,585	23,170	13,420	8,370	1,620
25 to 44	122,920	89,540	73,500	16,035	33,385	2,445
45 to 64	108,875	73,355	60,345	13,010	35,520	2,535
65 plus	66,970	36,635	32,610	4,030	30,335	2,640
Total	100.0%	74.0%	58.5%	15.4%	26.0%	2.3%
0 to 5	100.0%	99.5%	81.3%	18.2%	0.5%	0.5%
6 to 14	100.0%	99.1%	69.7%	29.5%	0.9%	0.9%
15 to 24	100.0%	81.4%	51.5%	29.9%	18.6%	3.6%
25 to 44	100.0%	72.8%	59.8%	13.0%	27.2%	2.0%
45 to 64	100.0%	67.4%	55.4%	11.9%	32.6%	2.3%
65 plus	100.0%	54.7%	48.7%	6.0%	45.3%	3.9%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Lone Parent Families by Age - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 455 (14.6%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living in lone parent families. This proportion was lower than that displayed by the French-speaking population (18.2%).
- In 2016, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living in lone parent families was similar to the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (14.1%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 136,050 persons living in lone parent families, representing 12.4% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal is higher than the provincial average.

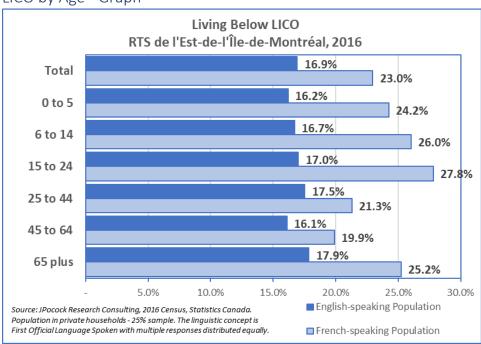
LICO by Age - Table

Tendency to Live Below the Low-income Cut-off English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

	Englisl	n-speaking Pop	oulation	French-speaking Population			
Age Group	Total	Living below LICO	Living below LICO (%)	Total	Living below LICO	Living below LICO (%)	
Total	74,575	12,620	16.9%	415,110	95,290	23.0%	
0 to 5	3,120	505	16.2%	31,330	7,595	24.2%	
6 to 14	6,135	1,025	16.7%	40,060	10,430	26.0%	
15 to 24	10,730	1,825	17.0%	44,955	12,505	27.8%	
25 to 44	22,390	3,925	17.5%	122,920	26,180	21.3%	
45 to 64	23,625	3,805	16.1%	108,875	21,665	19.9%	
65 plus	8,570	1,530	17.9%	66,970	16,905	25.2%	

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

LICO by Age - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 505 (16.2%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living below LICO. This proportion was much lower than that displayed by the French-speaking population (24.2%).
- The proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living below LICO was similar to the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (16.9%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 195,300 persons living below LICO, representing 17.8% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal is similar to the provincial average.

Section 2: Parents of Children 0 to 5

The statistics presented in this section of the profile are drawn from the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in a census family.

Children of other ages may be present.

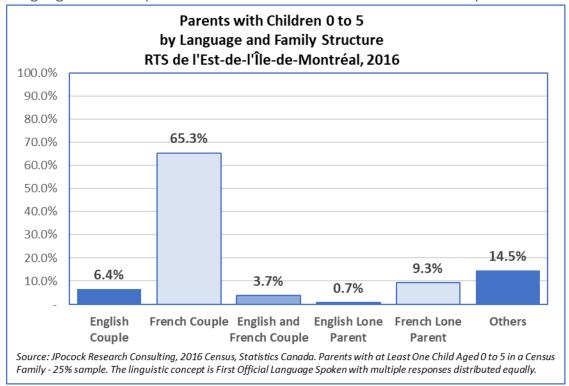
Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5 – Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465
In an English Couple	3,250
In a French Couple	32,975
In an English and French Couple	1,870
English Lone Parent	340
French Lone Parent	4,715
Other Types of Families	7,310
Percentages	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%
In an English Couple	6.4%
In a French Couple	65.3%
In an English and French Couple	3.7%
English Lone Parent	0.7%
French Lone Parent	9.3%
Other Types of Families	14.5%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5 - Graph



• In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 50,465 parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5. Of these parents, 3,250 (6.4%) were part of an English-speaking couple, while 340 (0.7%) were English-speaking lone parents.

