# Socio-demographic Profile of Children Aged 0 to 5 and their Parents 

## RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'île-de-Montréal

BASED ON THE 2016 CENSUS OF CANADA

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## Socio-demographic Profiles of Children aged 0-5 and their Parents

## Introduction

## Early Child Development as a Social Determinant of Health

Early child development (ECD) is a cornerstone of human development and childhood is considered to be the most important developmental phase of the individual lifespan. The developmental outcomes of this early phase of life impact the level of health and well-being enjoyed by a population in its future. Early child development is a social determinant of the health of communities and it is a process that is particularly sensitive to social determinants like the socio-economic status of families with children aged $0-5$ and their social environment, access to health and social services, communication competency and literacy and access to local social support networks.

Health organizations around the globe are promoting knowledge and fostering policy, programs and initiatives that aim to improve the situation of children experiencing disadvantaged conditions and who are thereby vulnerable to poor childhood development. In Québec, the 2017 study of the Institut de la statistique du Québec entitled Québec Survey on Children's Development in Kindergarten/Enquète quebécoise sur le development des enfants à la maternelle selected the following key areas for assessment of the quality of ECD: physical health and well-being; social competence; emotional maturity; cognitive and language development; as well as communication skills and general knowledge.

See the report at https://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/statistiques/sante/enfants-ados/developpement-enfants-maternelle-2017 an.htm

The Community Health and Social Services Network: Bright Beginnings
The Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) supports the English-speaking communities of Québec in their efforts to redress health status inequalities and promote community vitality. It strengthens and mobilizes networks at the local, regional and provincial levels in order to address health determinants, influence public policy and develop services for English speakers who, too often are left out of the system. It's 65 member organizations from various sectors aim to improve vitality and health of individuals and families among Québec's minority language communities. Learn more at http://chssn.org/about-us/

CHSSN financially supports 21 local or regional community health and social services network organizations who mobilize citizens and multi-sectorial partners in all regions of Québec using a population health approach. They collectively address health determinants such as access to health services, healthy child development, education and literacy, and social environments or support networks. With their networks, CHSSN has developed a collective vision and an early childhood framework called Bright Beginnings: an adapted approach to supporting English-speaking children (0-5) and families. This approach is being implemented by networks to varying degrees in many regions in accordance with each network organization's capacity.

To explore their approach further go to http://chssn.org/pdf/ProvincialActionPlan-BB ENG.pdf

## About These Profiles

These profiles draw from the 2016 Census of Canada to provide pertinent socio-demographic information on the children aged 0-5 of Québec's English-speaking communities and their families in
accordance with Québec's RTS (réseau territorial de services) territories. ${ }^{1}$ They include information on their numbers, where they live, family structures they are part of, socio-economic issues they face, their status as recent immigrants to Québec, aboriginal identity and their likelihood to be members of a visible minority. Each regional profile includes tables, graphs and information bullets that provide provincial and regional statistics for selected characteristics as well as comparisons between Frenchspeaking majority and English-speaking minority populations within these administrative territories.

Please note that these profiles draw from two different census samples. Section 1 of each profile provides information drawn from the 2016 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. Section $\mathbf{2}$ provides information on the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

## Definitions and Concepts

These profiles draw data from the Statistics Canada 2016 Census of Canada and are organized in accordance with its definitions and concepts. The census dictionary is available at, https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm

First Official Language Spoken (FOLS) The definitions of first official language spoken and official language minority are outlined in the Official Languages (Communications with and Services to the Public) Regulations issued pursuant to the Official Languages Act (1988). The official language minority is English in Québec and French in all other provinces and territories. First Official Language Spoken is derived from the census questions on knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Multiple responses are distributed equally among declared languages.

Census Family households are those with a married couple (with or without children), or a couple living common-law (with or without children), or a lone parent living with one or more children (lone-parent family).

Census family is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.

Private household refers to a person or group of persons who occupy the same dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada or abroad. For census purposes, households are classified into three groups: private households, collective households and households outside Canada. Unless otherwise specified, all data in census products are for private households only.

Educational Attainment - Persons with low educational attainment are those with only a high school graduation certificate or less while those with high educational attainment are those with a university bachelor's degree or higher.

[^0]Income - Persons with low income are those with individual after-tax income less than \$20k while those with high income reported $\$ 50 \mathrm{k}$ or more. This includes income from all sources.

LICO uses the income levels of a given family and considers how large a share of its income is spent on necessities such as food, shelter and clothing. If the amount a family spends is $20 \%$ higher than an average family in a year, it falls into the low income cut-off category. People who live below income cutoffs may be said to live in "straitened circumstances." (Human Resources and Skills Development Canada, August 2009.)

Mobility status - (Place of residence 5 years ago) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2011, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier.

Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers.

Movers include non-migrants and migrants.
Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve.

Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada.

External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date. External migrants are referred to as immigrants in this document.

## Methodological Notes

## Data Source

These profiles draw information from datasets developed by the Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) using the 2016 Census of Canada. Findings are provided for Québec's RTS territories in which there are at least 250 English speaking residents. Please note that the profiles are divided into two sections. Section 1 provides information drawn from the 2016 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. Section 2 provides information on the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

## Linguistic definitions

There are numerous linguistic definitions that are used to identify the English-speaking population in Québec. The choice of linguistic indicator depends largely on the issue being examined. These profiles use the First Official Language Spoken (FOLS) definition with multiple responses proportionally distributed since it best reflects the total English-speaking health service users in the province. First Official Language Spoken is derived from three census questions: knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Dual responses are divided equally among English-speaking and French-speaking groups. Other definitions include Mother tongue which refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood. The language most often spoken at home is used to designate the home language. Knowledge of official languages indicates the official language in which a person can carry on a conversation. The language used most often at work indicates the language spoken most frequently at work.