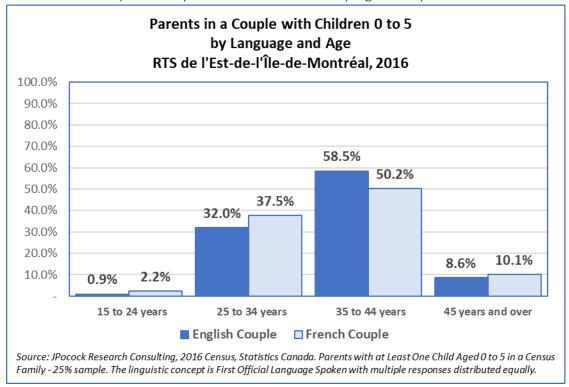
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Age – Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Age RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 years and over
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	1,480	19,005	25,140	4,845
In an English Couple	3,250	30	1,040	1,900	280
In a French Couple	32,975	740	12,380	16,540	3,320
In an English and French Couple	1,870	35	735	965	125
English Lone Parent	340	15	155	130	30
French Lone Parent	4,715	480	2,200	1,750	285
Other Types of Families	7,310	170	2,490	3,855	795
	Percentag	ges			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	2.9%	37.7%	49.8%	9.6%
In an English Couple	100.0%	0.9%	32.0%	58.5%	8.6%
In a French Couple	100.0%	2.2%	37.5%	50.2%	10.1%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	1.9%	39.3%	51.6%	6.7%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	4.4%	45.6%	38.2%	8.8%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	10.2%	46.7%	37.1%	6.0%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	2.3%	34.1%	52.7%	10.9%

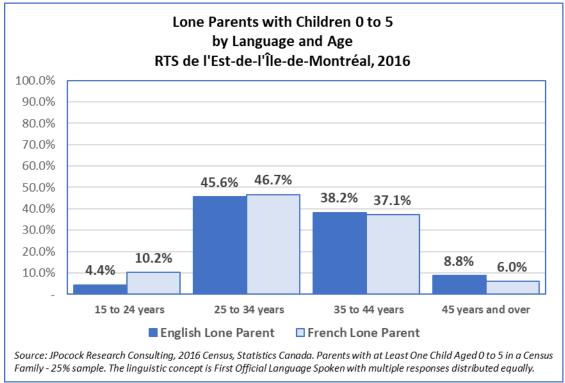
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Parents in a Couple Family with Children 0 to 5 by Age - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2.9% of all parents with children 0 to 5 were between the ages of 15 and 24. Within English-speaking couples, the proportion of parents in this age group (0.9%) was much lower than the proportion within French-speaking couples (2.2%) and much lower than the overall average.
- Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, 32.0% were between the ages of 25 and 34. This was lower than the proportion for French-speaking couples (37.5%).
- Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, 58.5% were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was higher than the proportion for French-speaking couples (50.2%).
- A large majority of parents with young children fall within the combined age group of 25 to 44.
 Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, approximately 90% were between the ages of 25 and 44. This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking couples (88%).
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 9.6% of parents with children aged 0 to 5 were 45 years of age or older. Within English-speaking couples, 8.6% of parents with young children were within this age group, which was lower than the proportion within French-speaking couples (10.1%) and lower than the overall average.

Lone Parents with Children 0 to 5 by Age - Graph



- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 4.4% were between the ages of 15 and 24. This was much lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (10.2%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, 45.6% were between the ages of 25 and 34. This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (46.7%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, 38.2% were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (37.1%).
- A large majority of parents with young children fall within the combined age group of 25 to 44. Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, approximately 84% were between the ages of 25 and 44. This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (84%).
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 8.8% of English-speaking lone parents with young children (0 to 5) were 45 years old or older. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents with young children (6.0%).

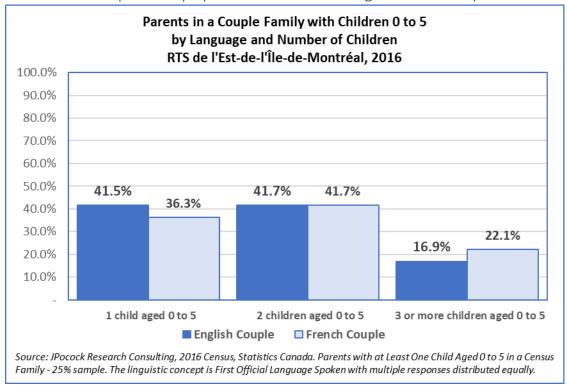
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Number of Children – Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	One Child 0 to 5	Two Children 0 to 5	Three or More Children 0 to 5
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	19,035	20,605	10,825
In an English Couple	3,250	1,350	1,355	550
In a French Couple	32,975	11,955	13,750	7,280
In an English and French Couple	1,870	815	715	330
English Lone Parent	340	140	140	60
French Lone Parent	4,715	2,350	1,545	825
Other Types of Families	7,310	2,430	3,105	1,775
	Percentages			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	37.7%	40.8%	21.5%
In an English Couple	100.0%	41.5%	41.7%	16.9%
In a French Couple	100.0%	36.3%	41.7%	22.1%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	43.6%	38.2%	17.6%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	41.2%	41.2%	17.6%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	49.8%	32.8%	17.5%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	33.2%	42.5%	24.3%