## Demographic and Socio-economic Characteristics

The demographic and socio-economic variables addressed in these profiles are:

- Population size
- Household living arrangements
- Income
- Low-income cut-off (LICO)
- Educational attainment
- Labour force activity
- Visible minority status
- Family Structure
- Aboriginal identity
- Recent Immigrant status


## Section 1: Children 0-5

The statistics presented in this section of the profile are drawn from the 2016 census population living in private households in Québec.

## Children 0 to 5 Across Québec

Proportion of Children Across Québec

| English-s | ng Childr <br> Québe | Size and en 0 to 5 a and its $R$ | Proportio nd French TS Territo | -speaking ies, 2016 | Children | $\text { to } 5$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | English-speak | ng Population |  |  | French-spe | g Population |  |
| Geography | Total Englishspeaking Population | Share of Total Population | Englishspeaking Children 0 to 5 | Englishspeaking Children 0 to 5 (\%) | Total Frenchspeaking Population | Share of Total Population | Frenchspeaking Children 0 to 5 | Frenchspeaking Children 0 to 5 (\%) |
| Québec | 1,097,925 | 13.8\% | 61,400 | 5.6\% | 6,795,280 | 85\% | 456,615 | 6.7\% |
| RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent | 1,080 | 0.6\% | 30 | 2.8\% | 188,850 | 99\% | 11,175 | 5.9\% |
| RTS du Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean | 1,975 | 0.7\% | 130 | 6.6\% | 266,835 | 99\% | 16,945 | 6.4\% |
| RTS de la Capitale-Nationale | 14,205 | 2.0\% | 560 | 3.9\% | 693,190 | 98\% | 45,500 | 6.6\% |
| RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec | 5,800 | 1.2\% | 230 | 4.0\% | 484,485 | 99\% | 29,750 | 6.1\% |
| RTS de l'Estrie - CHU de Sherbrooke | 37,010 | 8.1\% | 1,805 | 4.9\% | 420,845 | 92\% | 27,705 | 6.6\% |
| RTS de I'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal | 194,935 | 55.8\% | 10,900 | 5.6\% | 148,085 | 42\% | 8,970 | 6.1\% |
| RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal | 185,920 | 55.0\% | 10,180 | 5.5\% | 142,460 | 42\% | 8,915 | 6.3\% |
| RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal | 77,840 | 26.7\% | 4,070 | 5.2\% | 209,030 | 72\% | 11,965 | 5.7\% |
| RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal | 88,895 | 21.4\% | 4,380 | 4.9\% | 314,375 | 76\% | 25,575 | 8.1\% |
| RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal | 74,575 | 14.9\% | 3,120 | 4.2\% | 415,110 | 83\% | 31,330 | 7.5\% |
| RTS de l'Outaouais | 70,575 | 18.7\% | 4,670 | 6.6\% | 304,625 | 81\% | 22,120 | 7.3\% |
| RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue | 5,155 | 3.6\% | 275 | 5.3\% | 137,920 | 96\% | 9,660 | 7.0\% |
| RTS de la Côte-Nord | 5,175 | 5.7\% | 335 | 6.5\% | 85,085 | 94\% | 5,465 | 6.4\% |
| RTS du Nord-du-Québec | 390 | 2.9\% | 30 | 7.7\% | 13,265 | 97\% | 1,005 | 7.6\% |
| RTS de la Gaspésie | 8,090 | 10.7\% | 500 | 6.2\% | 67,840 | 89\% | 3,345 | 4.9\% |
| RTS des Îles | 695 | 5.7\% | 30 | 4.3\% | 11,495 | 94\% | 505 | 4.4\% |
| RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches | 3,755 | 0.9\% | 175 | 4.7\% | 404,685 | 99\% | 28,020 | 6.9\% |
| RTS de Laval | 91,115 | 22.2\% | 5,465 | 6.0\% | 311,535 | 76\% | 20,170 | 6.5\% |
| RTS de Lanaudière | 14,215 | 2.9\% | 800 | 5.6\% | 471,020 | 97\% | 33,155 | 7.0\% |
| RTS des Laurentides | 37,555 | 6.5\% | 2,030 | 5.4\% | 538,755 | 93\% | 35,590 | 6.6\% |
| RTS de la Montérégie-Centre | 53,570 | 13.7\% | 2,960 | 5.5\% | 332,790 | 85\% | 23,230 | 7.0\% |
| RTS de la Montérégie-Est | 19,130 | 3.8\% | 780 | 4.1\% | 484,805 | 96\% | 32,445 | 6.7\% |
| RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest | 83,300 | 19.4\% | 5,920 | 7.1\% | 343,710 | 80\% | 23,890 | 7.0\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting for CHSSN, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Number of English-Speaking Children 0 to 5 Across Québec


Proportion of Children 0 to 5 Across Québec


## Children 0 to 5 in RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'île-de-Montréal

Population by Age - Table

## Age Groups

English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

| Age Group | English- <br> speaking <br> Population | French- <br> speaking <br> Population | English- <br> speaking <br> Population (\%) | French- <br> speaking <br> Population (\%) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 185,920 | 142,460 | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| 0 to 5 | 10,180 | 8,915 | $5.5 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| 6 to 14 | 15,590 | 16,035 | $8.4 \%$ | $11.3 \%$ |
| 15 to 24 | 27,960 | 24,370 | $15.0 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ |
| 25 to 44 | 56,470 | 42,255 | $30.4 \%$ | $29.7 \%$ |
| 45 to 64 | 44,325 | 31,060 | $23.8 \%$ | $21.8 \%$ |
| 65 plus | 31,400 | 19,820 | $16.9 \%$ | $13.9 \%$ |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - $25 \%$ sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Population by Age - Graph


- In 2016, there were 185,920 English-speaking persons in the RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'île-deMontréal territory. Of these, $10,180(5.5 \%)$ were in the 0 to 5 age group.
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 was lower in the English-speaking population than in the French-speaking population (6.3\%).
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 in the English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was similar to the average for Quebec's English-speaking population (5.6\%).