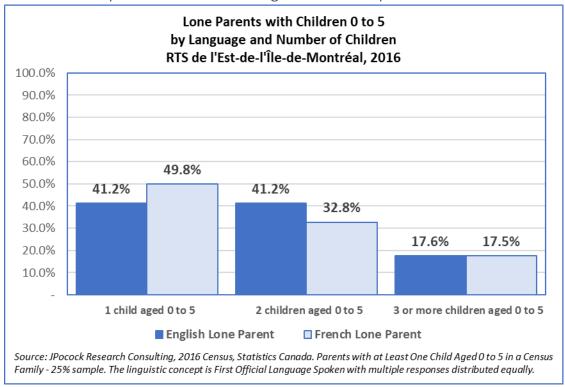
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Parents in a Couple Family by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal in 2016, 37.7% of all parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child within that age range. Among those parents in an English-speaking couple, 41.5% had a single child aged 0 to 5, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (36.3%) and higher than the overall average.
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, 41.7% had two children within that age range, which was similar to the proportion among French-speaking couples (41.7%).
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, 16.9% had three or more
 children within that age range, which was much lower than the proportion among Frenchspeaking couples (22.1%).

Lone Parents by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 41.2% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child in that age group, which was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (49.8%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5, 41.2% had two children within that
 age range, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents
 (32.8%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5, 17.6% had three or more children within that age range, which was similar to the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (17.5%).

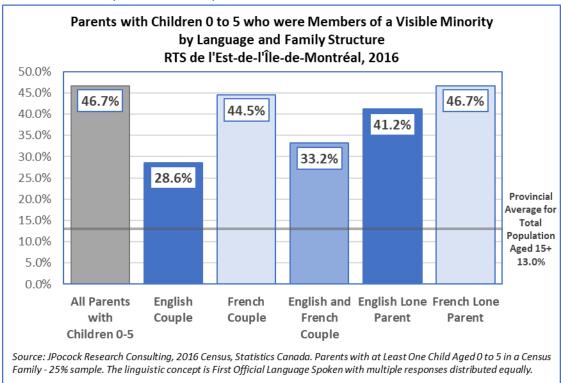
Visible Minority Status - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Member of a Visible Minority	Not a Visible Minority
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	23,545	26,920
In an English Couple	3,250	930	2,325
In a French Couple	32,975	14,680	18,300
In an English and French Couple	1,870	620	1,255
English Lone Parent	340	140	200
French Lone Parent	4,715	2,200	2,515
Other Types of Families	7,310	4,980	2,330
Per	centages		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	46.7%	53.3%
In an English Couple	100.0%	28.6%	71.5%
In a French Couple	100.0%	44.5%	55.5%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	33.2%	67.1%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	41.2%	58.8%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	46.7%	53.3%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	68.1%	31.9%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Visible Minority Status - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 46.7% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 28.6% were members of a visible minority, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (44.5%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 33.2% of parents with children 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority. This was higher than the proportion in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 41.2% were a member
 of a visible minority. This was lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents
 (46.7%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report
 being a member of a visible minority than were parents with children of that age in Englishspeaking couples.

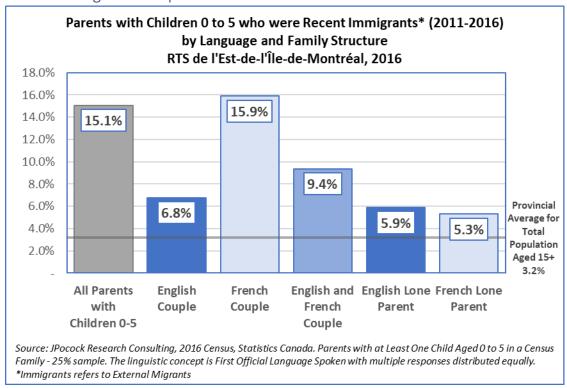
Recent Mobility (2011 – 2016) - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Recent Mobility Status (2011 to 2016) RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Non- Migrants	Migrants	Interprovincial Migrants	External Migrants (Immigrants)			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	40,590	9,875	260	7,605			
In an English Couple	3,250	2,935	315	45	220			
In a French Couple	32,975	26,365	6,610	70	5,235			
In an English and French Couple	1,870	1,520	350	75	175			
English Lone Parent	340	290	50	10	20			
French Lone Parent	4,715	4,100	615	15	250			
Other Types of Families	7,310	5,380	1,930	50	1,705			
Percentages								
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	80.4%	19.6%	0.5%	15.1%			
In an English Couple	100.0%	90.3%	9.7%	1.4%	6.8%			
In a French Couple	100.0%	80.0%	20.0%	0.2%	15.9%			
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	81.3%	18.7%	4.0%	9.4%			
English Lone Parent	100.0%	85.3%	14.7%	-	5.9%			
French Lone Parent	100.0%	87.0%	13.0%	0.3%	5.3%			
Other Types of Families	100.0%	73.6%	26.4%	0.7%	23.3%			

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. *Between 2011 and 2016.

Recent Immigrant - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 15.1% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were recent immigrants in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 6.8% were recent immigrants, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (15.9%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 9.4% of parents with children 0 to 5 were recent immigrants. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 5.9% were recent immigrants. This was higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (5.3%).
 English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to report being a recent immigrant than were parents in English-speaking couples with children of that age.