| Visible Minority Status <br> English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | English-speaking Population |  |  | French-speaking Population |  |  |
| Age Group | Total | Visible minority population | Proportion of Visible Minorities | Total | Visible minority population | Proportion of Visible Minorities |
| Total | 185,920 | 77,885 | 41.9\% | 142,460 | 49,365 | 34.7\% |
| 0 to 5 | 10,180 | 4,745 | 46.6\% | 8,915 | 4,235 | 47.5\% |
| 6 to 14 | 15,590 | 6,190 | 39.7\% | 16,035 | 7,190 | 44.8\% |
| 15 to 24 | 27,960 | 13,570 | 48.5\% | 24,370 | 9,035 | 37.1\% |
| 25 to 44 | 56,470 | 30,715 | 54.4\% | 42,255 | 18,650 | 44.1\% |
| 45 to 64 | 44,325 | 16,855 | 38.0\% | 31,060 | 7,765 | 25.0\% |
| 65 plus | 31,400 | 5,805 | 18.5\% | 19,820 | 2,495 | 12.6\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Visible Minority by Age - Graph


- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'île-de-Montréal there were 4,745 (46.6\%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were members of a visible minority. This proportion was similar to that displayed by the French-speaking population (47.5\%).
- In 2016, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were members of a visible minority was higher than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (41.9\%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 326,815 persons who were members of a visible minority, representing $29.8 \%$ of that population. The level for RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'île-de-Montréal was much higher than the provincial average.


## Aboriginal Identity by Age - Table

| Aboriginal Identity <br> English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | English-speaking Population |  |  | French-speaking Population |  |  |
| Age Group | Total | Aboriginal Identity | Aboriginal Identity (\%) | Total | Aboriginal Identity | Aboriginal <br> Identity (\%) |
| Total | 185,920 | 790 | 0.4\% | 142,460 | 605 | 0.4\% |
| 0 to 5 | 10,180 | 75 | 0.7\% | 8,915 | 30 | 0.3\% |
| 6 to 14 | 15,590 | 65 | 0.4\% | 16,035 | 30 | 0.2\% |
| 15 to 24 | 27,960 | 110 | 0.4\% | 24,370 | 170 | 0.7\% |
| 25 to 44 | 56,470 | 295 | 0.5\% | 42,255 | 160 | 0.4\% |
| 45 to 64 | 44,325 | 185 | 0.4\% | 31,060 | 135 | 0.4\% |
| 65 plus | 31,400 | 60 | 0.2\% | 19,820 | 80 | 0.4\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Aboriginal Identity by Age - Graph


- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'île-de-Montréal there were 75 ( $0.7 \%$ ) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who reported an aboriginal identity. This proportion was much higher than that displayed by the French-speaking population (0.3\%).
- The proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who reported an aboriginal identity was much higher than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (0.4\%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 44,800 persons who reported an aboriginal identity, representing $4.1 \%$ of that population. The level for RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was much lower than the provincial average.

Household Living Arrangements by Age - English Speakers

| Household Living Arrangements English-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'île-de-Montréal, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age Group | Total | Total persons in Census families | Spouses, common-law partners and children | Lone parents and children | Total persons in non-Census families | Living with relatives |
| Total | 185,920 | 132,020 | 110,915 | 21,105 | 53,895 | 4,810 |
| 0 to 5 | 10,180 | 10,135 | 8,970 | 1,165 | 40 | 40 |
| 6 to 14 | 15,590 | 15,520 | 12,285 | 3,235 | 75 | 75 |
| 15 to 24 | 27,960 | 18,000 | 12,940 | 5,060 | 9,955 | 1,090 |
| 25 to 44 | 56,470 | 37,485 | 32,760 | 4,725 | 18,985 | 1,760 |
| 45 to 64 | 44,325 | 32,495 | 27,020 | 5,470 | 11,835 | 920 |
| 65 plus | 31,400 | 18,390 | 16,935 | 1,455 | 13,010 | 925 |
| Total | 100.0\% | 71.0\% | 59.7\% | 11.4\% | 29.0\% | 2.6\% |
| 0 to 5 | 100.0\% | 99.6\% | 88.1\% | 11.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% |
| 6 to 14 | 100.0\% | 99.6\% | 78.8\% | 20.8\% | 0.5\% | 0.5\% |
| 15 to 24 | 100.0\% | 64.4\% | 46.3\% | 18.1\% | 35.6\% | 3.9\% |
| 25 to 44 | 100.0\% | 66.4\% | 58.0\% | 8.4\% | 33.6\% | 3.1\% |
| 45 to 64 | 100.0\% | 73.3\% | 61.0\% | 12.3\% | 26.7\% | 2.1\% |
| 65 plus | 100.0\% | 58.6\% | 53.9\% | 4.6\% | 41.4\% | 2.9\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Household Living Arrangements by Age - French Speakers

## Household Living Arrangements

French-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'̂ile-de-Montréal, 2016