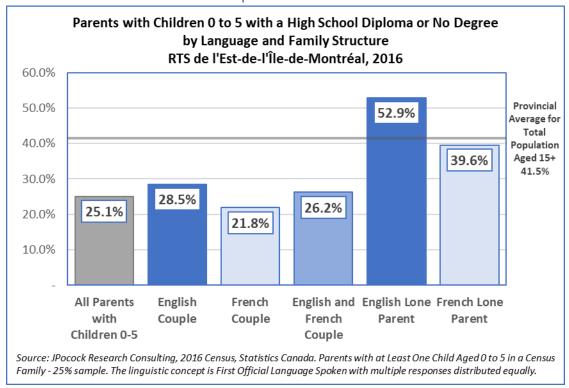
Highest Educational Attainment – Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Highest Educational Attainment RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	High School Diploma or No Degree	Apprenticeship or Trades Certificate	College, CEGEP or Other Non- University	University Certificate Below BA	University BA or Higher		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	12,655	7,905	8,845	2,945	18,105		
In an English Couple	3,250	925	345	775	95	1,115		
In a French Couple	32,975	7,205	5,180	5,905	2,135	12,550		
In an English and French Couple	1,870	490	335	320	105	605		
English Lone Parent	340	180	45	65	10	45		
French Lone Parent	4,715	1,865	1,200	645	215	790		
Other Types of Families	7,310	1,980	815	1,130	390	2,995		
Percentages								
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	25.1%	15.7%	17.5%	5.8%	35.9%		
In an English Couple	100.0%	28.5%	10.6%	23.8%	2.9%	34.3%		
In a French Couple	100.0%	21.8%	15.7%	17.9%	6.5%	38.1%		
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	26.2%	17.9%	17.1%	5.6%	32.4%		
English Lone Parent	100.0%	52.9%	13.2%	19.1%	ı	13.2%		
French Lone Parent	100.0%	39.6%	25.5%	13.7%	4.6%	16.8%		
Other Types of Families	100.0%	27.1%	11.1%	15.5%	5.3%	41.0%		

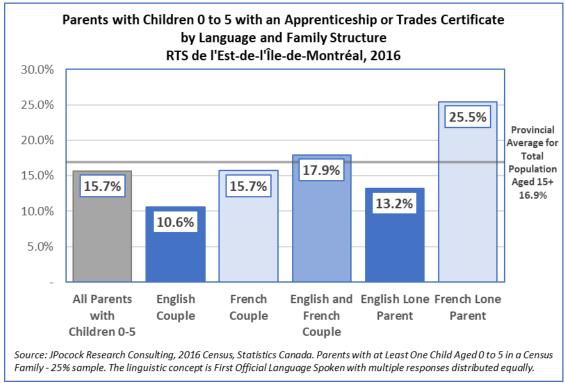
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Low Educational Attainment - Graph



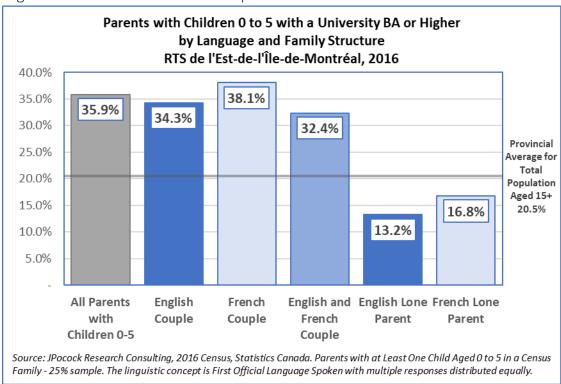
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 25.1% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 28.5% reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (21.8%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 26.2% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 52.9% reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (39.6%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report this low level
 of educational attainment than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking
 couples.

Apprenticeship and Trades Certificate - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 15.7% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 10.6% reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (15.7%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 17.9% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 13.2% reported an
 apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was
 much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (25.5%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to have an apprenticeship or trades certificate than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

High Educational Attainment - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 35.9% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 34.3% reported having a university BA or higher, which was lower than those in French-speaking couples (38.1%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 32.4% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher. This was lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 13.2% reported having a university BA or higher. This was much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (16.8%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to report having a university BA or higher than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