| Age Group | Total | Total persons in Census families | Spouses, common-law partners and children | Lone parents and children | Total persons in non-Census families | Living with relatives |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 142,460 | 103,135 | 86,655 | 16,475 | 39,325 | 3,910 |
| 0 to 5 | 8,915 | 8,880 | 7,855 | 1,025 | 40 | 40 |
| 6 to 14 | 16,035 | 16,015 | 12,970 | 3,040 | 25 | 20 |
| 15 to 24 | 24,370 | 15,145 | 10,995 | 4,150 | 9,225 | 1,600 |
| 25 to 44 | 42,255 | 28,800 | 25,260 | 3,535 | 13,455 | 1,365 |
| 45 to 64 | 31,060 | 23,410 | 19,655 | 3,760 | 7,645 | 340 |
| 65 plus | 19,820 | 10,885 | 9,920 | 965 | 8,935 | 545 |
| Total | 100.0\% | 72.4\% | 60.8\% | 11.6\% | 27.6\% | 2.7\% |
| 0 to 5 | 100.0\% | 99.6\% | 88.1\% | 11.5\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% |
| 6 to 14 | 100.0\% | 99.9\% | 80.9\% | 19.0\% | 0.2\% | - |
| 15 to 24 | 100.0\% | 62.1\% | 45.1\% | 17.0\% | 37.9\% | 6.6\% |
| 25 to 44 | 100.0\% | 68.2\% | 59.8\% | 8.4\% | 31.8\% | 3.2\% |
| 45 to 64 | 100.0\% | 75.4\% | 63.3\% | 12.1\% | 24.6\% | 1.1\% |
| 65 plus | 100.0\% | 54.9\% | 50.1\% | 4.9\% | 45.1\% | 2.7\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Lone Parent Families by Age - Graph


- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 1,165 (11.4\%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living in lone parent families. This proportion was similar to that displayed by the French-speaking population (11.5\%).
- In 2016, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living in lone parent families was similar to the total English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (11.4\%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 136,050 persons living in lone parent families, representing $12.4 \%$ of that population. The level for RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal was lower than the provincial average.


## LICO by Age - Table

| Tendency to Live Below the Low-income Cut-off English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | English-speaking Population |  |  | French-speaking Population |  |  |
| Age Group | Total | Living below LICO | Living below LICO (\%) | Total | Living below LICO | Living below LICO (\%) |
| Total | 185,920 | 53,680 | 28.9\% | 142,460 | 39,085 | 27.4\% |
| 0 to 5 | 10,180 | 2,290 | 22.5\% | 8,915 | 2,060 | 23.1\% |
| 6 to 14 | 15,590 | 3,440 | 22.1\% | 16,035 | 3,875 | 24.2\% |
| 15 to 24 | 27,960 | 12,465 | 44.6\% | 24,370 | 11,320 | 46.5\% |
| 25 to 44 | 56,470 | 18,155 | 32.1\% | 42,255 | 11,555 | 27.3\% |
| 45 to 64 | 44,325 | 10,580 | 23.9\% | 31,060 | 5,965 | 19.2\% |
| 65 plus | 31,400 | 6,750 | 21.5\% | 19,820 | 4,310 | 21.7\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

LICO by Age - Graph


- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 2,290 (22.5\%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living below LICO. This proportion was similar to that displayed by the Frenchspeaking population (23.1\%).
- The proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living below LICO was much lower than the total English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'île-de-Montréal (28.9\%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 195,300 persons living below LICO, representing $17.8 \%$ of that population. The level for RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'İle-deMontréal was much higher than the provincial average.


## Section 2: Parents of Children 0 to 5

The statistics presented in this section of the profile are drawn from the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in a census family.

Children of other ages may be present.

Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5 - Table
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5
by Language, Census Family Structure
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

| Census Family Structure and Language | Total |
| :--- | ---: |
|  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 |
| Percentages |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | $100.0 \%$ |
| In an English Couple | $35.5 \%$ |
| In a French Couple | $27.2 \%$ |
| In an English and French Couple | $9.5 \%$ |
| English Lone Parent | $3.0 \%$ |
| French Lone Parent | $2.6 \%$ |
| Other Types of Families | $22.2 \%$ |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5 - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'île-de-Montréal there were 31,015 parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 . Of these parents, 11,015 (35.5\%) were part of an English-speaking couple, while 945 (3.0\%) were English-speaking lone parents.

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Age - Table

| Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Age RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Census Family Structure and Language | Total | 15 to 24 years | 25 to 34 years | 35 to 44 years | 45 years and over |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 695 | 10,545 | 16,550 | 3,225 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 210 | 3,980 | 5,700 | 1,120 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 105 | 2,650 | 4,685 | 985 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 15 | 815 | 1,770 | 345 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 60 | 380 | 390 | 110 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 55 | 255 | 420 | 90 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 245 | 2,470 | 3,585 | 565 |
| Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 100.0\% | 2.2\% | 34.0\% | 53.4\% | 10.4\% |
| In an English Couple | 100.0\% | 1.9\% | 36.1\% | 51.7\% | 10.2\% |
| In a French Couple | 100.0\% | 1.2\% | 31.5\% | 55.6\% | 11.7\% |
| In an English and French Couple | 100.0\% | 0.5\% | 27.7\% | 60.1\% | 11.7\% |
| English Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 6.3\% | 40.2\% | 41.3\% | 11.6\% |
| French Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 6.7\% | 31.1\% | 51.2\% | 11.0\% |
| Other Types of Families | 100.0\% | 3.6\% | 36.0\% | 52.2\% | 8.2\% |
| Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - $25 \%$ sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. |  |  |  |  |  |

Parents in a Couple Family with Children 0 to 5 by Age - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $2.2 \%$ of all parents with children 0 to 5 were between the ages of 15 and 24. Within English-speaking couples, the proportion of parents in this age group (1.9\%) was much higher than the proportion within French-speaking couples (1.2\%) and lower than the overall average.
- Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, $36.1 \%$ were between the ages of 25 and 34 . This was higher than the proportion for French-speaking couples (31.5\%).
- Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, $51.7 \%$ were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was lower than the proportion for French-speaking couples (55.6\%).
- A large majority of parents with young children fall within the combined age group of 25 to 44 . Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, approximately 88\% were between the ages of 25 and 44 . This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking couples (87\%).
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $10.4 \%$ of parents with children aged 0 to 5 were 45 years of age or older. Within English-speaking couples, $10.2 \%$ of parents with young children were within this age group, which was similar to the proportion within French-speaking couples (11.7\%) and lower than the overall average.

Lone Parents with Children 0 to 5 by Age - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,6.3 \%$ were between the ages of 15 and 24. This was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (6.7\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to $5,40.2 \%$ were between the ages of 25 and 34 . This was much higher than the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (31.1\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to $5,41.3 \%$ were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was lower than the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (51.2\%).
- A large majority of parents with young children fall within the combined age group of 25 to 44. Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5 , approximately $81 \%$ were between the ages of 25 and 44 . This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (82\%).
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $11.6 \%$ of English-speaking lone parents with young children ( 0 to 5 ) were 45 years old or older. This was higher than the proportion among Frenchspeaking lone parents with young children (11.0\%).


## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5

by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-Î̂le-de-Montréal, 2016

| Census Family Structure and <br> Language | Total |  | One Child <br> $\mathbf{0}$ to 5 | Two Children <br> $\mathbf{0}$ to 5 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | Three or More <br> Children 0 to 5 |  |  |  |
| In an English Couple | 31,015 | 11,465 | 11,630 | 7,920 |
| In a French Couple | 11,015 | 3,950 | 4,175 | 2,890 |
| In an English and French Couple | 8,425 | 2,770 | 3,390 | 2,265 |
| English Lone Parent | 2,945 | 985 | 1,230 | 735 |
| French Lone Parent | 945 | 555 | 200 | 190 |
| Other Types of Families | 820 | 420 | 255 | 140 |
|  | 6,870 | 2,790 | 2,380 | 1,700 |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | $100.0 \%$ | $37.0 \%$ | $37.5 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |
| In an English Couple | $100.0 \%$ | $35.9 \%$ | $37.9 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ |
| In a French Couple | $100.0 \%$ | $32.9 \%$ | $40.2 \%$ | $26.9 \%$ |
| In an English and French Couple | $100.0 \%$ | $33.4 \%$ | $41.8 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ |
| English Lone Parent | $100.0 \%$ | $58.7 \%$ | $21.2 \%$ | $20.1 \%$ |
| French Lone Parent | $100.0 \%$ | $51.2 \%$ | $31.1 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ |
| Other Types of Families | $100.0 \%$ | $40.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ | $24.7 \%$ |
| Percentages |  |  |  |  |

[^1]Parents in a Couple Family by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal in 2016, $37.0 \%$ of all parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child within that age range. Among those parents in an English-speaking couple, $35.9 \%$ had a single child aged 0 to 5 , which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (32.9\%) and similar to the overall average.
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, 37.9\% had two children within that age range, which was lower than the proportion among French-speaking couples (40.2\%).
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, $26.2 \%$ had three or more children within that age range, which was similar to the proportion among French-speaking couples (26.9\%).

Lone Parents by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 58.7\% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child in that age group, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (51.2\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to $5,21.2 \%$ had two children within that age range, which was much lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (31.1\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to $5,20.1 \%$ had three or more children within that age range, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (17.1\%).


## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 <br> by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'̂le-de-Montréal, 2016

| Census Family Structure and <br> Language | Total | Member of a <br> Visible <br> Minority | Not a Visible <br> Minority |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 15,300 | 15,715 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 5,745 | 5,270 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 3,740 | 4,690 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 825 | 2,120 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 610 | 340 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 385 | 435 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 4,005 | 2,865 |
|  |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 Percentages | $100.0 \%$ | $49.3 \%$ | $50.7 \%$ |
| In an English Couple | $100.0 \%$ | $52.2 \%$ | $47.8 \%$ |
| In a French Couple | $100.0 \%$ | $44.4 \%$ | $55.7 \%$ |
| In an English and French Couple | $100.0 \%$ | $28.0 \%$ | $72.0 \%$ |
| English Lone Parent | $100.0 \%$ | $64.6 \%$ | $36.0 \%$ |
| French Lone Parent | $100.0 \%$ | $47.0 \%$ | $53.0 \%$ |
| Other Types of Families | $100.0 \%$ | $58.3 \%$ | $41.7 \%$ |

[^2]
## Visible Minority Status - Graph



Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - $25 \%$ sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $49.3 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, $52.2 \%$ were members of a visible minority, which was higher than those in French-speaking couples (44.4\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $28.0 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority. This was much lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion in Frenchspeaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,64.6 \%$ were a member of a visible minority. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents ( $47.0 \%$ ). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report being a member of a visible minority than were parents with children of that age in Englishspeaking couples.

Recent Mobility (2011 - 2016) - Table

| Parents wi by Language, Census Family St RTS du Centr | east One <br> e and Re <br> t-de-I'Île | ild Aged <br> nt Mobi <br> e-Montr | 0 to 5 <br> ity Status <br> al, 2016 | 1 to 2016) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Census Family Structure and Language | Total | Migrants | Interprovincial Migrants | External <br> Migrants (Immigrants) |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 9,085 | 595 | 7,480 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 2,895 | 345 | 2,330 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 2,505 | 65 | 2,010 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 680 | 75 | 450 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 185 | 25 | 125 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 155 | 10 | 110 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 2,650 | 85 | 2,450 |
| Percentages |  |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 100.0\% | 29.3\% | 1.9\% | 24.1\% |
| In an English Couple | 100.0\% | 26.3\% | 3.1\% | 21.2\% |
| In a French Couple | 100.0\% | 29.7\% | 0.8\% | 23.9\% |
| In an English and French Couple | 100.0\% | 23.1\% | 2.5\% | 15.3\% |
| English Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 19.6\% | 2.6\% | 13.2\% |
| French Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 18.9\% | - | 13.4\% |
| Other Types of Families | 100.0\% | 38.6\% | 1.2\% | 35.7\% |

[^3]Recent Immigrant - Graph


- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $24.1 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were recent immigrants in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, $21.2 \%$ were recent immigrants, which was lower than those in French-speaking couples (23.9\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $15.3 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 were recent immigrants. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,13.2 \%$ were recent immigrants. This was similar to the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (13.4\%). Englishspeaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to report being a recent immigrant than were parents in English-speaking couples with children of that age.