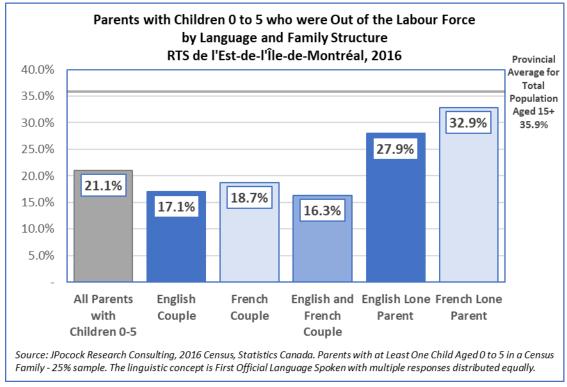
Labour Force Activity - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Labour Force Activity RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	In the Labour Force	Unemployed	Out of the Labour Force			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	39,830	3,990	10,630			
In an English Couple	3,250	2,705	160	555			
In a French Couple	32,975	26,795	2,610	6,180			
In an English and French Couple	1,870	1,560	160	305			
English Lone Parent	340	240	30	95			
French Lone Parent	4,715	3,170	405	1,550			
Other Types of Families	7,310	5,365	630	1,945			
Percentages							
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	78.9%	10.0%	21.1%			
In an English Couple	100.0%	83.2%	5.9%	17.1%			
In a French Couple	100.0%	81.3%	9.7%	18.7%			
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	83.4%	10.3%	16.3%			
English Lone Parent	100.0%	70.6%	12.5%	27.9%			
French Lone Parent	100.0%	67.2%	12.8%	32.9%			
Other Types of Families	100.0%	73.4%	11.7%	26.6%			

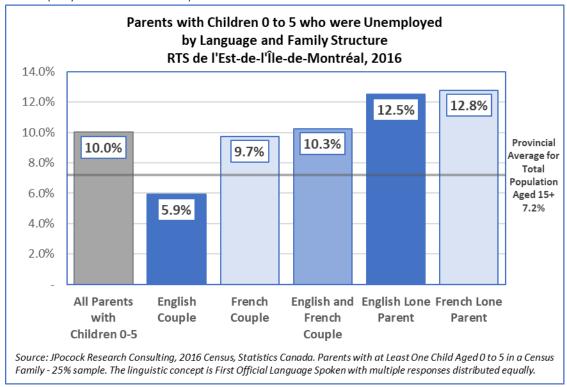
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Out of the Labour Force - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 21.1% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were out of the labour force in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 17.1% were out of the labour force, which was lower than those in French-speaking couples (18.7%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 16.3% of parents with children 0 to 5 were out of the labour force. This was similar to the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 27.9% were out of the labour force. This was lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (32.9%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to be out of the labour force than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Unemployment Rate - Graph



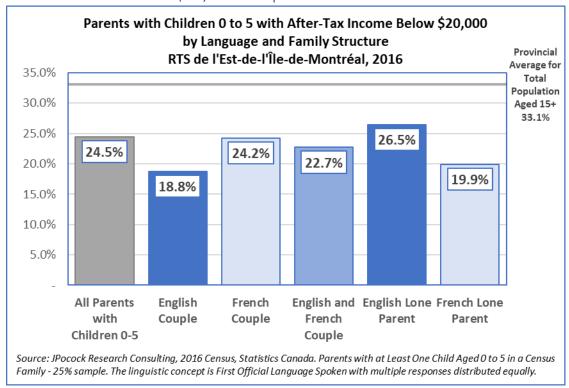
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 10.0% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were unemployed in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 5.9% were unemployed, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (9.7%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 10.3% of parents with children 0 to 5 were unemployed. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 12.5% were unemployed. This was similar to the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (12.8%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to be unemployed than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

After-Tax Income - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and After-Tax Income RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

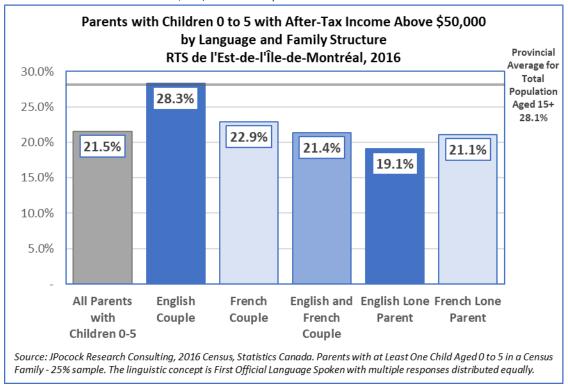
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Less than \$20,000	\$20,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 and Over		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	12,350	27,235	10,875		
In an English Couple	3,250	610	1,725	920		
In a French Couple	32,975	7,985	17,445	7,550		
In an English and French Couple	1,870	425	1,055	400		
English Lone Parent	340	90	180	65		
French Lone Parent	4,715	940	2,780	995		
Other Types of Families	7,310	2,315	4,050	940		
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	24.5%	54.0%	21.5%		
In an English Couple	100.0%	18.8%	53.1%	28.3%		
In a French Couple	100.0%	24.2%	52.9%	22.9%		
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	22.7%	56.4%	21.4%		
English Lone Parent	100.0%	26.5%	52.9%	19.1%		
French Lone Parent	100.0%	19.9%	59.0%	21.1%		
Other Types of Families	100.0%	31.7%	55.4%	12.9%		

After-Tax Income Below \$20,000 - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 24.5% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below \$20,000 in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 18.8% earned an after-tax income below \$20,000, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (24.2%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 22.7% of parents with children 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below \$20,000. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 26.5% earned an aftertax income below \$20,000. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (19.9%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to earn an income under \$20,000 than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