Highest Educational Attainment - Table

| Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Highest Educational Attainment RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-ITile-de-Montréal, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Census Family Structure and Language | Total | High School Diploma or No Degree | Apprenticeship or Trades Certificate | College, CEGEP or Other NonUniversity | University Certificate Below BA | University BA or Higher |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 6,275 | 1,605 | 3,910 | 1,425 | 17,800 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 2,830 | 440 | 1,585 | 400 | 5,755 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 985 | 555 | 960 | 495 | 5,430 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 370 | 115 | 325 | 115 | 2,015 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 315 | 85 | 160 | 40 | 345 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 170 | 65 | 135 | 40 | 410 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 1,600 | 340 | 750 | 335 | 3,850 |
| Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 100.0\% | 20.2\% | 5.2\% | 12.6\% | 4.6\% | 57.4\% |
| In an English Couple | 100.0\% | 25.7\% | 4.0\% | 14.4\% | 3.6\% | 52.2\% |
| In a French Couple | 100.0\% | 11.7\% | 6.6\% | 11.4\% | 5.9\% | 64.5\% |
| In an English and French Couple | 100.0\% | 12.6\% | 3.9\% | 11.0\% | 3.9\% | 68.4\% |
| English Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 33.3\% | 9.0\% | 16.9\% | 4.2\% | 36.5\% |
| French Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 20.7\% | 7.9\% | 16.5\% | 4.9\% | 50.0\% |
| Other Types of Families | 100.0\% | 23.3\% | 4.9\% | 10.9\% | 4.9\% | 56.0\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Low Educational Attainment - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - $25 \%$ sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'İle-de-Montréal, $20.2 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, $25.7 \%$ reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (11.7\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $12.6 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,33.3 \%$ reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (20.7\%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report this low level of educational attainment than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Apprenticeship and Trades Certificate - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $5.2 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 4.0\% reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (6.6\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $3.9 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was similar to the proportion of parents in Englishspeaking couples and much lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,9.0 \%$ reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (7.9\%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to have an apprenticeship or trades certificate than were parents with children of that age in Englishspeaking couples.

High Educational Attainment - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $57.4 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 52.2\% reported having a university BA or higher, which was lower than those in French-speaking couples (64.5\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $68.4 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,36.5 \%$ reported having a university BA or higher. This was much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (50.0\%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to report having a university BA or higher than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.


## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 <br> by Language, Census Family Structure and Labour Force Activity RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'̂le-de-Montréal, 2016

| Census Family Structure and |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Language | Total | In the <br> Labour <br> Force | Unemployed | Out of the <br> Labour <br> Force |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 23,425 | 2,480 | 7,595 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 8,285 | 830 | 2,730 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 6,795 | 565 | 1,635 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 2,455 | 175 | 490 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 640 | 90 | 310 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 640 | 80 | 175 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 4,610 | 750 | 2,255 |
|  | Percentages |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | $100.0 \%$ | $75.5 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ | $24.5 \%$ |
| In an English Couple | $100.0 \%$ | $75.2 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ | $24.8 \%$ |
| In a French Couple | $100.0 \%$ | $80.7 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $19.4 \%$ |
| In an English and French Couple | $100.0 \%$ | $83.4 \%$ | $7.1 \%$ | $16.6 \%$ |
| English Lone Parent | $100.0 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ | $32.8 \%$ |
| French Lone Parent | $100.0 \%$ | $78.0 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ | $21.3 \%$ |
| Other Types of Families | $100.0 \%$ | $67.1 \%$ | $16.3 \%$ | $32.8 \%$ |

[^4]Out of the Labour Force - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $24.5 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were out of the labour force in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, $24.8 \%$ were out of the labour force, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (19.4\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $16.6 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 were out of the labour force. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,32.8 \%$ were out of the labour force. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (21.3\%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to be out of the labour force than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Unemployment Rate - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - $25 \%$ sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'I'le-de-Montréal, $10.6 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were unemployed in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, $10.0 \%$ were unemployed, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (8.3\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $7.1 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 were unemployed. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,14.1 \%$ were unemployed. This was higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (12.5\%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to be unemployed than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.


## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5

by Language, Census Family Structure and After-Tax Income RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

| Census Family Structure and Language | Total | Less than $\$ 20,000$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20,000 \text { to } \\ \$ 49,999 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50,000 \\ & \text { and Over } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 9,355 | 13,175 | 8,480 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 3,430 | 4,790 | 2,790 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 2,140 | 3,290 | 2,990 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 640 | 1,015 | 1,290 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 310 | 500 | 135 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 180 | 360 | 285 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 2,665 | 3,215 | 990 |
| Percentages |  |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 100.0\% | 30.2\% | 42.5\% | 27.3\% |
| In an English Couple | 100.0\% | 31.1\% | 43.5\% | 25.3\% |
| In a French Couple | 100.0\% | 25.4\% | 39.1\% | 35.5\% |
| In an English and French Couple | 100.0\% | 21.7\% | 34.5\% | 43.8\% |
| English Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 32.8\% | 52.9\% | 14.3\% |
| French Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 22.0\% | 43.9\% | 34.8\% |
| Other Types of Families | 100.0\% | 38.8\% | 46.8\% | 14.4\% |

[^5]After-Tax Income Below \$20,000 - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'I'le-de-Montréal, $30.2 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below \$20,000 in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 31.1\% earned an after-tax income below $\$ 20,000$, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (25.4\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $21.7 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below $\$ 20,000$. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,32.8 \%$ earned an aftertax income below $\$ 20,000$. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (22.0\%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were more likely to earn an income under $\$ 20,000$ than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