After-Tax Income Above \$50,000 - Graph



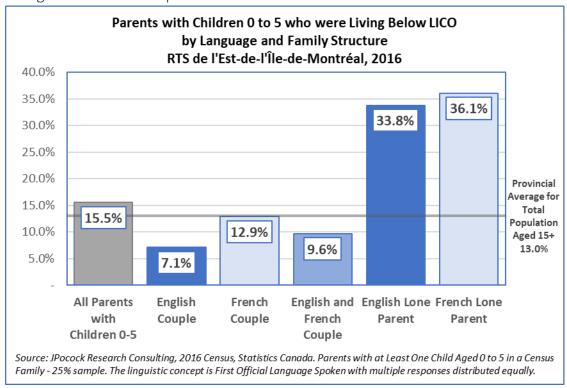
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 21.5% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned \$50,000 or more in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 28.3% earned \$50,000 or more, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (22.9%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 21.4% of parents with children 0 to 5 earned \$50,000 or more. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 19.1% earned \$50,000 or more. This was lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (21.1%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to earn an income of \$50,000 or more than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Low Income Cut-Off (LICO) - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Low-Income Status RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Living Above LICO-AT	Living Below LICO-AT			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	42,630	7,835			
In an English Couple	3,250	3,025	230			
In a French Couple	32,975	28,740	4,240			
In an English and French Couple	1,870	1,695	180			
English Lone Parent	340	220	115			
French Lone Parent	4,715	3,015	1,700			
Other Types of Families	7,310	5,940	1,365			
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5 100.0% 84.5% 15.5%						
In an English Couple	100.0%	93.1%	7.1%			
In a French Couple	100.0%	87.2%	12.9%			
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	90.6%	9.6%			
English Lone Parent	100.0%	64.7%	33.8%			
French Lone Parent	100.0%	63.9%	36.1%			
Other Types of Families	100.0%	81.3%	18.7%			

Living Below LICO - Graph



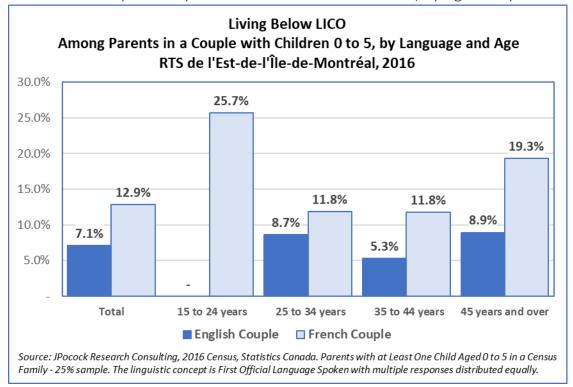
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 15.5% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were living below LICO in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 7.1% were living below LICO, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (12.9%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 9.6% of parents with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 33.8% were living below LICO. This was lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (36.1%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report living below LICO than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Parents with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO by Age - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 Living Below LICO by Language, Census Family Structure and Age RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

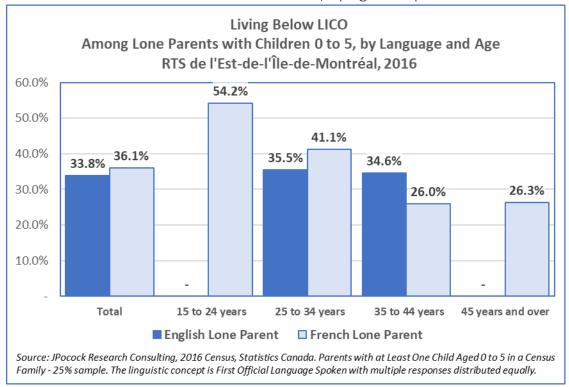
N13 dc 1 L3t dc		<u> </u>				
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 years and over	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	1,480	19,005	25,140	4,845	
In an English Couple	3,250	30	1,040	1,900	280	
In a French Couple	32,975	740	12,380	16,540	3,320	
In an English and French Couple	1,870	35	735	965	125	
English Lone Parent	340	15	155	130	30	
French Lone Parent	4,715	480	2,200	1,750	285	
Other Types of Families	7,310	170	2,490	3,855	795	
Living	Below LICO	-AT				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	7,835	515	3,110	3,305	905	
In an English Couple	230	10	90	100	25	
In a French Couple	4,240	190	1,465	1,950	640	
In an English and French Couple	180	-	65	105	10	
English Lone Parent	115	10	55	45	10	
French Lone Parent	1,700	260	905	455	75	
Other Types of Families	1,365	55	535	650	130	
Percentage Living Below LICO-AT						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	15.5%	34.8%	16.4%	13.1%	18.7%	
In an English Couple	7.1%	-	8.7%	5.3%	8.9%	
In a French Couple	12.9%	25.7%	11.8%	11.8%	19.3%	
In an English and French Couple	9.6%	-	8.8%	10.9%	-	
English Lone Parent	33.8%	-	35.5%	34.6%	-	
French Lone Parent	36.1%	54.2%	41.1%	26.0%	26.3%	
Other Types of Families	18.7%	32.4%	21.5%	16.9%	16.4%	

Parents in a Couple Family with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO, by Age - Graph



- The number of parents in an English-speaking couple who were aged 15 to 24 with children 0 to 5 and who were living below LICO was too low to reliably report.
- Among parents aged 25 to 34 with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 8.7% of those in English-speaking couples were living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (11.8%).
- Among parents aged 35 to 44 with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 5.3% of those in English-speaking couples were living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (11.8%).
- Among parents aged 45 or older with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 8.9% of those in English-speaking couples were living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (19.3%).