After-Tax Income Above \$50,000 - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'I'le-de-Montréal, $27.3 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned \$50,000 or more in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, $25.3 \%$ earned $\$ 50,000$ or more, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (35.5\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $43.8 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 earned $\$ 50,000$ or more. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,14.3 \%$ earned $\$ 50,000$ or more. This was much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (34.8\%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to earn an income of $\$ 50,000$ or more than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Low Income Cut-Off (LICO) - Table

| Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Low-Income Status RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal, 2016 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Census Family Structure and Language | Total | Living Above LICO-AT | Living Below LICO-AT |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 25,335 | 5,680 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 9,145 | 1,870 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 7,265 | 1,165 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 2,670 | 270 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 525 | 425 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 540 | 275 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 5,190 | 1,680 |
| Percentages |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 100.0\% | 81.7\% | 18.3\% |
| In an English Couple | 100.0\% | 83.0\% | 17.0\% |
| In a French Couple | 100.0\% | 86.2\% | 13.8\% |
| In an English and French Couple | 100.0\% | 90.7\% | 9.2\% |
| English Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 55.6\% | 45.0\% |
| French Lone Parent | 100.0\% | 65.9\% | 33.5\% |
| Other Types of Families | 100.0\% | 75.5\% | 24.5\% |
| Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. |  |  |  |

Living Below LICO - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $18.3 \%$ of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were living below LICO in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 17.0\% were living below LICO, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (13.8\%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, $9.2 \%$ of parents with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to $5,45.0 \%$ were living below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (33.5\%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report living below LICO than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Parents with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO by Age - Table

| Parents with at Least One by Language, Cens RTS du Centre-Ouest | ild Age <br> Family <br> de-I'Ĭle- | 0 to 5 ructure e-Mont | ing Bel and Age éal, 201 | LICO |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Census Family Structure and Language | Total | 15 to 24 years | $\begin{gathered} 25 \text { to } 34 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | 35 to 44 years | 45 years and over |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 695 | 10,545 | 16,550 | 3,225 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 210 | 3,980 | 5,700 | 1,120 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 105 | 2,650 | 4,685 | 985 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 15 | 815 | 1,770 | 345 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 60 | 380 | 390 | 110 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 55 | 255 | 420 | 90 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 245 | 2,470 | 3,585 | 565 |
| Living Below LICO-AT |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 5,680 | 270 | 2,225 | 2,640 | 550 |
| In an English Couple | 1,870 | 100 | 820 | 785 | 170 |
| In a French Couple | 1,165 | 10 | 415 | 580 | 155 |
| In an English and French Couple | 270 | - | 80 | 150 | 50 |
| English Lone Parent | 425 | 25 | 175 | 160 | 50 |
| French Lone Parent | 275 | 30 | 100 | 120 | 25 |
| Other Types of Families | 1,680 | 105 | 620 | 855 | 100 |
| Percentage Living Below LICO-AT |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 18.3\% | 38.8\% | 21.1\% | 16.0\% | 17.1\% |
| In an English Couple | 17.0\% | 47.6\% | 20.6\% | 13.8\% | 15.2\% |
| In a French Couple | 13.8\% | - | 15.7\% | 12.4\% | 15.7\% |
| In an English and French Couple | 9.2\% | - | 9.8\% | 8.5\% | 14.5\% |
| English Lone Parent | 45.0\% | 41.7\% | 46.1\% | 41.0\% | 45.5\% |
| French Lone Parent | 33.5\% | 54.5\% | 39.2\% | 28.6\% | 27.8\% |
| Other Types of Families | 24.5\% | 42.9\% | 25.1\% | 23.8\% | 17.7\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Parents in a Couple Family with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO, by Age - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In English-speaking couples, $47.6 \%$ of parents aged 15 to 24 with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO, which was much higher than the overall average for parents with young children.
- Among parents aged 25 to 34 with at least one child aged 0 to $5,20.6 \%$ of those in Englishspeaking couples were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (15.7\%).
- Among parents aged 35 to 44 with at least one child aged 0 to $5,13.8 \%$ of those in Englishspeaking couples were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (12.4\%).
- Among parents aged 45 or older with at least one child aged 0 to $5,15.2 \%$ of those in Englishspeaking couples were living below LICO, which was similar to the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (15.7\%).

Lone Parents with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO, by Age - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - $25 \%$ sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 41.7\% of English-speaking lone parents aged 15 to 24 with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents in that age group (54.5\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 34 with children 0 to $5,46.1 \%$ were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 34 (39.2\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 44 with children 0 to $5,41.0 \%$ were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 44 (28.6\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 45 or older with children 0 to $5,45.5 \%$ were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 45 or older (27.8\%).

Parents Below LICO by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Table
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 Living Below LICO
by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children 0 to 5

## RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

| Census Family Structure and <br> Language | Total with <br> Chilren 0 to 5 | One Child <br> 0 to 5 | Two Children <br> $\mathbf{0}$ to 5 | Three or More <br> Children 0 to 5 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 11,465 | 11,630 | 7,920 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 3,950 | 4,175 | 2,890 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 2,770 | 3,390 | 2,265 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 985 | 1,230 | 735 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 555 | 200 | 190 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 420 | 255 | 140 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 2,790 | 2,380 | 1,700 |
|  | Living Below LICO-AT |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 5,680 | 2,235 | 2,015 | 1,435 |
| In an English Couple | 1,870 | 785 | 660 | 425 |
| In a French Couple | 1,165 | 400 | 450 | 315 |
| In an English and French Couple | 270 | 75 | 120 | 80 |
| English Lone Parent | 425 | 220 | 100 | 105 |
| French Lone Parent | 275 | 140 | 80 | 55 |
| Other Types of Families | 1,680 | 610 | 610 | 460 |


| Percentage Living Below LICO-AT |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | $18.3 \%$ | $19.5 \%$ | $17.3 \%$ | $18.1 \%$ |
| In an English Couple | $17.0 \%$ | $19.9 \%$ | $15.8 \%$ | $14.7 \%$ |
| In a French Couple | $13.8 \%$ | $14.4 \%$ | $13.3 \%$ | $13.9 \%$ |
| In an English and French Couple | $9.2 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $9.8 \%$ | $10.9 \%$ |
| English Lone Parent | $45.0 \%$ | $39.6 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ | $55.3 \%$ |
| French Lone Parent | $33.5 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ | $31.4 \%$ | $39.3 \%$ |
| Other Types of Families | $24.5 \%$ | $21.9 \%$ | $25.6 \%$ | $27.1 \%$ |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Parents in Couple Families Living Below LICO, by Number of Children 0 to 5 - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 19.9\% of parents in English-speaking couples with a single child aged 0 to 5 reported living below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (14.4\%).
- Among English-speaking parents with two children aged 0 to $5,15.8 \%$ were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (13.3\%).
- Among parents in an English-speaking couple with three or more children aged 0 to 5, 14.7\% were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (13.9\%).