Lone Parents with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO, by Age - Graph



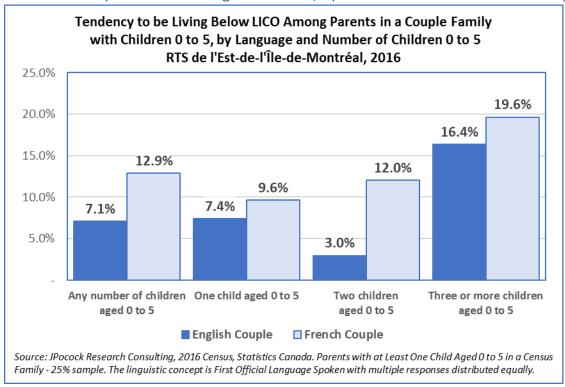
- The number of English-speaking lone parents who were aged 15 to 24 with children 0 to 5 and who were living below LICO was too low to reliably report.
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 34 with children 0 to 5, 35.5% were living below LICO, which was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 34 (41.1%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 44 with children 0 to 5, 34.6% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 44 (26.0%).
- The number of English-speaking lone parents who were aged 45 and over with children 0 to 5 and who were living below LICO was too low to reliably report.

Parents Below LICO by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 Living Below LICO by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children 0 to 5 RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

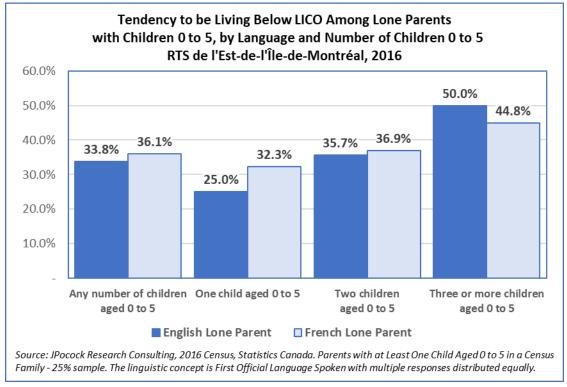
Census Family Structure and Language	Total with Chilren 0 to 5	One Child 0 to 5	Two Children 0 to 5	Three or More Children 0 to 5		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	19,035	20,605	10,825		
In an English Couple	3,250	1,350	1,355	550		
In a French Couple	32,975	11,955	13,750	7,280		
In an English and French Couple	1,870	815	715	330		
English Lone Parent	340	140	140	60		
French Lone Parent	4,715	2,350	1,545	825		
Other Types of Families	7,310	2,430	3,105	1,775		
L	iving Below LIC	O-AT				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	7,835	2,530	2,990	2,315		
In an English Couple	230	100	40	90		
In a French Couple	4,240	1,150	1,655	1,430		
In an English and French Couple	180	50	60	70		
English Lone Parent	115	35	50	30		
French Lone Parent	1,700	760	570	370		
Other Types of Families	1,365	425	610	335		
Percentage Living Below LICO-AT						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	15.5%	13.3%	14.5%	21.4%		
In an English Couple	7.1%	7.4%	3.0%	16.4%		
In a French Couple	12.9%	9.6%	12.0%	19.6%		
In an English and French Couple	9.6%	6.1%	8.4%	21.2%		
English Lone Parent	33.8%	25.0%	35.7%	50.0%		
French Lone Parent	36.1%	32.3%	36.9%	44.8%		
Other Types of Families	18.7%	17.5%	19.6%	18.9%		

Parents in Couple Families Living Below LICO, by Number of Children 0 to 5 - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 7.4% of parents in English-speaking couples with a single child aged 0 to 5 reported living below LICO. This was much lower than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (9.6%).
- Among English-speaking parents with two children aged 0 to 5, 3.0% were living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (12.0%).
- Among parents in an English-speaking couple with three or more children aged 0 to 5, 16.4% were living below LICO, which was lower than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (19.6%).

Lone Parents Living Below LICO, by Number of Children 0 to 5 - Graph



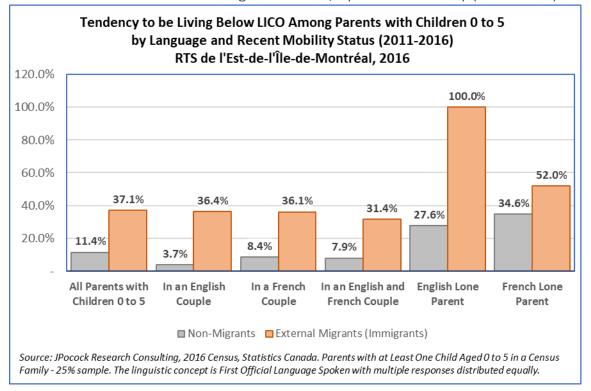
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 25.0% of English-speaking lone parents with a single child aged 0 to 5 reported living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (32.3%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with two children 0 to 5, 35.7% were living below LICO, which was similar to the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (36.9%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with three or more children 0 to 5, 50.0% were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (44.8%).

Below LICO by Recent Mobility Status - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Recent Mobility Status (2011-2016) RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

			cui, 2010			
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Non- Migrants	Migrants	Interprovincial Migrants	External Migrants (Immigrants)	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	40,590	9,875	260	7,605	
In an English Couple	3,250	2,935	315	45	220	
In a French Couple	32,975	26,365	6,610	70	5,235	
In an English and French Couple	1,870	1,520	350	75	175	
English Lone Parent	340	290	50	10	20	
French Lone Parent	4,715	4,100	615	15	250	
Other Types of Families	7,310	5,380	1,930	50	1,705	
	Living Belo	ow LICO-AT				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	7,835	4,640	3,195	75	2,820	
In an English Couple	230	110	120	30	80	
In a French Couple	4,240	2,210	2,030	25	1,890	
In an English and French Couple	180	120	60	10	55	
English Lone Parent	115	80	35	-	20	
French Lone Parent	1,700	1,420	280	10	130	
Other Types of Families	1,365	695	670	10	645	
Percentage Living Below LICO-AT						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	15.5%	11.4%	32.4%	28.8%	37.1%	
In an English Couple	7.1%	3.7%	38.1%	66.7%	36.4%	
In a French Couple	12.9%	8.4%	30.7%	35.7%	36.1%	
In an English and French Couple	9.6%	7.9%	17.1%	-	31.4%	
English Lone Parent	33.8%	27.6%	70.0%	-	100.0%	
French Lone Parent	36.1%	34.6%	45.5%	-	52.0%	
Other Types of Families	18.7%	12.9%	34.7%	-	37.8%	

Parents with Children 0 to 5 Living Below LICO, by Recent Mobility (2011-2016) - Graph



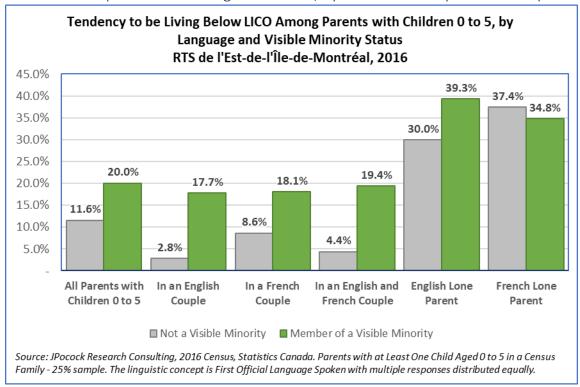
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 2,820 parents of children 0 to 5 who had immigrated to Canada between 2011 and 2016. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, 36.4% were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was similar to the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (36.1%).
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 100.0% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were recent immigrants lived below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (52.0%).
- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, 3.7% of those in an English-speaking couple were living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (8.4%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, 27.6% lived below LICO. This was much lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (34.6%).

Below LICO by Visible Minority Status - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Member of a Visible Minority	Not a Visible Minority			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	50,465	23,545	26,920			
In an English Couple	3,250	930	2,325			
In a French Couple	32,975	14,680	18,300			
In an English and French Couple	1,870	620	1,255			
English Lone Parent	340	140	200			
French Lone Parent	4,715	2,200	2,515			
Other Types of Families	7,310	4,980	2,330			
Living Be	low LICO-AT					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	7,835	4,720	3,110			
In an English Couple	230	165	65			
In a French Couple	4,240	2,655	1,580			
In an English and French Couple	180	120	55			
English Lone Parent	115	55	60			
French Lone Parent	1,700	765	940			
Other Types of Families	1,365	960	410			
Percentage Living Below LICO-AT						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	15.5%	20.0%	11.6%			
In an English Couple	7.1%	17.7%	2.8%			
In a French Couple	12.9%	18.1%	8.6%			
In an English and French Couple	9.6%	19.4%	4.4%			
English Lone Parent	33.8%	39.3%	30.0%			
French Lone Parent	36.1%	34.8%	37.4%			
Other Types of Families	18.7%	19.3%	17.6%			

Parents in Couple Families Living Below LICO, by Visible Minority Status - Graph



- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 4,720 parents of children 0 to 5 who reported being a member of a visible minority. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, 17.7% were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was similar to the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (18.1%).
- In 2016, 39.3% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were a member of a visible minority lived below LICO. This was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (34.8%).
- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority, 2.8% of those in an English-speaking couple were living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (8.6%).
- In RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 30.0% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority lived below LICO. This was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (37.4%).