Lone Parents Living Below LICO, by Number of Children 0 to 5 - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'île-de-Montréal, 39.6\% of English-speaking lone parents with a single child aged 0 to 5 reported living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (33.3\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with two children 0 to $5,50.0 \%$ were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (31.4\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with three or more children 0 to $5,55.3 \%$ were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (39.3\%).

Below LICO by Recent Mobility Status - Table

## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5

by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-I'̂le-de-Montréal, 2016

| Census Family Structure and Language | Total | Member of a Visible Minority | Not a Visible Minority |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 15,300 | 15,715 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 5,745 | 5,270 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 3,740 | 4,690 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 825 | 2,120 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 610 | 340 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 385 | 435 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 4,005 | 2,865 |
| Living Below LICO-AT |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 5,680 | 4,010 | 1,675 |
| In an English Couple | 1,870 | 1,385 | 480 |
| In a French Couple | 1,165 | 805 | 360 |
| In an English and French Couple | 270 | 135 | 140 |
| English Lone Parent | 425 | 275 | 150 |
| French Lone Parent | 275 | 165 | 110 |
| Other Types of Families | 1,680 | 1,250 | 425 |
| Percentage Living Below LICO-AT |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 18.3\% | 26.2\% | 10.7\% |
| In an English Couple | 17.0\% | 24.1\% | 9.1\% |
| In a French Couple | 13.8\% | 21.5\% | 7.7\% |
| In an English and French Couple | 9.2\% | 16.4\% | 6.6\% |
| English Lone Parent | 45.0\% | 45.1\% | 44.1\% |
| French Lone Parent | 33.5\% | 42.9\% | 25.3\% |
| Other Types of Families | 24.5\% | 31.2\% | 14.8\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Parents with Children 0 to 5 Living Below LICO, by Recent Mobility (2011-2016) - Graph


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - $25 \%$ sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 2,945 parents of children 0 to 5 who had immigrated to Canada between 2011 and 2016. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, $44.6 \%$ were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (32.3\%).
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $64.0 \%$ of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were recent immigrants lived below LICO. This was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (59.1\%).
- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, $9.0 \%$ of those in an Englishspeaking couple were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (8.4\%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, 41.4\% lived below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (30.8\%).

| Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Recent* Mobility Status RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-IT̂le-de-Montréal, 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Census Family Structure and Language | Total | Non- <br> Migrants | Migrants | External Migrants (Immigrants) |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 31,015 | 21,930 | 9,085 | 7,480 |
| In an English Couple | 11,015 | 8,120 | 2,895 | 2,330 |
| In a French Couple | 8,425 | 5,920 | 2,505 | 2,010 |
| In an English and French Couple | 2,945 | 2,265 | 680 | 450 |
| English Lone Parent | 945 | 760 | 185 | 125 |
| French Lone Parent | 820 | 665 | 155 | 110 |
| Other Types of Families | 6,870 | 4,220 | 2,650 | 2,450 |
| Living Below LICO-AT |  |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 5,680 | 2,550 | 3,130 | 2,945 |
| In an English Couple | 1,870 | 730 | 1,140 | 1,040 |
| In a French Couple | 1,165 | 500 | 665 | 650 |
| In an English and French Couple | 270 | 145 | 125 | 120 |
| English Lone Parent | 425 | 315 | 110 | 80 |
| French Lone Parent | 275 | 205 | 70 | 65 |
| Other Types of Families | 1,680 | 655 | 1,025 | 990 |
| Percentage Living Below LICO-AT |  |  |  |  |
| All Parents with Children 0 to 5 | 18.3\% | 11.6\% | 34.5\% | 39.4\% |
| In an English Couple | 17.0\% | 9.0\% | 39.4\% | 44.6\% |
| In a French Couple | 13.8\% | 8.4\% | 26.5\% | 32.3\% |
| In an English and French Couple | 9.2\% | 6.4\% | 18.4\% | 26.7\% |
| English Lone Parent | 45.0\% | 41.4\% | 59.5\% | 64.0\% |
| French Lone Parent | 33.5\% | 30.8\% | 45.2\% | 59.1\% |
| Other Types of Families | 24.5\% | 15.5\% | 38.7\% | 40.4\% |

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. *Between 2011 and 2016.

Parents in Couple Families Living Below LICO, by Visible Minority Status - Graph


- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 4,010 parents of children 0 to 5 who reported being a member of a visible minority. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, $24.1 \%$ were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (21.5\%).
- In 2016, 45.1\% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were a member of a visible minority lived below LICO. This was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (42.9\%).
- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority, $9.1 \%$ of those in an English-speaking couple were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (7.7\%).
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, $44.1 \%$ of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority lived below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (25.3\%).


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ For further information go to http://www.msss.gouv.qc.ca/professionnels/informations-geographiques-et-de-population/decoupage-territorial/

[^1]:    Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

[^2]:    Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

[^3]:    Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - $25 \%$ sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. *Between 2011 and 2016.

[^4]:    Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

[^5]:    Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25\% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

